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JOURNAL

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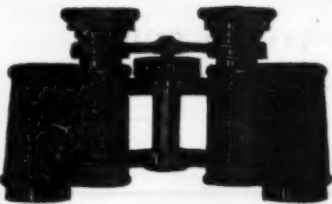
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With a Foreword by
Maj.-Gen. Hugh L. Scott
Chief of Staff, U.S.A.

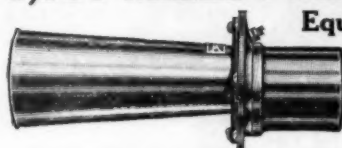
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Dahlgren, Dale, Davis, Decatur, Delaware, De Kalb, De Long, Denver, Des Moines, Dixie, Dolphin, Don Juan de Austria, Dorothea, Douglas, Downes, Drayton, Druid, Dubuque, Duncan, Dupont.
Eagle, Edwards, Emeline, Ericsson.
Fanning, Farragut, Florida, Foote, Flusser, Frederick, Fulton.
Georgia, George Washington, Glacier, Gorgona, Guinevere.
Hancock, Hannibal, Hartford, Harvard, Henderson, Henley, Hinton, Hopkins, Houston, Hubbard, Hull, Huntington, Huron.
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Lamson, Lawrence, Lebanon, Leonidas, Leviathan, Los Angeles, Louisiana.
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Nahma, Nashville, Nebraska, Neptune, Nerus, Nero, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Newport News, New Orleans, New York, Nicholson, Noma, North Carolina, North Dakota.

O'Brien, Ohio, Oklahoma, Olympia, Ontario, Orion, Osceola, Osark.

Paducah, Panther, Parker, Patapsco, Patterson, Patuxent, Paulding, Paul Jones, Pennsylvania, Peoria, Perkins, Perry, Petrel, Pittsburgh, Pocahontas, Porter, Potomac, Powhatan, Prairie, Preble, President Grant, President Lincoln, Preston, Prometheus, Proteus, Pueblo.
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Tacoma, Tallahassee, Tavernilla, Teresa, Terry, Texas, Thornton, Tingey, Tonopah, Trippe, Truxton, Tucker.
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Vedette, Vermont, Vestal, Vesuvius, Virginia, Vixen, Von Stuben, Vulcan.
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Marblehead, Mars.
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Oregon.
Philadelphia.
Rainier.
Saturn, Schurz, Samoa, Supply.
Vicksburg.
Yorktown.
P-1, P-2, P-3, H-1, H-2, H-3, K-3, K-4, K-7, K-8, N-1, N-2, N-3.

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Mohican, Monadnock, Monocacy, Monterey.
Palos, Pampanga, Piscataqua.

Quiros.
Samar.
Villalobos.
Wilmington, Wompatuck.
A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, B-1, B-2, B-3.

Le Matin of Paris prints the following messages as having been received among those from prominent Americans in connection with the celebration of the anniversary of the Battle of the Marne: From Secretary of War Baker: "Liberty is not yet assured in the world. Many of its fruits remain to be gathered. But this has been gained once for all by the battle of the Marne—that the twentieth century will not be an age of blood and iron, but an era of more generous relations among the members of the human family." From the Secretary of the Navy: "There are through history a small number of peaks which become lighthouses ever illuminated for lovers of liberty. Bunker Hill is an American name symbolizing resistance to a superior enemy. The battle of the Marne saved Paris, checking the invading flow of Prussianism. Marshal Joffre and the heroes who faced the invaders not only saved the capital and their country, but prevented Prussian militarism from submerging the whole world."

The title "Around the World in Eighty Days" has been resurrected by the United States Marines at Paris Island, S.C., who apply that phrase to their period of training, says a Marine Corps note. There are five camps, one on each leg of the journey that the recruits must pass through before graduation as sea-soldiers. It takes from seventy-seven to eighty days to make the circuit.

To put "the fear of God" into Boche hearts, United States Marines in training at Quantico, Va., are practicing the old-time rebel yell, says a Marine Corps note. Confederate veterans, who take keen interest in the activities of the sea-soldiers, are teaching the boys their battle cry, reminiscent of Civil War days.



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For there's work ahead for brain and hand and hurrying feet.
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THE SERVICE MAGAZINES.

The leading article in the Professional Memoirs, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A., for September-October is a biographical appreciation of the late Major Gen. George L. Gillespie, U.S.A., by Col. W. R. Livermore, the editor of the magazine. Col. C. McD. Townsend has translated some extracts from "Des Travaux du Fleuve du Rhin," an old French text-book, since "there is at present a tendency to rediscover methods abandoned on the Rhine a hundred years ago, and urge their employment on our Western rivers." George F. Whitmore contributes a paper on "Taking Cross-Sections, Humboldt Jetties, California." Articles on present methods of warfare from foreign sources include: "German Methods of Trench Warfare" coming from the headquarters of the first German army and including operations up to March 7, 1916; a continuation of "A Visit to the English Front in France" by Captain Casajus (translated from the Spanish by Chaplain Henry Swift, U.S.A.); and an extremely interesting article on "Entrenchments and Camouflage" by a British officer skilled in landscape gardening that should be read by every officer in our Army who expects to go to the front, since it contains a wealth of novel suggestions in the way of methods of camouflaging entrenchments, the practicability of which is shown by a series of most unusual photographs. An editorial announcement states that from the next number (46) "until the termination of the war, the Professional Memoirs will be largely devoted to engineering in its application to modern warfare and to other related subjects."

Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U.S.N., contributes to the September issue of the U.S. Naval Institute Proceedings "an appreciation of the late Rear Admiral Stephen B. Luce, U.S.N.," in the course of which he says: "A personality like that of Luce stands out with a distinctness that is almost painful against the background of ordinary men. One cannot put him into any recognized class of men, because there is no recognized class of men, distinguished by characteristics such as distinguished him." Lieut. Fitzhugh Green, U.S.N., begins a series of articles on "Arctic Duty with the Crocker Land Expedition" in which he describes the voyage northward and his first experience in Arctic travel. And there is reprinted from the U.S. Naval Medical Review an article on "A Greater Field of Activity for Medical Officers of Navy Yards" by Med. Insp. Norman J. Blackwood and Surg. W. H. Bell, U.S.N. Lieut. W. F. Jacobs, U.S.N., writes on "Strength in Action;" and Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, U.S.N., brings to a conclusion his documentary history of "Our Navy and the West Indian Pirates" which, it is to be hoped, will now be issued in book form.

In the Infantry Journal for September is an article compiled from notes in the Journal of Field Artillery on the important subject of "Co-operation of Infantry and Field Artillery;" a translation of a German document giving orders for a "German Raid on British Trenches" near La Boisselle, April 11, 1916, and re-

port of the German commander on the raid. Major J. C. Wise, U.S.R., contributes a paper on "Organization and Initial Training of a Company" devoted particularly to the drafted men of the National Army.

Col. E. L. Munson, M.C., U.S.A., brings to a conclusion in the September issue of The Military Surgeon his study of "An Outbreak of Measles at Camp Wilson" and Lieut. Col. W. L. Keller, M.C., U.S.A., contributes an article on "The More Important Surgical Cases at Base Hospital No. 2, Fort Bliss." Dr. E. B. Downer writes on "Bone Graft Surgery and its Application to Fractures by Modern Projectiles;" Col. T. H. Goodwin, of the British army medical corps, contributes a paper on "War Surgery;" and Asst. Surg. R. B. Acker, U.S.P. Health Service, some "Observations by a Junior Surgeon of the John B. Murphy Hospital Unit with the British Expeditionary Force in France." The announcement is made that the next meeting of the Association of Military Surgeons will be held at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Oct. 8 to 10.

"Universal Service in War and the Taxation to Support It" by Major Gen. William Harding Carter, U.S.A., is a study in the Journal of the Military Service Institution for September-October of the "constitutional provisions for raising taxes and providing for the common defense." Capt. W. J. Browne, P.S., contributes an analytical "Study of the Philippine Ration;" and there is another instalment of "The Quebec Campaign of 1759" by Major Robert E. Wylie, C.A.C. Winter clothing and the weather are the subjects of two particularly seasonable articles, one being "Field Equipment for France" by David E. Wheeler, of the Reading War Hospital, England; the other "The Weather and War" by Professor Robert DeC. Ward, of Harvard University, this being a continuation of his article begun in the July-August number.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

In "West Point" Capt. Robert Charlwood Richardson, jr., 2d Cav., and sometime assistant professor of English at the U.S. Military Academy, gives "an intimate picture of the national Military Academy and of the life of the cadet." This, the sub-title to Captain Richardson's handsome volume, gives an impression of the secondary aim the author had in mind in writing his book which was to give as complete an impression as possible of the feelings of a cadet from the time he enters the Military Academy until he leaves it, the emotions and ambitions that create what "we of the Academy call the spirit of West Point." This could not have been achieved without some preliminaries in the way of tracing the history of the Military Academy both in its pedagogical and physical aspects which he does in the four opening chapters. In the nine succeeding chapters Captain Richardson devotes his text to showing the training of a cadet throughout the four years he is usually at the Academy. Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, late Chief of Staff, U.S.A., has written a foreword for the book in which he points the great part it plays in the making of our Armies nowadays as contrasted to the beginnings of its history when "the early graduates of the Academy

suffered much from the jealousy of the old veterans of the Revolution who had no use for the educated soldier." In addition to many reproductions of scenes at the Academy there are also photographs of Sully's portraits of distinguished Army officers that hang in the library at the post, a touch of novelty in books about the Academy. Captain Richardson expresses his appreciation of the assistance given him by Lieut. Col. L. H. Holt, U.S.A., in preparing the book and makes reference to the appointment of Col. Samuel E. Tillman, U.S.A., as Superintendent to succeed Brig. Gen. John Biddle, by saying, "all West Pointers rejoice that West Point is in such good hands." The book is published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York city.

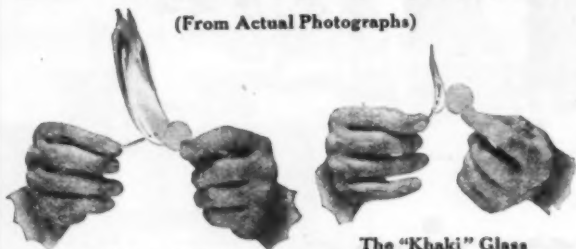
Major DeWitt C. Falls, formerly of the New York National Guard, who for years has made a special study, both in the United States and abroad, of uniforms, insignia, etc., of the armies of the world, has compiled a very useful work on "Army and Navy Information," in regard to uniforms, organization, arms and equipment of the warring powers. This convenient reference volume of 192 pages, including index, is illustrated by six color plates and thirty line cuts by the author. The color plates show details of uniforms and insignia of our Army, such as shoulder straps, facings, etc.; various Army flags and signals; sleeve braidings and other details of uniform of the United States Navy and Marine Corps; colors of field service uniforms, flags and decorations of foreign armies; and medals and badges of the American Service. Major Falls is well known for his correctness and care as to details, and is an officer and an artist of repute. He has well carried out his purpose to give in simple form military and naval information of use to the lay reader, and also to present to the soldier or sailor technical information regarding such matters as organization, uniform and insignia, that are of much interest at the present time. The text of the volume gives in condensed form particulars as to organization, strength, armament, etc., of our Army and National Guard, and like data in regard to the Navy and Marine Corps. Following this foreign armies and navies are briefly outlined. Additional data given includes map signs, table of foreign money, etc. Published by E. P. Dutton & Co., New York city.

"The Cortina French-English Military Manual" (Cortina Academy of Languages: New York city), which was prepared by Jean A. Picard, of the French army, is much more extensive in its scope than any of the "French for American soldiers" books we have seen thus far. In addition to the conventional phrase arrangement of contemporary military words, sentences, orders and queries, there is an index, which amounts to a dictionary, and there are illustrations of French rifles and cannons with keys to all their parts, maps, colored illustrations of French flags, pennons and decorations. Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., has written a foreword for the manual in which he emphasizes the need of knowledge of the French language among our military men; and the compiler of the book acknowledges the assistance rendered in the revision of the English by Major Russell C. Langdon, Capt. Leo A. Dewey, and Lieut. R. A. Osmun, U.S.A.

George Rothwell Brown has written a highly exciting and interesting melodramatic tale of Germany's of-

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Clasp patented July 25, 1916; October 24, 1916.



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ficial attempts at interfering with American political and military life through plottings and espionage in "My Country" (Small, Maynard & Co.; Boston). His hero is an American Navy officer, son of a citizen of German birth, and the incidents of the tale are concerned with German plots to tamper with his loyalty which, of course, fail.

There is something pleasingly and abruptly military about the title Col. Cornelius DeWitt Willcox, U.S.A., has given to the latest soldier's French book that has come to us. It is called "War French" (The Macmillan Co.; New York City) and although not intended as a "short cut" it will certainly prove an invaluable aid to any of our officers and men who do not know the language of the first country they hope to fight in abroad. Colonel Willcox's text, which is dedicated to General Vignal, of the French army, includes chapters on France, its government and its army, together with suggestions for studying the language and admirable vocabularies. In his preface he expresses his thanks to Capt. George M. Russell, John S. Wood and Parker Kallach, all U.S.A., for their assistance in preparing the book.

"The Principles of Military Art," by Major Sir Francis Fletcher-Vane, Bt. (E. P. Dutton and Co.; New York City) is a series of essays by an officer of the British army who has gone through the Boer War and has served in the present one, written with the idea of showing young officers that there is something behind regulations that the text-books do not always convey to the beginner. Major Fletcher-Vane is humorously intolerant of the old stiff-necked officer and his ways and gives many amusing illustrations of the effect on young officers, to their detriment, of this kind of instruction. In spite of the rather grandiloquent title Major Fletcher-Vane's book is well worth reading for relaxation as well as instruction.

P. Blakiston's Son and Company, of Philadelphia, have issued the second volume of the important work on "Explosives," by Arthur Marshall, chemical inspector, Indian Ordnance Department, in its second edition. Volume II is devoted to "Properties and Tests" and its four parts are concerned with "Properties of Explosives"; "Some Special Explosives"; "Stability"; and "Materials and Their Analysis." One of the appendices is devoted to "Regulations of the Imperial German Railway Commission."

For the purpose of helping American soldiers with some knowledge of French to a better understanding of and familiarity with that tongue the University of Chicago Press has prepared and issued "Le Soldat Americain en France" in a pocket edition. The text is in French and is concerned solely with the things a soldier would like to know of French geography and political and military organization, French equivalents of American military terms, and common idioms and slang expressions.

Another little booklet for soldiers that comes from the press of the Houghton Mifflin Company is "Hymns and Prayers for the use of the Army and Navy." In addition to some familiar hymns there are excerpts from the Psalms, readings from the Bible, prayers for various occasions and a form of service. It is worthy of note that it sells for ten cents.

"All About the U.S. Navy" is the misleading title of a booklet compiled by W. Tyrrell from Jane's "Fighting

Ships." It contains information as to our vessels not later than the middle of 1916 and beyond incorporating a brief outline of the 1918 program makes no textual allusions to the great increase of the Navy this year which a book with so comprehensive a title should at least mention.

Another article by Capt. Frank E. Evans, U.S.M.C., and Comdr. Orton P. Jackson, U.S.N., appears in October St. Nicholas. "The Policemen of the Seven Seas" shows that, excepting during war-times, "there is no ship's crew that leads so adventurous a life as that followed by those of the gun-boat," and tells of its varied tasks both in home waters and as far away as the Asiatic station.

A TYPHOON IN THE CHINA SEA.

U.S.A.T. — at Sea, August, 1917.

I will tell you a tale of the China Sea, only it will differ from the usual sea tale in that it is absolutely true. The scene is laid to the east of Formosa and in the vicinity of the chain of the Ryukyu Islands, which extend in a general southwesterly direction from the southern end of Japan toward the northern end of Formosa.

At noon, on a day in August our transport slipped her mooring at the pier in Manila, amid the usual transport departure scenes of farewells, bon voyages, tears, handkerchiefs, flowers, the girls-left-behind-us, and the military band playing Aloha Oe. On board were some 2,000 souls. As we passed the island fortress of Corregidor the military aeroplanes stationed there circled over the ship, and later on our northward course, as the island merged into the mainland, the wish of all was for more power to the stokers—we could not get to the United States too soon.

As we steamed along the west coast of Luzon the weather was bright and the sea calm, but we knew that in another day rough weather would be experienced. In the Balingtang Channel between Luzon and Formosa the sea is practically always rough and those waters and to the east of Formosa are in the usual course of the typhoons. Accordingly, true to form, late in the second afternoon the sea became rough and I promptly took to my bunk, not being any kind of a sailor. On the next day, which was Friday, we were well into the typhoon. The wind was violent and the sea both magnificent and awful. In a typhoon the wind blows the surface of the water right off into flying clouds of foam and spray. For all the world it looks like a snow storm at sea. That night the storm was at its height and it was an anxious, trying night with the wind howling and the rain coming down in sheets. Very few went to sleep that night. The water could not be kept out. It came in through the ports and through the seams in the cabin roofs. We made some eight miles in fifteen hours under steam. After about eight nerve-racking hours the wind began to abate. Saturday night, after drifting in heavy squalls and thick weather all day, I was awakened by the rising wind. We were running into the typhoon again. No more sleep that night.

The wind and sea soon became more violent than the

night before. It was awe inspiring. Then at about 1:30 a.m. there suddenly came a lull with no air stirring and a calm sea with the barometer falling with nearly a perpendicular curve. The pressure on the ear drums was intense. It was plain that we were in the very center of the typhoon with our most severe trial with the elements just ahead. Some time around 4 a.m. the wind again suddenly arose and the fight was on. It soon became terrific and well over 100 miles an hour—estimated by the First Officer as between 125 and 130 miles—the worst thus far we had experienced. Now ensued a time of desperate peril that even a land lubber could appreciate. The awful force and roar of the wind, the violent pitching and rolling, the absolute darkness outside, the puny efforts of the big, powerful ship and its apparent helplessness, added to the fact that all were aware we were in an unknown position in a sea which in many places is uncharted and dotted with coral reefs and islands—all convinced us that we were in the immediate presence of the Great Adventure and that only the guidance of the Divine Hand could succor us. The first streak of dawn showed about 5:30 a.m. on Sunday, and though most welcome, revealed an awful sea and thick driving sheets of rain. This violence kept up most of the day, until late in the afternoon it appeared that the wind and sea were somewhat abating. The barometer was slowly and steadily rising and it was plain that we were running out of the typhoon. But night was upon us and the Master had not had an observation of the sun since noon of our second day out. The situation was perilous. A temporary respite only had been given.

The behavior of passengers, crew, and all during this time was really remarkable. There was not a trace of panic or alarm. Some officers were fully dressed in uniform, either khaki or white, others in swimming clothes or pajamas with bath robe or rain coat over, and the women in various degrees of preparation. There was no hysteria, weeping or raising of the voice as far as I could observe or find out from others. And so the long Sunday night wore on. We were destined for our third successive sleepless night. The wind and sea were still high. The next event of which I speak was unknown to me until after the happening. I therefore now relate what I have heard from dozens of others and all of whose remembrances very well tally. All I was conscious of was the ship listing at a severe angle and the trunks sliding across the room. About 11 p.m. the ship struck something lightly twice and in turn was struck on the starboard side by two big waves. The vessel remained rigid for several minutes, not rolling but taking the seas over the forecastle. During this time a soldier was swept overboard. A life preserver was thrown—all that could be done for the poor fellow. The lookout up ahead saw a steep black shape close at hand but thought it was a low hanging cloud. The First Officer saw it from the bridge and the engines were immediately reversed. The ship drew away carefully. After about half an hour, we appeared again to have reached the wind and rough water. Before this I had noticed (my stomach being a delicate instrument) a sudden lull in the chop of the water and a longer, smoother roll and a drop in the wind to almost nothing. As the barometer was going up we could not have been again in the heart of a typhoon. All this must have occurred between 10:30 p.m. and midnight. It is the universal belief of passengers that the dark, black shape just ahead was in reality a steep, high cliff. The engineer after inspection reported no damage.

Now as to the conduct of the soldiers. It was splendid and magnificent to a degree showing under the stress of the extreme test the value of discipline and training. They had been held under hatches for two days, being too dangerous on deck, so that they were more or less in ignorance of exact conditions. They did know our plight was desperate. In the face of all this when the ship struck, my first sergeant told me that the non-commissioned officers immediately assumed command of their men and perfect order reigned. The word came to put on life belts. The men did so and lined up and awaited orders. The chaplains went from hatch to hatch and prayed with the men, who joined earnestly in prayer. Many soldiers offered to save passengers. An officer went below and told the men the circumstances—that we had drawn off the bar and that although temporarily safe were still in danger. The men cheered with a vim. It revived my faith in human nature to see that at last in the supreme test, no matter what their individual shortcomings may have been before, every man had the spark of manhood which measured up to the stern requirement. There was no doubt in their minds that the last hour had come.

During the rest of the night we tossed about the ocean, by some chance avoiding the shoals and reefs of the Ryukyu group in the vicinity of Iriomote Island as later determined. There was a reaction and many people who had been awake more or less for three days dropped off into the sleep of exhaustion. Dawn showed about 5:30 a.m. to show a foggy air but without rain for the first time since Thursday night. The sun was necessary for us to locate our position and danger was imminent until this could be known. Monday at 2 p.m. the sun came out and an observation was made. A low lying coral reef not a mile away was seen off the port bow. Our course was changed to avoid it, and about noon we passed an island of some size. Still the land could not be identified. When the sun came out for an instant there was a sigh of relief. That night for the first time since Thursday no serious apprehension was felt. After the latitude and longitude had been determined from this observation the master found his ship was near the island of Iriomote or some 150 miles northeast of where he guessed the ship might be. To-day, Tuesday, the sun rose on a comparatively calm sea with some breeze. And so ended happily another dra of the sea.

Three days later,

At sea between Keelung and Nagasaki.

Since studying things over and examining charts, and from information obtained from ship's officers, it is fairly well determined that on that Sunday night we touched a sand bar off the small island of Nakomokan Jima, close to the larger island of Iriomote—both in the Ryukyu group. This island is 130 miles from Keelung (north end of Formosa) in north latitude 24.12, longitude 123.24, with elevation of 300 feet. It is too small to scale on the chart. The lowest barometer was reached at 3:30 a.m., fourth day, when it went with a precipitate drop down to 27.98. The normal barometer for this latitude and season is 29.85. Right after coming out of the typhoon center the barometer began to rise immediately and steadily, but very gradually.

C. H. WHITE.

CAPTAIN, U.S. ARMY.



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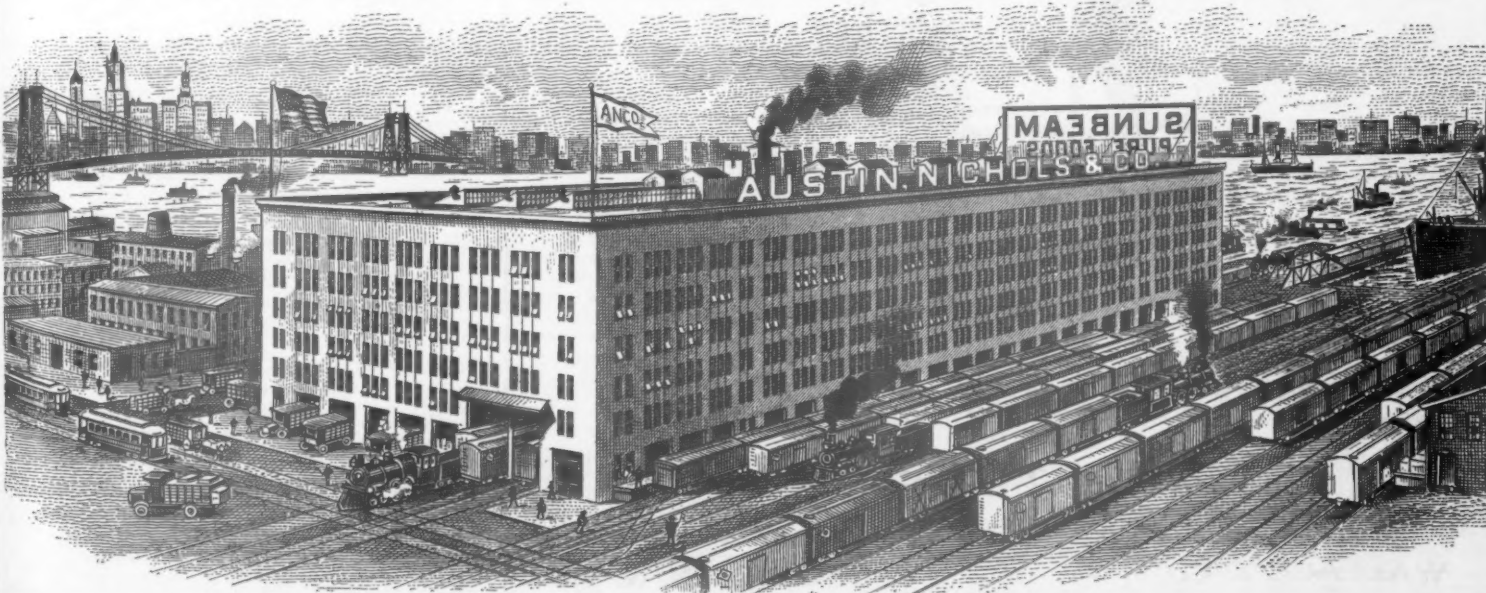
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Fort Myer, Va. Sept. 25, 1917.

The 1,450 student officers at camp are experiencing this week all the thrills of actually being in the trenches in France, as all the students are to spend three entire days this week in the trenches and dugouts. The men will sleep and eat in the subterranean passages, shelter caves, dugouts, trenches and in the bomb-proof structures. The student officers are to do their own cooking and are to have their slumbers disturbed many times by unexpected calls to stand guard or to indulge in a bombing fusillade or to repel a night attack. Actual battlefield conditions will be introduced as near as possible.

Choral leaders have been sent to all the camps by the War Department's Commission on Training Camp Activities so that when the officers and men from the different camps arrive over in France and are pretty well mixed together they will find themselves able to sing the same songs. Mr. Kenneth S. Clark, working under Mr. Lee F. Hamner, who is supervising the camp music, has been assigned to the camp here and to Washington Barracks. Mr. Clark will also assist with the work at Camp Meade. A small book entitled "Songs of Soldiers and Sailors" has been compiled by the Commission on Training Camp Activities.

The student officers comprising the three training camp batteries left on Sunday for Edsall, Va., for target practice with the 3-inch guns belonging to Batteries D, E and F, of the 3d Field Artillery. The instruction will be given by Major C. L. Corbin, Capt. C. A. Baehr and Lieut. J. B. Pitney, all of the 3d Field Artillery.

Capt. Franklin Babcock, of the Coast Artillery, has been made assistant to Capt. T. H. Middleton, who is the training camp adjutant.

Secretary of War Baker in a message urged all the soldiers in the camp about Washington to see the photoplay "Damaged Goods," which was shown at the New National Theater on Sunday at 2:30 and again at six o'clock, so that its lessons might be taught to those who are about to go into active service. The exhibition was arranged as one incident in a broad program mapped out by the Commission on Training Camp Activities under the War Department, of which Raymond B. Fosdick is chairman. This photoplay carries the strong endorsement of this commission, which is composed of leaders in recreational and social work. Secretary Daniels also commended the project and urged the men of the Navy and Marine Corps in Washington to attend. Every man in uniform was admitted to the theater free. Short addresses were made by Secretary Daniels and by Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, representing Secre-

tary Baker. Mr. Richard Bennett, the star of the play, addressed the soldiers and sailors at both performances.

The men of the 12th Field Artillery, from Camp Asaph, Va., a detachment from the 3d D.C. Infantry and the District drafted men who were summoned to the colors under the first call were all asked to attend the championship game of baseball between the Nationals and the Detroit Tigers on Saturday at American League Park. At the finish of the game a presentation of athletic materials was made to the different organizations by District Commissioner Brownlow. These athletic goods were purchased by contributions from sport lovers to the fund established under supervision of Clark Griffith, manager of the Washington Club. The bands of both the 12th Field Artillery and the 3d Infantry Regiments played.

INSTRUCTION AT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 22, 1917.

With three months of the hardest kind of work behind them, the Third Class of Provisional Lieutenants left Fort Leavenworth Saturday to join their various regiments. They will be scattered throughout all parts of the United States, while some will go to France, where the commands to which they have been assigned are now in training for the battle front. The graduating class was an exceptionally fine body of young American manhood and if appearance counted for anything they will gallantly sustain the prestige of American arms and American gallantry. Col. Charles Miller, commandant at the schools, says: "They are as fine a class of young men as could be gotten together. They came to us from the farm, the shop, the counting house and from almost every other walk in life; within three months they have grown very efficient. Only a little bit of actual service and they will become valued parts in our fighting machine. And above all there hardly is among them one who is not a thorough gentleman, as becomes any good soldier."

Four of the provisional lieutenants graduated in the Third Provisional Class of officers last week will not leave Fort Leavenworth. In the assignments they drew the Seventh Engineers and reported to that organization Monday. They are: First Lieutenants M. D. Kolyn, Truman C. Curry, F. S. McSweeney and S. E. Nortner.

Keen interest is being manifested in the classes in French which are receiving instruction at the college every afternoon and evening. Sergeant Thomas Kisanne, an accomplished linguist, is the instructor in

charge. At the present time twenty-nine officers and 250 non-commissioned officers and privates are taking the course. The class is growing rapidly.

Plans have been completed by the quartermaster at Fort Leavenworth for the building of a second cantonment on the west side of the fort road which will be four times as large as the cantonment now being constructed by John Wright. Other plans are being considered for enlargement of the first cantonment to be completed next month. The cantonment now being constructed is to comprise thirty-two buildings and if the new cantonment is to be four times as large, the number of buildings will be sufficient to house four regiments of troops. One regiment is to be quartered in the one on the east side of the road and will be completed to quarter troops before the severe winter weather sets in.

Standing at his desk in the adjutant's office all of Saturday afternoon, Major H. E. Teall of the Service Schools, probably saw the last of the 520 provisional lieutenants of class three. In single file they tramped past the desk, giving their name and were handed slips of paper on which were printed assignments, travel orders and leave to quit the post. There were no leave takings and no words spoken. That the strapping young fellows realized the seriousness of the business ahead was written on every face. The fourth class of provisional lieutenants stationed here will undertake more strenuous work next week when the second course in instruction begins. Theoretical problems in infantry and cavalry work will commence shortly. The first course now being completed has been very well mastered according to Col. Charles Miller, commandant of the school.

Four detachments of Engineer soldiers, making a hundred men in all, left last week for the National Army training camps. They were taken from the companies of the Seventh Engineer regiment and were among the best trained soldiers in the organizations. These Engineer soldiers are sent to the National Army training camps to drill the men and many of them will be made sergeants and corporals. New men are coming and going from the Seventh Engineer regiment right along. There is a demand for soldiers to drill recruits at the Army camps and they are picked out to do this. There are over 200 men in some of the companies of the Engineer regiment. As trained soldiers go out others come in to take their places and the regiment is kept up to about 1,200 enlisted men.

The Service School will lose one of its most popular and efficient officers when Major E. H. Teall, adjutant provisional officers' battalion, will leave for Camp Travis, near San Antonio, where he has been ordered for duty as adjutant of the 180th Brigade, 90th Division, composed of two regiments and a machine gun battalion. Major Teall will leave Wednesday. He was a graduate of West Point of the class of '07 and saw six years' service with the 26th Infantry, resigning his commission. He was given a commission in the Officers' Reserve Corps early last spring and came to Fort Leavenworth, May 22. His home is in Little Falls, N.Y. Major Teall will be succeeded by Major C. A. Rockwood, Infantry O.R.C. Major Rockwood was formerly tactical instructor on the staff of the Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind. He was ordered here from Fort Benjamin Harrison, and has been on duty with the Service Schools since his arrival.

76TH DIVISION, NATIONAL ARMY.

We give below a roster of the field and staff officers of the 76th Division on duty at the cantonment at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., under command of Major Gen. Henry C. Hodges:

Commanding General, Major Gen. H. F. Hodges, N.A. Chief of staff, Lieut. Col. M. B. Stewart, Inf., N.A. Assistant chiefs of staff, Major J. M. Wainwright, Field Art. N.A. and Capt. Arthur F. Brown, Cav., N.A. Division adjutant, Major Harry L. Hodges, F.A., N.A. Division assistant adjutant, Capt. Theodore E. Burleigh, Inf. O.R.C.

Statistical officers, 1st Lieuts. Kirk Boott and H. D. Stickney and 2d Lieut. Clyde M. Nichols, A.G., N.A.

Division quartermaster, Lieut. Col. Harry F. Dalton, Inf., N.A.

Assistant division quartermasters, Capt. B. L. Brunson, Q.M.R.C.; 2d Lieuts. R. B. Graham, Paine Williams and Philip W. Tompson, Q.M., N.A.

Division surgeon, Lieut. Col. J. W. Hanner, M.C., U.S. Division sanitary inspector, Major J. L. Siner, M.C., U.S.

Division engineer, Col. F. A. Pope, Engrs., N.A. Division inspector, Major A. M. Pardeen, Inf., N.A. Division judge advocate, Lieut. Col. E. K. Masse, J.A., N.A.

Division ordnance, Major G. M. Peek, F.A., N.A. Division signal officer, Major C. A. Lewis, Inf., N.A. Aid-de-camp, 1st Lieut. W. W. Cowgill, C.A.C., U.S.A.

301st Machine-gun Battalion: Major W. D. Wills, Inf., N.A., commanding; 1st Lieut. A. M. Gamler, Inf. O.R.C., adjutant.

151st Brigade Infantry: Brig. Gen. Frank H. Albright, N.A., commanding; Major Rodger Merrill, A.G., N.A., adjutant.

301st Regiment Infantry: Col. Frank Tompkins, N.A.; Lieut. Col. Percy W. Arnold, N.A.; Majors Rhinelander Waldo, Edward Bowditch, jr., Clarence E. Rexford, O. R.C., and Capt. Harry A. Hargreaves, O.R.C., adjutant.

302d Regiment Infantry: Col. Charles Smith, N.A.; Lieut. Col. Charles Romeyn, N.A.; Majors Reginald Barlow, Ralph Lowell, Roy D. Baker, O.R.C., and Capt. Henry P. Briggs, O.R.C., adjutant.

302d Machine-gun Battalion: Capt. Benjamin Rens, Cav. O.R.C.; 1st Lieut. Robert Williams, Cav. O.R.C., adjutant.

152d Brigade Infantry: Brig. Gen. F. D. Evans, N.A.; Major Robert C. Murchie, A.G., O.R.C., adjutant.

303d Regiment Infantry: Col. John F. Preston, N.A.; Lieut. Col. George W. Stuart, N.A.; Majors Walter H. Neil, N.A.; John W. Farley, O.R.C., and Charles A. Ranlett, O.R.C.

304th Regiment Infantry: Col. J. S. Herron, N.A.; Lieut. Col. William G. Doane, N.A.; Major Elihu Root, O.R.C.

303d Machine-gun Battalion: Major Fred P. Bradford, Inf. O.R.C., commanding; 1st Lieut. Daniel B. Cullinane, Inf. O.R.C., adjutant.

151st Brigade Field Artillery: Brig. Gen. W. S. McNair, N.A., commanding.

301st Regiment Field Artillery: Col. George M. Brooks, N.A.; Lieut. Col. N. D. Rehkopf, N.A.; Major Harold E. Marr, N.A.; Major Onorio Moretti, O.R.C., and Capt. Bennett Sanderson, O.R.C., adjutant.

302d Regiment Field Artillery: Col. Daniel F. Craig,

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N.A.; Lieut. Col. Robert M. Danford, N.A.; Major Morris Hadley, O.R.C.

303d Regiment Field Artillery: Col. Arthur S. Conklin, N.A.; Lieut. Col. Frederick W. Stopford, N.A.; Majors Charles D. Winn, N.A.; Robert Gardiner, O.R.C.; and George L. Wertenbaker, N.A.; Capt. Marcus Morton, O.R.C., adjutant.

Trench Mortar Battery: Capt. J. B. Newton, O.R.C. 301st Engineers: Col. F. A. Pope, N.A.; Majors F. B. Downing, N.A.; Harry F. Cameron, O.R.C., and Richard M. Lawton O.R.C.; Capt. W. F. Hussey, O.R.C., adjutant.

Depot Brigade: Brig. Gen. William Weigle, N.A.; Col. Howard R. Perry, N.A.; Lieut. Paul Hurst, Inf., N.A.; Major Allan M. Pope, F.A., N.A., adjutant.

Headquarters Train and Military Police: Col. G. H. Estes, N.A.; Major Robert Homans, O.R.C.; Capt. F. G. Edwards, O.R.C., adjutant.

Ammunition Train: Lieut. Col. R. H. Sillman, N.A.; Major C. S. Wentworth, O.R.C.; Major William Kirby, Cav.; Capt. H. S. Holcomb, Cav. O.R.C.

Supply Train: Major O. J. Schoonmaker, Inf. O.R.C. Engineer Train: Capt. W. Tompkins, O.R.C.

Headquarters Troop: Capt. Frank L. Hiller, Cav. O.R.C.

THE 339TH AT CAMP CUSTER.

Hqrs., 339th Infantry,
Camp Custer, Mich., Sept. 22, 1917.

With the arrival of the newly appointed officers of the 5th and 6th Companies, 10th Provisional Training Regiment, from Fort Sheridan, Ill., at Camp Custer on Aug. 29, the formation of the 339th Regiment began. These officers found the camp hardly more than one-half completed, but well situated on a sandy ridge, five miles west of Battle Creek. The lack of accommodations was not permitted to hinder the plans for the regiment. Col. J. W. Craig, commanding; Lieut. Col. Duncan K. Major and Major C. F. von dem Bussche, all U.S.A., arrived on the same day and were assigned to the regiment as its senior officers. The following members of the Officers' Reserve Corps were appointed to command the companies of the regiment:

Capt. J. Brooks Nichols, adjutant; Chauncey Wade, Supply Co.; Louis C. Coleman, Hqrs. Co.; Seaver C. Kenyon, Machine-gun Co.; John H. Potter, Co. A; Robert P. Boyd, Co. B; James R. Fitzsimmons, Co. C; Joseph V. Taylor, Co. D; Bernard J. Heil, Co. E; Marshall A. Goff, Co. F; Arthur H. Wickes, Co. G; Carl H. Gevers, Co. H; Ralph E. Ramsey, Co. I; Michael J. Donoghue, Co. K; Horatio G. Winslow, Co. L; Joel R. Moore, Co. M; R. C. Winslow, sanitary detachment. These and the other officers of the regiment all came from the states of Michigan and Wisconsin.

Recruits began to arrive Sept. 5 and are a splendid lot of men physically, but among them are a large proportion of foreigners who understand little or no English. This is due to the fact that all the recruits came from Detroit, where there is a large foreign population. This presents an unusual and difficult problem to the officers of the regiment but is, in part, overcome by the eagerness of the foreigners to advance. By the end of the first week in September each company had some twenty recruits and had received three non-commissioned officers, who came from the 34th, 37th and 64th Infantry Regiments. Before the arrival of the second contingent, Sept. 19, considerable progress had been made in "close order drill" and some progress in extended order drill and flag signaling," arguing well for the development, both of the regiment and of the entire National Army. The second contingent brought the number of recruits in each company up to about one hundred, and drill started in earnest.

Although but a month has elapsed since the arrival of the first officers at Camp Custer, the 339th Regiment is now well organized, has taken over entire guard duty of its section of the camp. A school for non-commissioned officers has been started, as well as a school for officers, both under the direction of Lieutenant Colonel Major. The officers' mess is running and a bayonet runway will soon be completed.

DARRACH AMBULANCE FUND.

The Darrach Ambulance Fund, authorized by the American Field Service in France, which is assembling a unit of ambulances to be sent to France as a memorial to Mrs. Frances Warren Pershing, wishes to acknowledge the following contributions for the "Army and Navy Women's Ambulance": Mrs. E. W. Barr, \$10; Mrs. Marion E. Tyrell, \$3; Mrs. M. C. Rhodes, \$1; Miss Margaret Collins, \$1; Mrs. Floyd Kramer, \$1; Mrs. James Bevans, \$1; Mrs. Milton Davis, \$1; Peter Murray, \$1; C. W. Whipple, \$2; G. P. Hallman, \$1; Miss Marian Stephenson, \$1; Mrs. T. Q. Ashburn, \$2; Anna C. Toney, \$1; Alicia Emerson Denton, \$1; Mrs. W. W. Dudley, \$1; R. C. Parker, \$1; H. T. Creswell, \$5; Miss Alice Stephenson, \$1; Mrs. J. W. Philips (Navy), \$5; Joel T. Boone (Navy), \$1; Lewis Brown (Navy), \$1; Henry W. Lyon, \$1; total \$43.

Other uncompleted ambulances in the unit have the following sums to their credit: School Teachers of America Ambulance, \$475; College Women of America, \$525; Professional Women of America, \$50; Club Women of America, \$252.

Further contributions to be added to these individual ambulances may be sent to Mrs. Marshall Darrach, Fifth Avenue Bank, New York city. Twelve ambulances have already been sent to the front by the Darrach Ambulance Fund from donations contributed from all parts of the country.

CAMP LEWIS, TACOMA.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 25, 1917.

The great cantonment at Camp Lewis, Tacoma, largest of the sixteen mobilization centers of the country, has swept meteor-like into the national lime-light within the three months elapsing since its inception and the first erection of a barn-like, lonely barracks on the Northwest prairie.

Tacoma, herself a city of mushroom proclivities, having reached over 100,000 in prosperous population within a brief thirty years from the scattering of her first log huts through the primeval forests, has watched wonderstruck the rapid construction of a military city that is bewildering to the recruits among the early arrivals of the draft army soon to number 50,000. A little over a month ago the cantonment was but a few box-like buildings. To-day it is miles long and wide,

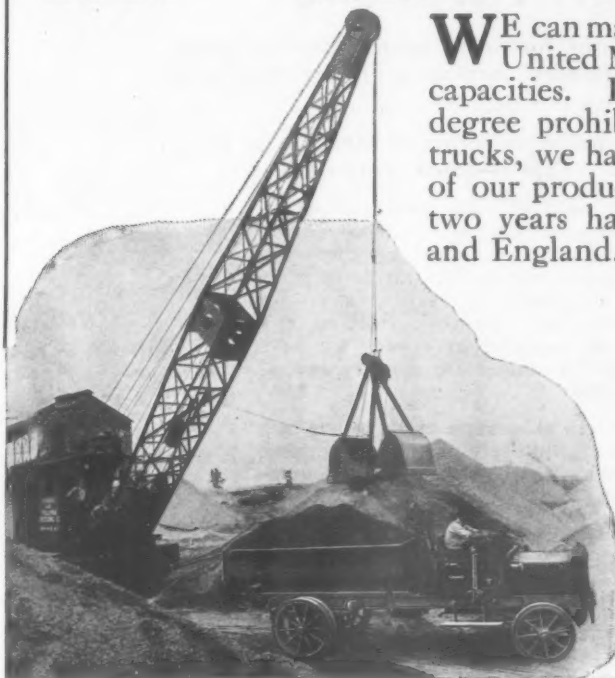
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huge duplicate barracks, a magnificent parade ground, corrals for thousands of animals, the corrals a suburban town stretching far toward the forests and picturesque lake that flank the new Army post on either side.

The end of the gigantic task is here, with its houses, numbered streets, splendid water, light, and telephone system, night schools, hospitals, library, fire station, administration buildings, mess halls and training grounds, covering all told the 76,000 acres voted by the people of Tacoma for the erection at her American Lake site, of the Army post, christened by the War Department, "Camp Lewis."

The great cantonment is receiving the raw recruits and putting the machinery in operation for converting civilians into trained and efficient soldiers, the first quota to arrive under the workings of the selective draft act, coming on Sept. 5, from Seattle and King county. The influx brings a larger realization of the significance of making Tacoma the mobilization point of the North Pacific coast, and the principal training grounds west of the Rocky Mountains. Aside from the civic and commercial importance entailed in a development that adds nearly fifty per cent. to the population immediately tributary to the city, including those who accompany or are drawn here by the arrivals, it brings the citizenship into touch with the operations of the War Department in a peculiar sense that does not attach to communities not identified with such military activities of the nation.

Purroy Mitchel, Borough President Marcus M. Marks, Judge Wadhams and Gen. Louis W. Stotesbury.

The club has been furnished by the National Special Aid Society with an idea of giving the men a club house with certain comforts, which they could feel was absolutely their own. It is for any man in uniform—and there he will find pool tables, a card room, writing rooms, reading rooms with open fire places, comfortable chairs, and plenty of books and up-to-date magazines; also all the daily papers. An information desk will be on the first floor, where the men can find out everything about the neighborhood, such as near by sleeping places, skating rinks, etc. Time tables and city maps will be there. The canteen will be open from three to ten each day. On Saturday and possibly Sunday nights there will be music or lectures in a room set apart for that purpose. An invitation is most cordially extended to every man in every branch of the Service, for the club is theirs, a gift from the National Special Aid Society.

A leading manufacturer of electric heating devices has recently submitted an electric oven to the War Department for possible adoption for Army cooking, says the Scientific American. This oven is designed to take care of baking, boiling and frying operations necessary in the feeding of about 150 men. It is unique in that it is the first oven to be designed to perform all of these various cooking operations at one time. The hot-plate which is bracketed to the oven will accommodate the standard United States Army coffee receptacle. The oven is rated at fifteen kilowatts.

SAILORS' AND SOLDIERS' CLUB, NEW YORK.

The Sailors' and Soldiers' Home Club at 681 West End avenue, corner of 93d street, New York city, was opened on Oct. 1 by the members of the National Special Aid Society, including Mrs. Charles A. Childs, chairman; Mrs. Jessie Watson, vice chairman; Mrs. Elliot Butler Whiting, treasurer; Miss Hardie, chairman house committee; Mrs. J. Nelson Shrive, chairman canteen; Mrs. John Clapperton Kerr, chairman entertainment. The prayer of dedication was made by Rev. Dr. S. deLancy Townsend, of All Angels Church. Mrs. Watson recited "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" and addresses were made by Rear Admirals Charles D. Sigsbee and Bradley A. Fiske, U.S.N., Mayor John

"Trench and Camp," the weekly newspaper to be printed for every National Army cantonment and National Guard camps through nationwide co-operation of newspaper publishers, will make its first appearance on Monday, Oct. 8, it is announced. It will be published under the auspices of the National War Work Council of the Y.M.C.A. President Wilson has given his personal indorsement to Trench and Camp, and Secretaries Baker and Daniels and ex-President Roosevelt will be among the first contributors. The best known sporting and special writers and the leading cartoonists also have given their services.



WEST'S CAST STEEL WHEELS (AMERICA'S BEST) ARE STANDARD ON WHITE COMPANY'S MOTOR TRUCKS.

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We have mobilized our forces so as to give the quickest and most satisfactory service to newly appointed Army Officers.

We are prepared to make uniforms to measure in forty-eight working hours. This is quick work—but—

Because of the need of even quicker service—Because Commission recommendations sent to Washington are being confirmed by wire—Because when appointments are made officers require uniforms immediately—Because for business reasons and patriotic reasons the demand must be supplied at once—we have made up ready for immediate delivery several thousand uniforms.

These uniforms are all custom made in our own shops and represent in every particular the same high quality that characterizes our made-to-measure clothes.

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O.D. Serge Uniforms---12 to 20 oz. materials---\$32 to \$75
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We make caps to match and can supply necessary puttees and insignia. We will be pleased to send samples of materials and self measurement blanks upon request.

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L. M. Simpson, Burlington, Vt.

PROGRESS OF THE MERCHANT FLEET.

Chief Constructor Washington L. Capps, U.S.N., who is now chairman of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, issued a statement on Sept. 27 telling in detail of the work of the corporation. It shows that during the past two months the corporation has awarded contracts for 118 wooden vessels of 3,500 tons dead-weight capacity each to twenty-seven different shipyards. There had previously been awarded contracts for 235 wooden vessels of similar type and for fifty-eight vessels of composite construction, a total of 411 wooden and composite vessels of an aggregate dead-weight tonnage of 1,460,900. The designs for machinery have been completed for the manufacture of engines, boilers, and other articles of equipment for these vessels, and specifications have been prepared and negotiations initiated for assembly and installation. Great difficulty has been experienced on the Atlantic coast in obtaining suitable lumber for these ships, and it is anticipated that there will be delay in their completion notwithstanding every possible effort on the part of the corporation and its contractors.

Since Aug. 1 there have been awarded contracts for 155 steel cargo vessels of 1,076,800 tons dead-weight tonnage, distributed among six shipyards. The most important of these contracts are for vessels of the so-called fabricated type, and special shipyards are being prepared for them. Contracts for the boilers and machinery and steel construction have been placed, and contractors are actively at work in the preparation of the sites for the assembling of these ships. Previous to Aug. 1, seventy cargo vessels of 587,000 tons total dead-weight capacity had been contracted for, among ten shipyards. Therefore at the present time the total number of steel vessels under construction for the United States is 225, with a total aggregate dead-weight tonnage of 1,663,800.

By proclamation of Aug. 3, 1917, the Fleet Corporation, under authority delegated by the President, requisitioned all vessels under construction in the shipyards of the United States of 2,500 tons dead-weight capacity and above. By this act the United States acquired a total number of 403 vessels actually under construction. The total dead-weight tonnage under construction thus acquired and on which orders have been issued to proceed with the maximum expedition, exceeds 2,000,000 tons. There are now under construction for the Emergency Fleet Corporation:

Type of vessel.	Number of vessels.	Total dead-weight tonnage.
Wood	353	1,253,900
Composite	58	207,000
Steel	225	1,663,800
Requisitioned	403	2,800,000
Grand total	1,039	5,924,700

In addition Congress in a pending bill is authorizing construction of additional vessels whose total dead-weight capacity will be nearly 5,000,000 tons. Plans for these are in course of preparation and many of them will be of special types adapted to particular necessities of war, and while substantially cargo carriers will have much greater speed than the cargo vessels now under construction. With the passage of the pending bill, Congress will have authorized \$1,799,000,000 for the Shipping Board and the Emergency Fleet Corporation and the actual appropriations made, including those in the pending bill, reach a total sum of \$1,085,000,000.

MAIL FOR DEPARTING TROOPS.

Capt. A. C. Townsend, Q.M.C., who is mail censor at headquarters, port of embarkation, Hoboken, N.J., sends the following circulars giving information to troops throughout the country, as to the handling of their mail immediately prior to departure from the United States.

Hqrs. Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, N.J.
Memorandum: Subject—Instructions reference mail.
Notice to Men Sailing: It is suggested that you write postals to your parents, stating that you have arrived safely abroad. These postals you must put in the mail bag on the ship before sailing and they will be held at these headquarters until your ship has arrived safely abroad and then mailed. Your safe arrival will, therefore, be announced to your relatives two weeks earlier than you can advise them by writing from the other side.

By command of Major General Shanks:

D. A. WATT, Adjutant General.

Hqrs. Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, N.J.
Memorandum: Subject—Censorship of Mail.
To Troops Going Abroad: 1. A mail bag is placed at the office of the quartermaster or purser where all mail must be deposited. All sealed mail will be held until your arrival abroad. All unsealed mail will be censored at once, then sealed and forwarded to destination.
2. The object of the censorship is to prevent any information reaching the enemy which would endanger your lives while en route, and therefore nothing should be said as to where you are sailing from, or when, or where to. Say nothing as to the boat you are leaving on, whether transport or commercial liner, nor whether on boats, transports, or warships, are leaving at the same time. Remember particularly that postal cards pass through a number of hands, and protect your own life by being careful to give no news to the enemy.
3. You can write your loved ones as fully and freely on personal matters as if your mail was sealed. The censor has to read as many as 1,000 letters a day. He pays no attention to names or addresses, but simply runs through a letter to cut out any prohibited matter as mentioned above. The letter is then sealed at once by him and is ready for the post office.
4. On the way over you will be able to write and tell about your trip, but remember again that your mail must go through the censor over there, so again avoid trouble by not mentioning names of boats, organizations, convoys, etc., and remember all the time that the object of the censorship is to protect your country, your comrades and yourself.

By command of Brigadier General Shanks:

T. EDWARD HAMBLETON
Major, A.G., Asst. Adjutant.

"That little or no tonsillitis has developed among the thousands of U.S. Marines now in training at a southern camp, is due, medical authorities say, to the caution of examining physicians at recruiting stations," says a Marine Corps note. "An applicant with enlarged tonsils will not be accepted in the Marine Corps, as it has been pointed out that tonsillitis is more than a 'mere ailment' and in a military camp will spread rapidly. Medical research workers have discovered that tonsillitis is the 'base' of numerous diseases, among which are inflammation of the joints and heart, the latter often proving fatal."



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Retail Prices: Tan or Blk. Cordovan, \$40. Tan or Blk. Calif., \$28.

Army Regulation Puttee, No. L04. Spring Clasp Puttee, No. L03.
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Mahogany, Cordovan, full lined, \$18. Genuine Pig, Tan or Black, \$14; Cowhide Pig Grain, Tan or Black, 6 oz., \$9.

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ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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Office, No. 20 Vesey Street, New York.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1917.

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Readers of the Army and Navy Journal who are in the habit of obtaining their papers from newsdealers should leave an order in advance with the dealer through whom they purchase, as owing to the high price of paper, dealers are no longer supplied with papers to meet transient orders.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS IN THE RANKS.

The "conscientious objector" made his first active demonstration in a National Army cantonment at Camp Meade on Sept. 20 when a group of Mennonites objected in a dignified manner to putting on uniforms since their faith forbade them to do it and they asked to be permitted to retain their civilian dress. They were ordered by the colonel commanding the regimental barracks to be put in uniform but they were told they would not have to carry a rifle or do any military duty that conflicted with their faith. This was in line with a memorandum issued by the War Department on Sept. 13 to officers commanding cantonments and camps which reads as follows:

"Commanding General: The Department has under consideration the question of what constitutes 'non-combatant service' in the sense that phrase is used in section 4 of the Selective Service Act. Until a definition is announced it will not be possible to designate the classes of duty to which the conscientious objector may be detailed. Pending final instructions in the premises the Secretary of War directs that this class be segregated, but not subjected to any punishment for refusal to perform military duty, and that timely reports of the numbers received at your cantonments be forwarded for his information, with such remark and recommendations by you as will enable the Department to consider the non-general question in all its phases."

Secretary Baker has referred the question to the Judge Advocate General, who expressed the opinion that the persons coming under the above classification could be required to perform all duties except that of an "out-and-out" combatant. In other words, the conscientious objectors, in the belief of the J.A.G., can be called upon to perform any military work which does not include the specific act of taking life. They may be attached to hospital units, section engaged in the registration of graves, or even in preparation of lines of communication or defense behind the immediate battle front.

Major Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, N.A., commanding the 7th Division, at Camp Meade, probably has more reason than any other camp commander to hope for an early decision upon the status of the objectors in this country. Among the 15,000 Pennsylvanians at Camp Meade are many Mennonites, Dunkards and Quakers whose religious tenets specifically forbid their submission to the status of a combatant. The order that they should be compelled to wear the uniform was temporarily rescinded pending instructions from the Secretary of War.

The Secretary of the Navy has not considered the possibility of removing from the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts the work of purchasing the supplies for the Navy, despite the circumstantial stories appearing in the daily press. Secretary Daniels is warmly appreciative of the remarkable record established by Pay-

master General Samuel McGowan and his assistants and has not hesitated to express himself to that effect.

THE RAILROADS AND TROOP MOVEMENTS.

Coincident with the start of the third division of the new National Army for the training camps on Oct. 2 the Railroads' War Board issued a statement in connection with the part which the railroads have played in handling the biggest troop movement ever attempted in this country. Including the Regular Army, the National Guard and the National Army, the railroads to date have moved approximately 720,000 soldiers from their homes to training camps or embarkation points. The great bulk of this army—all of it, in fact, except the 32,549 men included in the first five per cent. of the National Army that moved by regular train on Sept. 5—has required special train service, involving the use of 13,500 passenger cars, including 1,500 Pullman and tourist sleepers, 2,000 baggage cars and 4,500 freight cars. Some slight conception of what this problem means may be deduced from the fact that in the National Army movement alone the railroads have had to prepare special schedules covering the 4,531 towns and cities designated by the Provost Marshal General as the points of local concentration from which the recruits to the new National Army proceed to their cantonments. In addition, the special train movements have had to be so directed as to prevent interruption to the regular passenger service.

The longest haul made in the new National Army movement to date was that of the special train which moved the citizen soldiers from Yuma, Arizona, to Fort Riley, Kansas, a distance of 1,514 miles. This trip occupied forty-eight hours. The shortest distance travelled by any unit of the new National Army was that of the District of Columbia unit to Camp Meade in Maryland, a trip of less than twenty-five miles. Practically all of the National Guard movements to date have been of great length. The longest one was that made by a battalion of San Francisco engineers from San Francisco, California, to a point on the Atlantic Coast. This battalion included 506 men and eighteen officers. They occupied a special train comprising one standard sleeper, nine tourist sleepers, one baggage car, two kitchen cars and three box cars. Their train left San Francisco at 4 p.m. on Sept. 1 and arrived at destination at 10:15 a.m. Sept. 8.

In connection with the reports which continue to be heard regarding the great size of the latest German submarines, a suggestion made, in the course of his testimony before a Naval Affairs Committee, by Vice Admiral (then Captain) Sims, commander of the overseas destroyer flotilla, becomes of interest. Speaking of the changes in battleship design as affected by improvement in the torpedo, Admiral Sims said: "If you build a ship of 20,000 tons that has nothing but a protective deck, and so flat that nothing could get under it, that only has two towers, one forward and one aft, to control the ship, and no guns at all, but eight or ten torpedo tubes on a side, and that can make thirty-five knots, I would like to know what a fleet could do when one of them comes down in its midst? There would be nothing to hurt if you did happen to hit her, and she could fire all the torpedoes she wants to at you. One of our young officers named Schofield recommended a vessel of that type; but I do not know—it is the natural conservatism of older men who control the upper end of all services, and it is the natural conservatism of large bodies that control our Government, that do not quite like the radical idea—but one of those things will pop out one of those days, and for all we know it will come out of Wilhelmshaven before this war is over. I have always believed that a vessel could be designed in that way, without any necessity for all that waste of side armor, because she has nothing above her water line to protect, practically. She has no turrets, which cost so much in weight, and she would have no big guns, which cost in the weight of the gun, ammunition. Her smoke pipe could be armored so it could not be shot away too close to her deck to do any particular damage, and she could be armed with eight torpedo tubes on a side, and a great many torpedoes for each one of those tubes. I do not know what she would do. If I were in command of a fleet and one of those things came down on me, I think I would turn the vessels over to the second in command and go down below."

In calling attention to the need for club houses for officers of the Army in connection with the cantonments and training camps the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL alluded to the different and happier viewpoint existing in France and England in this matter where it is regarded quite as essential to provide some accommodations of this character for the officers as well as the enlisted men. That this idea has impressed itself on American civilians who have gone abroad to assist in social work in connection with the American Expeditionary Forces is shown by an Associated Press dispatch from Paris on Sept. 24, which announces that the Y.M.C.A., Army Branch, has leased the Hotel Richmond which will be opened on Oct. 1 as "a combination officers' clubhouse and hotel." By way of contrast we add this letter written from Fort Ethan Allen to the New York Times which speaks loudly of the shabby treatment meted out to "Army people" by civilians owning property near the cantonments and training camps. It is

signed "L. G." and reads: "I want to bring before the public the tremendous question of rent and board which confronts the Army woman to-day. Now, more than ever, the Army wife desires above all else in the world to be near her husband so that the family life may continue in some form up to the time that the father is ordered to France, perhaps never to return. From every part of the country where our training camps are situated comes the same cry: 'Rents are so high, board is so dear, we can't afford to go there.' Why are the people so unpatriotic at this war time as to raise their rents and board and thus make it impossible for Army families to keep together as long as possible? Prices around Camp Upton are unbelievable—at Bellport, a small home, \$1,000 for six months; hotels, single room, \$25 a week; double room, \$50 a week."

The second Liberty Loan was offered by the Government on Oct. 1, to consist of \$3,000,000,000 or more of United States of America four per cent. convertible gold bonds, due on Nov. 15, 1942, and subject to redemption at the option of the United States at par and accrued interest on and after Nov. 15, 1927. The bonds will bear interest from Nov. 15, 1917, and the interest will be payable on May 15 and Nov. 15 in each year. The exact amount of bonds to be issued will depend on the amount of subscriptions received. The bonds will be offered as before at par and accrued interest and will be in denominations of \$50 and multiples thereof. The bonds are tax free except as to estate or inheritance taxes, income tax, surtaxes, and excess-profits and war-profits taxes, now or hereafter imposed. The interest on an amount of bonds, the principal of which does not exceed \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from all taxes. If a subsequent bond issue is made at a higher rate of interest holders of these bonds will have the privilege of converting their bonds at par into bonds bearing such higher rate of interest at the issue price of bonds of such subsequent series not less than par with an adjustment of accrued interest. Those of our readers who hold Liberty Bonds of the first series and wish to convert them into the new series should make their application between Nov. 15 and May 15, 1918, both as an aid to themselves and to the Treasury Department.

Under the direction of the Navy Commission on Training Camp Activities a "survey" was begun this week of the amount and kind of recreation U.S. Navy recruits were enjoying at the training stations and camps. On the report made from this survey will be fashioned the plan for recreational work to be carried on in and around the training stations and camps. This applies especially to musical entertainment, as the survey will include the concerts in the stations and the amount of singing that the sailors themselves are doing. Following this report song leaders will be placed, as soon as the right leaders can be developed, in all the thirty-one training stations and camps of the U.S. Navy by the National Committee on Army and Navy Camp Music, which is co-operating with the training camp committees of the War Department in making singing units of the United States fighting forces. This work has been started at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station and at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. The life of the sailor aboard ship is, necessarily, an isolated one, and the plans of the committee that is working to place song leaders in the Army and Navy camps include the developing of leaders among the men themselves, so that group singing can be carried on aboard ship, after the sailors have left the training stations for actual duty, or while on a short cruise.

Word received from several officers of the Reserve Corps indicates that there is a feeling among Reserve officers that there is "unfair discrimination" involved in the lettering on their uniform collars. They point out that both the National Guard and the National Army ornaments are "U.S." with letters "N.G." or "N.A." superimposed. It is their contention that the Reserve collar ornaments should be "U.S." with a small "R" between the "U" and "S." It does not appear to us that their point is well taken. If the differentiation in the collar ornaments is intended to indicate a distinction it is certainly not an invidious one; rather the reverse. The general order which prescribed the insignia says as to Volunteers or Reserve Corps officers that their insignia is the "same as for officers of the regular service," except for the letters "U.S.V." or "U.S.R." to be substituted for the letters "U.S." The volunteer officer of our former wars has always been distinguished by the letters U.S.V., of uniform size.

A sufficient number of dentists having been enrolled in the Regular Dental Corps and in the Reserve branch of that arm to care for a larger Army than is now in process of organization, examinations for appointment in the corps will be discontinued after those of Nov. 12, 1917, unless further need arises in the meantime. The strength of the Regular corps is now about 115 officers, with sixty others recommended for appointment as a result of the July examination. The few remaining vacancies are expected to be filled in November. It is expected that the decision to permit dental students who are drafted to apply through the channels for appointment in the Dental Officers' Reserve Corps will materially enlarge that organization.

Lieut. Col. Paul Asan of the French army, now at the head of the training corps at Harvard University, has written an article for *The Military Historian and Economist* in the course of which he makes the following remarks as to his experience while training the Harvard men: "In the course of this instruction some interesting observations have been made as to the tendencies and character of the American soldier. It may be that these generalizations are a little hasty, owing to the fact that the men who made up the Harvard Regiment were on a high level of education, and constituted, so to speak, the flower of American youth; still, certain traits may be considered as characteristic for the mass. From the physical point of view the Americans are admirably prepared for war because of their education in sports and their national games. One finds in them many of the qualities which have been admired in the Canadians, and it is quite certain, for instance, that they will make excellent grenadiers. From the intellectual point of view their minds are quick and open, while their memory is good; they note the observations made to them closely, and it is not necessary to repeat them often. On the other hand, they tend to hold themselves to fixed rules, to limit themselves narrowly, and to attribute importance to negligible details. The tendency to formalism and minuteness is all the more remarkable in that it is only to be found in military matters. At every other point, religion, literature, science, it is independence and individualism one finds pushed to their extremes. Does this imply a false conception of discipline and a lack of initiative? Or should we rather not see in this the natural reaction from the profound ideas of peace with which America is imbued? Does not the young American feel that he is plunged into a business, into a world, wholly alien from anything he has hitherto conceived and requiring, therefore, a fundamentally new set of habits?"

"There is no doubt, as regards the five regiments of Engineers for the National Army now being organized, that Uncle Sam can readily fill the same from the drafted men under the Selective Service law," says Major J. E. Bloom, U.S.A., in a recruiting bulletin, "and this may be done after the men first drawn arrive at the thirty-two military cantonments and after the officers in charge classify the men for the different arms of the Service in accordance with their special qualifications or past occupation. It is advantageous, therefore, for volunteers to enlist now for any such vacancies. If they wait until the vacancies are filled from the drafted men, then volunteers can no longer be accepted. Mechanics and 'handymen' in general, including especially those between eighteen and twenty-one and also those between thirty-one and forty, can now volunteer in one of the five Engineer regiments from which they will soon be excluded." Major Bloom, who is in charge of recruiting headquarters at 236 Market street, Newark, N.J., desires to impress upon the public the advantage of enlistment for such mechanics or their helpers. So far as the recruiting service is concerned, it could now rest on its laurels and the Army rely on the above law to fill up the various regiments of the Regular Army, of the National Guard and of the National Army. Major Bloom adds: "Each of such assistants or helpers entering one of these Engineer regiments or any other body of technical troops has the assurance that by due study and attention to his work while in the Army he will return as a skilled artisan in some one of the technical pursuits and thereby be in a better position to earn much higher wages than he did before. In other words, the volunteer will be perfecting himself in his trade while being paid by the Government at the rate of \$35 per month and upwards in addition to all his expenses for subsistence, clothing, quarters, insurance, etc. He will have also the assurance of a pension if injured or if he continues in the Service."

As a development of the plan for a school to instruct men who are to conduct singing in the Army and Navy cantonments and camps, an announcement of which appeared in our issue of Sept. 15, several prominent teachers of singing have taken up this work and are on duty at National Army cantonments and other camps. Among these are Robert Lloyd, who has been sent to take charge of the work at Camp Funston, Kas.; Kenneth Clark is in charge of singing at Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md., and Geoffrey O'Hara is at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Holmes Cowper is at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa; H. W. B. Barnes is at Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Howard Wade Kimsey and Rolla W. Kimsey are at Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., and Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. LeRoy Allen is working with the national committee in helping to arrange band parts for the songs, which are to be included in the new Army and Navy song book. Vernon Stiles is leading the singing at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., and the work at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C., is being directed by David Griffin. As there are in operation this fall sixteen camps where the men of the new National Army are in training, sixteen camps of the National Guard, nine officers' training camps, and twenty mobilization camps of the Regular Army, in addition to the naval training stations, it will be seen that the need for song leaders is much larger than the supply. Men who feel that they have the necessary qualifications for this work should communicate with Lee F. Hammer, 130 E. 22d street, New York city, who is heading the committee that is selecting leaders to serve in this capacity.

Army Engineers have recommended Sheffield, Ala., near Muscle Shoals, for the site of the experimental nitrate plant and Government powder plant. \$3,000,000 are to be spent on the nitrate plant and \$1,000,000 on the powder plant.

The Red Cross Commission to France, of which Major Grayson M. P. Murphy is head, has received the following letter from Col. Benjamin Alvord, U.S.A., of General Pershing's staff: "Our Army is keeping a War Diary which is to be the official record of the war here. I have received an official communication from the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces reading as follows: 'It is well to place on record the attitude of the management of the American Red Cross in France. From the beginning they have simply wanted to know what they could do to assist in the great work before the Army. The gentlemen at the head of the American Red Cross in France are men of great experience in handling large affairs in the United States, and they have exhibited wonderful resources in ac-

complishing everything they have been asked to do.' A copy of this letter has been forwarded to the War Department for transmission to the headquarters of the American Red Cross, by command of Major General Pershing. Signed Benj. Alvord, Adjutant General."

To consider auxiliary shipping measures of war products, in the event of a possible car shortage, a meeting, called by R. C. Hargreaves, temporarily associated with a committee of the Council of National Defense, was held at the Detroit Board of Commerce, last week. Those present represented the state highways departments of the states of Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Pennsylvania, New York, Virginia, as well as district engineers from the office of Director of Public Roads Logan P. Page, and the U.S. Army Engineer Corps, R. D. Chapin, chairman Good Roads Committee, National Automobile Chamber of Commerce; William E. Metzger, chairman of the Good Roads Committee, Detroit Board of Commerce; A. A. Templeton, president of the Board of Commerce; Captain Galbraith and William Inglis. A comprehensive plan of assembling supplies at important centers was outlined, and the routes over which such products would travel by motor trucks destined for port terminals was discussed.

The Navy Department has taken over the volunteer naval school at Columbia University, New York city, in which courses in radio, navigation, signaling, and gas engines were given last spring. Enlisted men from all over the country are being trained as deck and watch officers, radio operators, and engineers. Squads of about fifty men are almost daily entering and leaving the Columbia school. Most of them are in the "deck and watch" division, and will enter the Service as temporary ensigns upon leaving the school. The training for deck and watch officers lasts one month, instructions being given in seamanship, navigation, gunnery, and signaling. The engineers remain for the same length of time, their work being confined to the study of gas engines such as those used in submarine chasers. The radio men are trained for two months.

A soldier was found guilty of being drunk and quitting his post in time of war while on sentry duty guarding a bridge. The appointing authority approved, without comment thereon, the sentence of dishonorable discharge, total forfeitures, and confinement at hard labor for one month. "The action of the court and the reviewing authority in this particular case is not criticized," says Bulletin 49, Aug. 22, War Dept., in notes on the administration of military justice, "but, as a general rule, a sentence combining dishonorable discharge and a short period of confinement is inappropriate, particularly at the present time, because of the resulting tendency to encourage a certain class of men to commit offenses in the hope of being discharged from the military service."

A new type of machine gun carriage, invented by two Marine Corps officers, is used daily in the drills of the sea-soldiers at the training camp at Quantico, Va. It is light enough to be easily drawn over all obstacles by two men, and is said to be the most practicable of its kind in use. The Marines are proud of this invention, their first contribution to modern war equipment. Duplicates of all the latest apparatus used behind the lines in France are also a part of the Marine equipment camp. They have every variety of trench, dug-out, wire entanglement and gun emplacement. Even the celebrated "camouflage" is there. Observers say that the territory thereabouts is almost identical with that of Flanders.

The Boston Navy Yard has received high commendation in the form of a note from the Secretary of the Navy, because of the splendid results secured in the repairing of three interned German ships whose names are withheld. The note reads as follows: "The successful completion of the great task of repairs on these ships, and the highly satisfactory speed trials of these vessels, is noted by the Department with the greatest satisfaction. Please inform the personnel of the navy yard and all the ships concerned that the Department commends them for the results of their efforts to fit these vessels for the important duties they are destined to perform."

The territory to be acquired by the Government in Harford county, Md., for a new Army proving ground site as a substitute for the Kent Island site will have a thirty-mile range and will include the entire southeastern part of the county and a small section of Baltimore county. The range is to start at and include all of Spesutia Island, where there are several large farms and some fine fishing and ducking shores. It will also include the famous ducking shores in the neighborhood of Bengies. The idea is to have two fifteen-mile ranges, so that guns may be fired in two directions at the same time.

An executive order issued by President Wilson on Sept. 27 reads: "It is hereby authorized through the Secretary of the Navy there shall be taken over to the United States the immediate possession and title to the German motor vessel *Hermes*, now at Honolulu, and until further directions the Secretary of the Navy is ordered to operate and equip this vessel in the service of the Navy of the United States. This order shall take effect from date."

The training camp for Quartermaster Reserve Officers which is to be established at Jacksonville, Fla., will be known officially as "Camp Joseph E. Johnston," this title being in honor of the noted Confederate general of that name. At the outset of the Civil War General Johnston was Quartermaster General, U.S.A. Major Fred L. Munson, who has been detailed to command the camp, will take charge about Oct. 8.

Stenographers, typists and qualified clerks, familiar with filing systems will have opportunity to enlist in the Aviation Section Signal Corps, U.S.A., as first class privates, with possibility of rapid promotion in grade and pay and ultimately to commissions when they show special fitness. Since the commissioning of civilians in the Aviation Section has been stopped the only way to get a commission is by enlistment.

MARINE CORPS CANTONMENTS.

Brig. Gen. John A. Lefebvre, U.S.M.C., who for nearly three years has been senior assistant to the Major General Commandant at Marine Corps headquarters, has been ordered to command the marine cantonment at Quantico, Va., where there are now about 6,000 men. Major General Commandant Barnett authorizes the following statement:

"General Lefebvre left the position of senior assistant to the Major General Commandant at his own request, as he wished duty with troops. The command at Quantico will give him an opportunity to serve with quite a large number of troops and he will find full scope for his ability in every direction.

"The cantonment at Quantico, and a similar one at Paris Island (Port Royal), S.C., were started about three months ago, each built to house about 7,000 men. It was necessary first to clear the land at Quantico, as it was nearly all covered with forest; in fact, nearly everything had to be created—the water system, lighting system, sewerage, cold storage, ice plant, and all the necessary public utilities. The buildings at the camp are finished as far as occupancy in this kind of weather is concerned and a start has been made toward putting in double floors, ceilings, etc., in preparation for winter. Each building will be heated by two coal stoves. The barracks are built with special reference to sanitation on plans suggested by the Medical Department of the Navy. The sewerage system is as complete as it should be in any city of 7,000 inhabitants. The lighting, of course, is by electricity. The water is obtained from numerous wells and pumped into concrete tanks. Dormitories are built to hold seventy-five men each. Each company has its mess hall, company kitchen, and toilets with hot and cold water for shower baths. The camp is divided into one part for Infantry, one for Artillery, and another for officers' school. The whole cantonment contains 350 buildings. It includes a good sized structure built by the Y.M.C.A., and another large amusement room capable of seating over 2,000 men. The transportation is entirely motor transportation, principally four-wheel drive trucks and specially constructed trucks for artillery. The heavy artillery will be drawn by tractors, which have been ordered and will soon be delivered. An infantry and artillery range are being constructed. The infantry range will be ready for use in about a week. The whole tract comprises about 5,000 acres of varied ground. About a mile back of the camp is a very complete set of trenches and wire entanglements have been made by each battalion.

"The cantonment at Paris Island is, in a general way, similar to the one at Quantico, except that it is divided into a detention camp, maneuver field, target range, and main cantonment. All recruits east of the Mississippi river are sent to Paris Island for training. They are fitted out at the detention camp, and after three weeks there are sent to the maneuver camp and target range. After finishing their drills at the maneuver camp, they are sent to the main cantonment and, just before being ready to leave for regular duty, they report at the main station. After finishing their recruit training at Paris Island, the men all go to Quantico for advanced training which is necessary before being ready for war. From Quantico detachments are sent to ships of the Navy, and to foreign naval stations when necessary to fill vacancies. A similar recruit camp for 2,500 is maintained at Mare Island, Cal., and after finishing their recruit training there the men are sent to the San Diego Barracks. Lieut. Col. Carl Gumborg-Andersen, who had lately been fleet marine officer of the Asiatic Fleet, was recently ordered to command the marine barracks at San Diego.

"The recruits that have been coming in for the past few months have shown marked aptitude, are picking up their drills rapidly and the officers who command them remark on how quickly they imbibe the spirit of the Marine Corps. The Quartermaster's Department has been able to clothe, feed and house all the thousands of recruits who have come in so rapidly and is to be congratulated on its excellent work. The officers who have the training and drilling of these thousands of recruits have done wonders with the men. No man who has entered the Marine Corps can say that he has not been busy from daylight till dark every day since he enlisted. At Port Royal it is not unusual for many of the recruits to request their non-commissioned officers to drill them by moonlight so that they can hasten the day when they will have finished their recruit drilling. With such a spirit among the men and officers, nothing but the best results are to be expected from men who enter the Service with such high ideals."

OUR RIFLE SUPPLY.

Brig. Gen. William Crozier, U.S.A., Chief of Ordnance, authorized the following statement on Sept. 29:

"My attention has been called to published reports that there is a shortage of rifles at the cantonments and that three rifle manufacturing concerns have been idle during the summer when they might have been engaged in manufacturing rifles. These arms companies have not been idle, but have been making extensive preparations for turning out a rifle which would give us both a reasonable degree of interchangeability of important parts and uniform ammunition. Two of them have begun making deliveries. Two days ago the deliveries of these three factories and the two Government ones were 1,200 rifles per day. The deliveries now are more than 1,300 per day and the deliveries will progressively increase. The third company, engaged until recently on British contracts, is practically ready to begin deliveries. I may also say that whenever a soldier is ready to go to Europe—that is, when he is trained and equipped in every other way—a modern rifle will be ready for him.

"At the outset of the war it was fully recognized and explained that we could pursue two courses—either experience a perfectly endurable delay and produce a rifle with interchangeable parts to use a standard ammunition, or produce rifles more rapidly but without interchangeability of parts and incapable of using a uniform ammunition. By waiting two or three months we have not only obtained a one-ammunition rifle but a rifle with parts which may be interchanged quickly on the battlefields of Europe and which may be turned out by three factories in this country. The Ordnance Bureau is willing to stand on this basis; inasmuch as every soldier will be supplied a rifle of that type when he starts for France.

"There are now at each of the cantonments 5,000 rifles suitable for drilling purposes. A rifle to each man is not imperative for purposes of drill as the companies can drill at different hours. The main thing is to supply rifles when the trained men are ready to

leave, and such rifles will be rapidly turned out now by three factories and two Government factories which have equipped themselves during the summer for the work and can supply the rifles in sufficient numbers at the required time."

NAVAL PAY SCHOOL GRADUATION.

One hundred and seventeen student officers, the largest class in the history of the Pay Corps, were graduated on Sept. 29 at the Naval Pay Officers' School, Washington, D.C., where they completed a ten weeks' course of instruction. Paymr. Gen. Samuel McGowan, U.S.N., addressed the students. The graduates have the title of assistant paymaster with the rank of ensign. A majority of them will be assigned to sea duty as supply officers of vessels of the Navy. Their ten weeks' training has familiarized these new officers with their varied duties. The assistant paymaster is the ship's business manager. The handling of money is one of the least of his activities. As the supply officer, he is charged with the supervision of the commissary, general supply and financial sections. He is also a military officer, having command of a division of bluejackets and being assigned a regular station in battle. Upon the performance of the supply officer's duties depends, in large measure, the success of the ship from the standpoint of business efficiency and the comfort and contentment of the crew. His position is that of a business executive and sea-fighter combined.

The student officers graduated on Sept. 29 are:

E. J. Alexander, Jacksonville, Ill.; R. M. Anderson, East Craftsburg, Va.; R. V. Adams, Eureka, Kas.; S. W. Armstrong, Evans Mills, N.Y.; E. C. Austin, Wilmette, Ill.; R. C. Adams, Newark, N.J.; G. F. Aldrich, Ann Arbor, Mich.

H. A. Bellows, Lodi, Cal.; E. F. Barker, Rock Island, Ill.; M. L. Brown, Corry, Pa.; J. D. Boyle, Stillwater, Minn.; M. W. Boykin, Norfolk, Va.; J. M. Bregar, West Newton, Pa.; P. McC. Browder, Washington, D.C.; J. C. Bequette, Visalia, Cal.; E. E. Bell, Leonia, N.J.; P. Bradley, Lincoln, Mass.; R. B. Bristol, Glen Ridge, N.J.; G. S. Baldwin, Youngstown, Ohio; W. A. Best, Morrisville, Va.

P. C. Corning, Washington, D.C.; G. W. Clement, Belton, S.C.; R. H. Cutler, Morristown, N.J.; T. P. Calhoun, Water Gap, Ky.; A. B. Clark, Cincinnati, Ohio; W. J. Carter, Dillon, S.C.

T. A. Durham, Pullman, Wash.; W. E. Davis, Greenfield, Ohio; G. E. Dryden, Snow Hill, Md.; W. D. I. Dower, Washington, D.C.; W. Dismukes, Santa Ana, Cal.

C. C. Edwards, East Hampton, N.Y.; E. B. Erickson, Chicago, Ill.

J. R. Frawley, Eau Claire, Wis.; W. D. Fleming, Somerville, Mass.; E. D. Foster, Cape May, N.J.; C. T. Fredrickson, Lambert, Minn.

W. W. Gilmore, Williamsport, Pa.; V. C. Gunnel, Wichita, Kas.; F. W. Grover, Bellingham, Wash.

I. H. Huebner, Skinner, Texas; J. N. Harriman, Tilton, N.H.; R. P. Hazlehurst, Baltimore, Md.; T. E. Hipp, Newberry, S.C.; H. H. Hoffman, Three Oaks, Mich.; J. F. Halloran, Fall River, Mass.; R. H. Howard, Ann Arbor, Mich.

J. E. Jones, Fredonia, Kas.; D. C. Johns, Danville, Ill.; S. A. Joy, Atlantic City, N.J.

W. C. King, Short Hills, N.J.; H. Kuhrmeyer, St. Paul, Minn.; C. A. Keeley, Maryland, Wis.

J. F. Loba, Evanston, Ill.; L. Lockwood, Park Ridge, N.J.

H. M. Mason, Blackstone, Va.; R. Montgomery, Emhouse, Texas; R. T. Mahon, Edgewood, R.I.; R. L. Marion, Marion Center, Pa.; D. M. Miller, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. W. Mitchell, St. Clairsville, Ohio; F. D. McCulloch, Upland, Cal.; L. H. McKay, Thomasville, Ga.; B. H. Micou, Washington, D.C.

R. M. Netz, Albion, Ind.; P. K. Niven, Providence, R.I.; H. D. Nuber, Washington, D.C.

K. J. Owens, Freeport, Ill.; J. E. O'Brien, Shortsville, N.Y.

R. D. Pennycock, Vallejo, Cal.; J. G. Penniman, Berkeley, Cal.; A. B. Poole, St. Paul, Minn.; Wallace Prior, Buies, N.C.; J. G. Prout, Jamaica Plain, Mass.; W. C. Preston, South Greenfield, Mo.

H. O'H. Quinn, Fall River, Mass.

W. S. Rhoades, Brooklyn, N.Y.; A. Rembert, Washington, D.C.; E. Ranney, Manhattan, Kas.; M. L. Royer, Los Angeles, Cal.; K. C. Root, St. Louis, Mo.; G. Rembert, Rembert, S.C.; A. W. Rutter, Burlington, Vt.; S. G. Roberts, Terrell, Texas.

J. C. Sutherland, Eau Claire, Wis.; R. B. Scribner, New York city; J. W. Sprague, Chelsea, Vt.; C. A. Soars, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. J. Saunders, Richmond, Va.; H. M. Shaffer, Summerville, Mass.; A. B. Shaft, Minot, N.D.; G. A. Shattuck, East Pepperell, Mass.; E. D. Stillman, Fairhaven, Mass.; G. N. Snead, Lynchburg, Va.; A. T. Sands, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; B. D. Schmidt, Detroit, Mich.; P. L. Stoketee, Grand Rapids, Minn.; N.D.; G. A. Shattuck, East Pepperell, Mass.; Mich.; F. T. Skinner, Albert Lea, Minn.; K. C. Sanders, Burlington, Vt.

R. D. Thomas, Des Moines, Iowa; M. F. Talbot, Portland, Me.; I. B. Talton, James River, Va.; H. H. Thurlby, Hudson, Mich.; H. B. Teegarden, Greenville, Ohio; M. S. Trotman, Milwaukee, Wis.

G. M. Wiles, White Cloud, Kas.; R. J. White, Watertown, Mass.; J. O. Wood, Washington, D.C.; C. G. Warfield, Rockville, Md.; W. C. Wallace, Camden, S.C.; A. H. White, Galloways, Md.

OPINIONS OF JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.

The recommendation of the commanding general, Philippine Department, that increased pay be authorized for the non-commissioned officers and enlisted men of the battalion of Scouts now assigned to guard duty in connection with convict labor on Corregidor can be approved by the Secretary of War, in the opinion of the Judge Advocate General, and the increases can be authorized. Two battalions were assigned to guard the convicts from Bilibid, but because of the lack of quarters one battalion was withdrawn and the experiment is being tried of keeping the other as a "prison battalion" permanently, except its officers. The duties are so onerous, however, that it is recommended that the pay be increased as follows: Sergeants and superior non-commissioned officers an increase of \$7 per month; corporals \$5; and all other enlisted \$3. This is a little more than half the extra pay given for the same duty to corresponding grades in the Regular Army for service as disciplinary barracks guard.

There is no objection found by the Judge Advocate

General to the proposal that 1st Lieut. Jay D. B. Lattin, 19th Cav., be renominated to the Senate as a first lieutenant of Cavalry to stand between Lieuts. E. A. Martin and F. G. Ringland "to correct an error." Lieutenant Lattin was examined in August, 1916, for provisional appointment as second lieutenant and received an average of 81.78 per cent. He was appointed Nov. 30, 1916, in the Civilian Class (Class 6). It now appears that he was then a member of the National Guard Reserve of New York and was eligible for appointment in Class 2, which would have placed him in the position indicated with rank from Nov. 26.

The commanding officer of Base Hospital No. 12 in France, may legally detail three mess sergeants—one for the patients' mess, one for the detachment mess and one for the non-commissioned officers' mess. Since there is no statutory grade of mess sergeant in the Medical Department, enlisted men may be detailed to these duties. The patients' mess at the hospital numbers 2,000, it is stated.

Dishonorable discharge of a soldier for commission in time of war of an offense which warrants that punishment in time of peace, might tend to encourage some men to seek relief from military service in that way, in the opinion of the Judge Advocate General, who recommends more severe punishments. His opinion was occasioned by the case of a sentry who was found guilty of drunkenness and of quitting his post as a bridge guard. The man was sentenced to dishonorable discharge, loss of all pay and one month's imprisonment at hard labor. General Crowder does not believe that, as a general rule, this would be adequate punishment.

COMPTROLLER'S DECISIONS.

An officer in the Q.M.R.C. who is assigned to active duty and is ordered to proceed to a seaport where he is assigned to duty as a transport quartermaster on a Government vessel is not entitled to commutation of quarters since, the Comptroller states, "at most he can only be said to have nominal station at such a seaport, his actual station being on board the ship wherever it might be and he was furnished such quarters thereon as were suitable and necessary for him in the transport service."

A depot quartermaster at a seaport who employs deck hands for vessels under his control is authorized to pay them the ten per cent. increase granted for the present emergency if they were in the Service at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, as they are civilian employees of the Military Establishment.

AN ADDRESS BY COLONEL PEYTON.

An admirable address on the obligations of a soldier and other features of military service was delivered by Lieut. Col. E. G. Peyton, 320th Inf., at Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., on Sept. 15, to the men of the 320th Infantry, commanded by Col. Ora E. Hunt. Colonel Peyton said, in part:

"The obligation for military service is an inherent attribute of citizenship. The citizens are protected both in person and property by the Government through its agencies, the courts and its officials. In return for this protection, it devolves upon the citizens to give protection to the Government in the event its institutions are threatened, and its sovereignty violated, and this protection is best accomplished by the organization of citizens into a military force. Our Constitution clearly contemplates this, and in consequence of our participation in the war with Germany, the recent draft law has resulted.

"As a result of Germany's years of preparation and her enormous mobilization of men and resources, it has devolved upon our Government to retrieve our past indifference to preparedness by appropriating enormous funds for the mobilization, housing, training, and the supplying of men in sufficient numbers to win this war.

"We are to-day fighting just as much for principle, for freedom, for protection of our citizens, and to resist violation of our sovereignty as did our forefathers in 1776 and 1812. As the Colonel told you, we are representing the American people in their war against the German government, and you are sent here for military organization and training.

"In football, and in every other game where strength and skill are required, success depends upon the physical condition of the individual players, and upon the unity of action, and team work of the whole. In the military game we call this team work, and willingness to play the game—discipline. War is a science that requires for its mastery constant study, and hard training. To be successful in the war game we must develop individual strength and courage, skill and proficiency in the use of the rifle and bayonet, and at the same time obey accurately and promptly the signals, which are the orders of your officers, and non-commissioned officers. Signals in football are never prefaced by 'will you kindly' or 'will you please do,' etc., and our coaching in the Army does not admit of the use of these courteous ballroom expressions in the transmission of orders. I want to impress upon you the necessity for prompt obedience of orders. It promotes unity of action, it is essential to success of a military mission, and it will respond promptly to the orders of its immediate chief, so that when our Colonel transmits the division commander's orders to us, we must be on our toes ready to carry them out with speed, accuracy and strength. From my observation of the spirit you have displayed, I believe you are a body of men, who, when the logic of proper military procedure and training is pointed out to you, will co-operate under skilled leadership in a way that will make western Pennsylvania proud of her 320th Regiment of Infantry.

"In your transfer from civil to military life you have acquired a number of new obligations, and you have left behind a number of rights and privileges. By reason of the uniform you wear, you are a marked man, a soldier in the service of the United States, an honorable, patriotic avocation. A higher standard of conduct is required of you. You are now governed by the military as well as the civil laws of the United States, and if you commit a military crime you have not the right to trial by jury. Your time must be employed to the best advantage of the Government, and you can't lay off for a day or so without authority. Every enlisted man has a right to take a proper grievance to his commanding officer for adjustment. No officer or non-commissioned officer will be permitted to abuse this authority over you. Of course, we don't expect to get together 3,600 men in one regiment, without having some who will have to be driven to their work.

"We are servants of the Government, creatures of orders, and I have tried to point out the necessity of

strict obedience to the lawful orders of superiors. Our non-military friends are imbued with the idea that the private soldier is also the servant of the officer. This is most erroneous. You are not required to do menial personal service for an officer. However, in making camp after a day's march you will find that the officers are busy looking out for your comfort, and it is expected that a detail from the company put up the officer's tent, and place inside the property belonging therein. This is military duty pertaining to the establishment of the camp.

"You are starting life in your new home on the level. Some have had military experience, but there are splendid opportunities of advancement for all. We must have corporals and sergeants, and the most proficient men among you will receive those appointments. There are vacancies now among the commissioned personnel, and there will be other vacancies. You have a chance to establish your worthiness for such vacancies, and your officers will be glad to recommend you for promotion when your proficiency warrants it. Some of you will suffer financially by your entry into the Service, but your military experience will improve you physically, broaden you mentally, and we want you to maintain high moral and religious standards."

STATE TROOPS UNIFORMS.

Brig. Gen. John A. Johnston, N.A., commanding the Northeastern Department, has forwarded to the governors of all the New England states, as coming within his department, a copy of a memorandum issued by The Adjutant General of the Army concerning uniforms to be worn by officers and enlisted men of state troops such as the Home Guard of Massachusetts and the New York Guard. The memorandum issued by General McCain says, in its essential parts:

"Authority to wear the uniform of the U.S. Army will be granted only to organizations over which the War Department is authorized by law to exercise effective control, and in view of the fact that such control is not legally possible in the case of . . . Home Guard, no departure from the policy which has been adopted is justified. . . . In the absence of legal authority to wear uniforms resembling the U.S. Army uniform, uniforms worn by home guard organizations should be such in appearance that they cannot be reasonably mistaken even at a distance for any distinctive part of the uniform of the U.S. Army, Navy or Marine Corps, and where a uniform is in itself distinctive no distinctive mark for such uniform is required.

"It should be added that the section of the law providing for the protection of the uniform is a penal statute and its construction, therefore, rests with the courts. No instructions that the War Department may give, nor anything it may say, can protect an offender from prosecution in the civil courts under the statute, nor can any advice that the War Department may give either aggravate or extenuate an offense."

The memorandum adds a description of a uniform which, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, is considered suitable for wear by Home Guard and which would not be in conflict with Section 125, Act of Congress approved June 3, 1916. It reads:

"Coat—A single-breasted, straight-front-four-button sack coat, with lapels, having two outside hip bellows pockets, and one outside breast bellows pocket. White metal buttons with the state coat of arms, and shoulder loops.

"Trousers—Of same material as coat.

"Cap—Of same material as coat, vizor and chin-strap to be of black enameled leather. Buttons of white metal with state coat of arms.

"Cap Ornament—The letters 'H. G.' of white metal, of suitable height enclosed in white metal wreath in front.

"Collar Ornament—The letters 'H. G.' of white metal of suitable height on each side of collar of coat.

"Rank Insignia—Same as illustrated in General Orders No. 49, War Department, 1916, pages 43 and 44.

"Chevrons—To be placed on sleeves midway between shoulder and elbow. First sergeant, a shield with three white horizontal bars; sergeant, a circle with three white horizontal bars; corporal, a circle with two white horizontal bars.

"Shirt and Collar—Of white material. Cravat—A black four-in-hand. Material—For coat, trousers and cap, it is tentatively suggested that the material be part wool and part cotton, of suitable weight, of either forestry-green or blue-gray."

THE DRAFT AGE.

Louis A. Cuvillier, of the New York State Assembly and former chairman of its Committee on Military Affairs, has recently made public a letter he wrote on Aug. 30 to Lieut. Gen. S. B. M. Young, U.S.A., president of the National Association of Universal Military training, expressing approval of General Young's proposed amendment to the Draft law to include youths between the ages of nineteen and twenty-one, inclusive. "Congress," Mr. Cuvillier wrote, "should have made the age limit, first and second drafts, as follows: First 500,000 of the ages twenty-one to twenty-eight, inclusive; and the second call of 500,000 from the ages of nineteen to thirty-two inclusive; those called at the age of nineteen not to serve on the battle line until they arrive at the age of twenty-one. According to these ages the two drafts would have netted 1,626,000. Under the present law, with age limits of twenty-one to thirty-one, only 1,000,000 is raised, and, on the other hand, if the other plan had been adopted, you would not only have secured 626,000 more men, but the law would not have taken so many valuable men from domestic, industrial and commercial life. The present law and its enforcement should have been exclusively in the hands of the Federal authorities and the states should have had no say in regard to its enforcement or operation. The law certainly should be amended as to the friendly aliens in this country, subject to military duty; they should either be required to join the Army in this country or the treaties amended so that they can be deported back to the country from whence they came and be compelled to join the armies of their country."

H. H. Sheets, secretary of the association, replied for General Young, who was then temporarily confined to his room by a slight illness, under date of Sept. 7 saying, in part: "The General desires me to say that he feels greatly gratified that you—an authority on the subject—agree with him so thoroughly. Shortly after the Selective Service law was printed, General Young prepared an analysis of certain features of it for publication.

There are many holes in the law, but it will require time and experience to reveal and correct them. The Secretary of War stated before a special committee of Congress in executive session, April 7, 1917, that the Draft law was written by the Judge Advocate General of the Army, on memoranda furnished by him—the Secretary. You will see that the bill is in no sense a product of the General Staff. As a matter of fact, the War Department recommended that the present draft include boys of eighteen to twenty-five, inclusive. This recommendation was set aside and the ages twenty-one to thirty, inclusive, substituted therefor. We contend that the word "exemption" should never appear in any law for National Service, whether military or civil. The very idea of exempting any citizen from his sacred duty in regard to the national defense is obnoxious and sets a precedent which will become more potent as time passes."

THE RUSSIAN PRIEST, ILIADOR.

A person who is thoroughly acquainted with conditions in Russia, both political and military, and who is in a position to know whereof he speaks, said to a representative of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week: "In the efforts to revive the Russian army as a dependable fighting force there is, I believe, only one individual to-day who can make the Russian people realize their peril, assume the necessary discipline in the Army, and bring it out of its present chaos. This man is none other than Iliodor Sergius Trufanoff, a Don Cossack, known to the world as 'The Mad Monk of Russia.' He is a Black Priest, which represents the highest order of education in Russia. He is the most influential priest Russia has ever produced, and is known from one end of Russia to the other.

"This priest, who is now in the United States, could exert direct and telling influences with the masses, and could explain the exact situation to them, and impress upon their minds the facts as to how the Allies are trying to save Russia, and as to how Germany is trying to destroy it. His great influence would be quickly felt, especially as he has the confidence of the people of all classes and he is one of Russia's greatest orators. In 1906-7 it was his direct influence that put down the revolution in Russia at that time. Through information furnished by him in this present war the plot between Rasputin and the Kaiser for a separate peace was exposed and Rasputin paid the penalty of his life for the attempted betrayal of the people of Russia.

"I understand that the 'Mad Monk' has received several importunities to return to Russia from people high up, as well as from the peasantry, and hopes are expressed that a way may be found for him to do so. In behalf of the welfare of Russia and to help promote the success of military operations against the enemy I know he would be glad to head a patriotic commission if sufficient funds for expenses are assured. The 'Mad Monk' is at present appearing in moving pictures in the United States, but the income he receives, I know, is very limited. Let it be hoped that the powers that be may speedily recognize the power within their reach to insure greater military assistance while the opportunity exists."

"HOSTESS HOUSES" OF THE Y.W.C.A.

The necessity of providing at Army camps some headquarters for women guests appealed to the members of the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Associations in view of their past experience both at the San Francisco Exposition in 1915 and their work in connection with the mobilization of troops on the Mexican border in 1916. Consequently when the War Work Council, composed of one hundred women in and outside of the board membership, was called to assemble in June "hostess houses" were made a regular part of the War Council program which was to include besides this club work for girls in the vicinity of camps and mobilization centers as well as work in France, Russia, etc. During the session of the War Work Council on June 6 a telegram was received asking that at the invitation of Colonel Wolf a hostess house be erected at Plattsburg. Immediate acceptance was sent and the next day the National Board experts on architecture and on cafeteria management went to Plattsburg to look over the ground. The building was dedicated within a fortnight and has been incessantly used by women friends of the men in camp. There is opportunity for rest, for conversation, for light refreshment, etc.

Similar work was done at Madison Barracks, Sacketts Harbor, N.Y., at Fort Niagara, and at Wrightstown, N.J., as well as at the Ambulance Corps Headquarters at Allentown, Pa.

Already call has come for twenty-eight of the houses from the Commission on Training Camp Activities. However, the National Board has no wish to decide on the erection of these until the commandant of each cantonment could arrive and add his personal invitation to the desire expressed by the Training Camp Activities Commission and assign sites for the erection of the houses. At Camp Upton the War Work Council has erected a tent to serve as temporary headquarters while the two houses for the friends of the white enlisted men and one for the friends of the colored regiments are being constructed. A temporary house has been fitted up at Wrightstown, pending the erection of a permanent hostess house at Camp Dix. A tent is also being used at Camp Mills, Mineola. In addition to its regular expert on building, Miss Blanche Geary, the services are being used of both men and women architects in different parts of the country.

The budget of \$1,000,000 which the War Work Council adopted at its first meeting is rapidly being raised by people being interested in the hostess houses as well as in the club work for girls and other features of the War Work program. In most instances money for one particular hostess house has been given by a group of residents in the vicinity. The support of contributors is also needed for hostess houses as erected and conducted in the more remote sections of the country as at Camp Funston, Junction City, Kansas, etc. War Work Council of the National Board of the Young Women's Christian Association are: President Mrs. James S. Cushman, New York city; vice presidents, Mrs. John R. Mott, Montclair, N.J.; Mrs. John Meigs, Pottstown, Pa.; treasurer, Mrs. Henry P. Davi-

son, New York city; secretary, Miss Martha McCook, New York city.

The National Board has its headquarters at 600 Lexington avenue, New York city; Miss Elizabeth Wilson, executive secretary. Of the war work staff, department of field work, Miss Helen A. Davis is executive; Miss Emma Hays, field secretary; Miss Katharine Scott, field secretary; Miss Mildred R. Stetson, office secretary.

AIR RAID DESCRIBED.

A detailed description of the aerial attack made upon the base hospital in France with the result, as noted heretofore, that one officer and three privates of the Army Medical Department were killed and several others injured, was received by Henry P. Davison, chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, on Sept. 15. The message came from Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, Red Cross commissioner in Europe. Five bombs were dropped upon the hospital, the explosions instantly killing Lieut. William T. Fitzsimons, M.O.R.C., and three privates and wounding Lieuts. C. A. McGuire, Thaddeus D. Smith and Rea W. Whidden, M.O.R.C., six privates, a woman nurse and twenty-two patients "from the British line." The airplane attack occurred at eleven o'clock at night, Major Murphy states. The hospital, which is on the French coast, has 1,800 beds. It is in a district in which there are many similar institutions, and is unmistakable as a hospital. After describing the attack and the death of Lieutenant Fitzsimons the report says:

"Lieutenant McGuire was struck by three bomb fragments, but was not seriously wounded. His escape was narrow, as there were more than a hundred holes cut in his tent. Lieutenant Smith was struck in the knee and Lieutenant Whidden in the chest. The private soldiers injured were on duty as orderlies in the reception tent, and the bomb fell almost upon them. So severely was Private Aubrey S. McLeod injured that it was necessary to amputate both his legs that night.

"Although the explosion of the bombs caused horror in the hospital, there was not the smallest sign of panic, and the work of discovering the wounded and collecting them was immediately begun. This was made doubly difficult by the darkness, but every one sprang to it with a will. Many of the injured had been blown from their cots, some even outside their tents. The American nurse, although struck in the face by a fragment of steel from the bomb, refused to be relieved and remained at her task courageously to the end. A hospital orderly who worked untiringly was found later to have been struck in the head by a fragment and painfully injured. He had just tied up his head and went on.

"In the operating room, Captains Horace Binney and Elliott with their assistants worked all night. Several delicate operations were performed and their task was made all the harder by the fact that in innumerable cases the patients were in serious danger of infection from the pieces of wood and nails and dirt which had been blown into their bodies. Lieut. Col. E. U. Pattison, U.S.A., commanding officer of the unit, and Major Harvey Cushing, head of the surgical force, the latter being at the front at the time of the disaster, have expressed the highest admiration for the manner in which the emergency was met. Latest reports are that the condition of the wounded is progressing satisfactorily."

DELAYED PROMOTION ACCEPTANCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

Many of us are told of our contemplated increase in rank, but have not as yet received it, due, as I am reliably informed, to the fact that many offers have not been accepted (or answered) and until they are either accepted or refused other promotions can't be made "vice (blank)" as they can't say who (blank) will be.

Can it be possible that we won't get pay or rank until we accept something that is withheld because of delays due to personal contemplation on the part of our brother officers. I have applied for service in France. Is it fair? Is it just? Meanwhile we salute our juniors with their increased rank and new boots and spurs. And our subordinates look upon us as outside the pale.

CAPTAIN OVER TWENTY YEARS' SERVICE.

The holding up of promotions by the delayed receipt of acceptances is undoubtedly a hardship for those affected, as noted on page 165, our issue of Sept. 29. It is hardly to be supposed, however, that delay in sending acceptances has been intentional on the part of those already promoted.—EDITOR.

MACHINE GUN FIRE—A REPLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

I submit the following answer to the questions by "Justus," appearing on page 116 of your issue of September 22, under the caption "Machine Gun Fire."

"Justus" gives as Problem 1, "A machine gun is firing at the rate of 1,000 shots per minute and has one per cent. defective ammunition, how many jams will it have per minute?" Answer: No machine gun fires 1,000 shots per minute. Authentic experiments carried out to determine how many aimed shots can be delivered in a minute by the types of machine guns in our Service give the following results: With the Maxim, 360 aimed shots per minute; with the Colt, 240 aimed shots per minute; with the Benét, 180 aimed shots per minute; with the Lewis, 141 aimed shots per minute. ("Machine Guns"—Banta—page 178.) These results are assuming that the guns are perfect in every way and assuming there are no jams from defective guns or defective ammunition.

If the ammunition is one per cent. defective, assuming the Lewis gun is used, the answer to Problem 1 is: There would be one stoppage in a minute caused by defective ammunition. The ammunition referred to by your correspondent is evidently that which has recently been discussed by the newspapers; the defect being that about one per cent. gave misfires. A misfire in machine guns does not cause a jam, it gives a stoppage which can be remedied in less than half a second.

In Problem 2, "Justus" says: "If it takes ten seconds to straighten out each jam caused by ammunition

one per cent. defective, how many more shots will be fired by the gun without one per cent. defective ammunition than by the one with it?" Answer: Assuming the guns to be Lewis guns with perfect ammunition, they can shoot 141 aimed shots per minute. Stoppages caused by the defective ammunition will require one-half second to correct. The gun with defective ammunition will fire 140 shots per minute, the other gun will fire 141.

Corollary: If the draft recruits are "Justus" well informed on all military subjects as "Justus" is on machine guns, how long will it take the United States to train an army?

ORDNANCE.

UNIFORM TACTICAL TRAINING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

In your Sept. 15 issue the letter by Instructor Blaney on "Why Candidates Were Rejected" deserves serious consideration. General McCain's use of the letter, in effect, makes it an official and general announcement. The first remedy for slouchiness in thought is a definite objective. Such a military training objective is found in Par. 1, I.D.R. Officers' training camps are obviously for the purpose of training officers. Par. 358, I.D.R., is clear as to the "art of leadership," and as to its fundamental characteristics. Par. 359, I.D.R., is clear as to the soundest basis for success in combat. An officer is a leader. He is a tactical leader. Par. 358, I.D.R., tells you what to teach a leader. Par. 359, I.D.R., tells you that your leader must be taught to "get a correct grasp of the situation as a whole" Par. 1, I.D.R., tells you that your leader must be taught to see how each part of his military training operates to secure success in combat. Instructor Blaney's letter does not necessarily put a student in direct contact with a single one of the subjects dealt with in Par. 1, 358, or 359, I.D.R. Therefore his standards do not necessarily result in tactical training.

The distinguishing thing about a military officer is his tactical team work training. Direct thinking will convince almost anyone that constructive and progressive uniform military training is based on Par. 1, 358 and 359, I.D.R. No amount of goose step, plebe drill, or military bearing will produce uniform tactical training.

There are many young men in the United States who are personally interested in the question What qualifies a man to be an Army officer? The right answer to this question will do much to educate the United States as to: What is military training? The right answer is: You must know what tactics is; you must know the fixed rules of the tactical game; you must be able to use tactical methods skillfully to play the tactical game according to its fixed rules. All the rest is side show.

PIE BITER.

INSIGNIA RINGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

While inspecting a system of trenches which a battalion of candidates had just taken over at a Reserve Officers' Training Camp, three young officers detailed from a Regular regiment to observe the proceedings came up and we began talking. I saw that one wore a ring of such design and size, that only a close examination would have revealed the fact that it was not a West Point class ring. I thought it a class ring and that he might have been at the Academy when I was there as an instructor, so I asked him what was his class; and was dumbfounded when he replied that the ring was the Officers' Reserve Corps ring made by a jewelry firm in Philadelphia. I asked him if he did not feel as if he were sailing under false colors, and he replied he did sometimes and that he did not wear it all the time.

This is not the only corps in the Army which has had rings that were made so exactly like the rings, which, in the Service, have, for years and years, at once identified West Point and Annapolis graduates. It seems to me that self-respect would prevent the use of these rings, which have always been used by West Pointers and graduates of Annapolis as an insignia of the training received at the national academies. I cannot believe that the class of men we have in the Officers' Reserve Corps would wish to wear rings so identical in design and shape, as to have themselves taken for officers other than they are, and am inclined to believe that through ignorance of the Army, and through the advertisements of the firm in question, they have been misled into wearing this unofficial mark of an Academy graduate.

The Academy authorities are so jealous of the right to wear these class rings that they are not permitted to be worn until the fourth year at the Academy, so that the chance of wearing them by those who fail to graduate is made a minimum. The classes take over the rings of those cadets who are found deficient for the same reason.

It would appear to me that the mere bringing of this to the attention of those concerned would be sufficient, for surely it is in the same class as wearing any insignia to which one is not entitled. The objection to these rings is that they are so closely copied after the West Point and Annapolis class rings as to be taken for them.

ACADEMY.

THE SECRET SERVICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

What is least known about our Government is its so-called Secret Service. To clear up the atmosphere for the public mind, let me explain this, or rather, these services.

The Secret Service proper is a bureau of the Treasury Department and devotes its energies to but two matters, namely: The protection of the President, and the running to earth of counterfeiters; that's all. On the other hand, the real meat in the cocoon is a bureau in the Department of Justice, the "Bureau of Investigation." In war time, this bureau is simply overwhelmed with work.

This force should specialize upon the prosecution of those who evade the Registration Act and the rounding up of German sympathizers and suspects. Do not saddle these meritorious men with the sordid duties of arresting liquor smugglers and violators of the Mann White Slave Act, as is imposed upon them at this writing.

J. A. GUTHRIE, SURG., U.S.N.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR IN EUROPE.

(Summarized from reports Sept. 22-Oct. 4.)

The event of the week has been the great British assault on Oct. 4, delivered east of Ypres, which gained positions of vital importance to the German army. The assault was delivered on a nine mile front and penetrated to a depth of a mile and a half in the center of this front. All the objectives sought by General Haig were gained, and from the accounts the Germans suffered extremely heavy losses in killed and wounded and over 3,000 German prisoners had passed into the British lines. The assault was directed against the Paschendale-Gheluvelt ridge, and developed particular intensity in the area between Zonnebeke and Paschendale along the line of the railroad leading to Roulers. At six in the morning on the 4th, the British infantry were thrown forward and upon a front of some nine miles. The early report of the assault stated that the ground ahead of the troops was rapidly occupied and that the village of Broodsynde, half a mile east of Zonnebeke, the recent English prize, had been taken. Broodsynde stands on the high ground at a narrow point on the ridge, a short distance south of the line on which the railroad traverses the rise of land, on its way to Roulers. The general line of advance indicated by the two latest moves of the offensive is that toward Roulers and Ghent, by which the British apparently plan to cut their adversaries off from the Belgian North Sea frontage upon which the U-boats largely depend for their facilities in raiding the waters off the British coasts.

The German command has been employing infantry during the past week to a greater extent than in any similar period since the engagements of June upon the Arras-Cambrai road. East of Ypres, where the British are now established on the southern half of the long Paschendale ridge, the German reserve divisions seem to have been freely thrown into the contest, while along the front held by the French forces local attacks have been delivered at more than a dozen points, and in many cases repeated, by front troops who operate as though under orders to search out a weak spot where a diversion may be made.

Following a violent series of attacks upon the new British position at Zonnebeke on Sept. 27, which continued throughout the day and well into the night, the Germans gave up for the moment their hopes of regaining the lost position. As an alternative, they directed their fresh attacking forces against the British front on the Ypres-Menin road, between the British held village of Velzeke and the village of Gheluvelt, still in German hands. For this effort they selected a front of about two miles, extending from the Polygon wood south, to a point slightly beyond the road. On Sept. 28 they advanced against the British positions to the east of the Polygon wood, but met with a repulse. After a day of inaction, due to poor weather conditions, they advanced again, in an attack that centered near the south end of the wood. They were able here to occupy two of the British posts for a few hours. On Oct. 1, they renewed the pressure with five heavy attacks on the front between the road and the wood, and east of the latter. At one point, according to the Berlin statement, they drove the British back about 500 yards, but were unable to dislodge the British from the wood, where the defense had had time to organize its defense, planting numerous machine guns. The accounts from the British side report the German losses in this locality as particularly severe. In spite of the action of the German infantry, the British artillery resumed the preparatory shelling of the German lines on the ridge with the same violence that attended the preliminaries of the advance of Sept. 20. While the German infantry developed great power, the artillery remained in its earlier state of inferiority to that on the British side.

Incident to the advance of the latter part of September, the losses on the British side, reported during September greatly exceeded those of the month that preceded, reaching a total of 104,598 men, as against casualties of only 59,811, reported during August. Although forming the attacking side, the British are reported to have such a preponderance of artillery and men in this region as would presumably make the operations of the adversary more costly than those of the British. In spite of their nearness to their own rear positions, the German infantry in their attacks endured the disadvantage of having to advance without the aid of any such thorough artillery preparation as that which preceded the British assaults. The great number, the frequent repetition, and the lack of gain in the assaults from the German side furnished indication that the counter-offensive was more costly in casualties than the original offensive had been to those delivering it.

The attacks against the French portion of the front were more numerous, but no more successful than those of the preceding weeks. Losing hope, as it seems, of effecting any favorable diversion by their efforts against the Aisne and Champagne Heights fronts, the Germans have started to test the line in other portions of the field, in some cases long left inactive. At the same time, however, the assaults in the Aisne, Champagne and Verdun regions have been kept up. On Sept. 28, Paris reported that attacks had been sustained during the previous twenty-four hours near the Pantheon farm (Aisne region), south of Royere, south of Ailles, northwest of Courcy (Reims region), near Tahure and Navarin farm (Champagne) and near Four de Paris (Argonne). All these were checked by defensive fire, before the enemy could reach the French trenches. On the 29th the German attacks took place southeast of St. Quentin, near Ailles and north of Camières wood (Verdun region). On the 30th the attack came from north of Berry-a-Bac. On Oct. 1 the Crown Prince again attempted to recoup some of his Verdun losses by another energetic assault in the area between Bezonvaux and the Chaume wood. On the 2d it was north of Bray-en-Laonnais and near Ailles that the blows fell. Only exceptionally did the German formations reach the French positions and in no case did they effect notable gains. The French remained within their infantry positions at all points, save for outpost enterprises at a few points. They were active in the air, but their airplanes engaged in bombing expeditions of a retributive nature, provoked by recent German air attacks on undefended interior towns, rather than in work of collaboration in any new undertaking of the other arms.

ITALIANS' PROGRESS ON THE ISONZO.

The Italians on the Bainsizza Plateau, northeast of Gorizia, delivered a successful local attack on Sept. 29, forcing their opponents back in the southeastern part of the plateau area toward the Chiprovano valley. This depression, which bounds the plateau on the east, furnishes an avenue through the highland area, by means of which the communications of the Austrians in this portion of the front are maintained. For several weeks the Italian efforts to attain the head or southern end of

the valley have been checked. On the 29th the Italian artillery directed a sudden and violent fire upon the enemy positions south of Podlaca and southeast of Madoni, in the southeast corner of the plateau. Here the Austrians maintained strong garrisons well sheltered in dugouts, to defend their hold upon the heights barring the access to the valley. A Venetian brigade of General Capello's second Italian army stormed the positions, meeting with comparatively slight resistance. According to the communication from Rome, 1,409 prisoners were taken. The Austrian force was made up largely of troops freshly arrived from the Russian front and including a large proportion of Poles, according to a dispatch. These troops were taken by surprise, and apparently failed to offer the determined resistance that has characterized the Austrian defense on the Isonzo front. Their lack of fighting spirit, it has been surmised, was due to a prolonged experience of conditions on a portion of the front where fighting has been at a standstill. The result raises some doubt whether the troops opposing the Russians have not suffered a somewhat similar demoralization to that of the Russians themselves. The Austrians brought up reserve troops and counter-attacked the Italians in the captured positions without avail.

In the western portion of the Trentino front, the Austrian forces have developed widespread activity during the past few days in the region of Mt. Adamello and the Canonica valley, delivering frequent raids and small attacks which have brought them no important gain. The possibility of an Austrian offensive in the Western Trentino, with a movement down the Canonica valley toward Brescia and Cremona as an offset and a check to the Italian pressure on the Isonzo, lends possible importance to the action in this region.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT QUET.

The Russian front has relapsed into a condition of more general inactivity than at any time since the start of Kerensky's Galician offensive in the early summer. The Germans have made no move, so far as is yet reported, to extend the success that they gained last week in the capture of Jakobstadt. This is the third German operation to come to a halt of its own weight, without encountering a check from the opposing forces. After driving the Russians out of Galicia, the Germans with a badly disorganized army in front of them, checked their drive at the Zbrocz river, which forms the boundary between Galicia and the Russian territory. After taking Riga they advanced a short distance to the northeast, as far as the Livonian Aa river, but have since withdrawn slightly along the south bank of the river. Beyond Jakobstadt they have shown no signs of an intention to proceed toward Dvinsk. The shortness of the favorable season remaining to them for operations in Russia, coupled with the distances to be traversed in order to reach the nearest important points in their further path, suggests the probability that no other large operations in this direction are contemplated for the present year. Nevertheless Germany and Austria, according to information credited abroad, continue to maintain on the Russian front the greater part of the forces that have hitherto been employed there. In Rumania, where the Teuton forces were recently checked in their chief eastern offensive, by the energetic resistance of the Rumanian troops defending western Moldavia, no new attack has been delivered. The requirements of Austria, in the defense against Italy have led to the withdrawal of troops from the Russian front and have thus weakened the front to such an extent as to render difficult the further prosecution of the Rumanian offensive at this time.

OTHER FRONTS.

The delay in the Macedonian offensive that the support of Greece was expected to have made possible for the Allies, arises, according to a Washington dispatch, from lack of material for the Army of 300,000 men that Greece was to put in the field. Equipment for the Greeks is to be furnished by the Allied Powers during the coming winter, according to this report, and the Greek forces will be ready to collaborate with Sarraïl in an offensive against Bulgaria in the spring.

In eastern Asia Minor, the success of the Turks against the Russians on the Persian border has been, in part, neutralized by the success of General Maude, who has cut off a Turkish force on the Euphrates river, and by the rally of the Russians, who have driven back the Turks in the region of the recent advance. With the prohibitively hot season about ended in Mesopotamia, General Maude, who faced the prospect of an enveloping movement against his position on the Tigris, has secured his left flank for some time to come by the capture of Ramadieh on the Euphrates, with a large number of prisoners.

After a night march on Sept. 27, Maude's expedition reached the neighborhood of Ramadieh early on the following morning and attacked the Turks from the east. While this attack held the Turks engaged, infantry and cavalry executed an encircling movement which brought them to the bank of the Euphrates at a point west of the town. The British cavalry checked an attempt of the Turks to cut their way out to the westward on the night of the 28th and on the following morning the Turkish commander, Ahmed Bey, surrendered. The captures included several thousand prisoners and much material.

NOTES OF THE WAR.

The Navy Department on Oct. 3 announced that an American destroyer on duty in European waters had been severely damaged as a result of a night collision with a British naval vessel. The destroyer has since been repaired and returned to duty. After the accident the British ship stood by, took off a part of the destroyer's crew and towed her into port. No one aboard either ship was injured. An investigating board of Navy officers found that the accident was due to the fact that the destroyer suddenly emerged from a heavy rainstorm which made her invisible almost up to the moment of the collision. It was, therefore, decided that no blame attached to either vessel. Unofficially it is learned that only the fact that none of the watertight compartments of the destroyer was injured prevented her sinking. When the vessel reached port, the entire aft section was awash, the galley and funnel had been smashed, and several davits carried away.

In some brief but interesting statistics made on Sept. 29 last, Gen. Sir William Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff, said that during 1917 the British have captured more Germans and four times as many guns as the Germans have taken from the British during the whole war. The British were now fighting, he said, with the best material, while the enemy's resources were diminishing. The German losses had grown heavier, while the British losses were lighter.

The British Admiralty's weekly statement of Oct. 3,

regarding the sinking of British ships by submarine and mines shows the descending curve of losses at its lowest point since the Germans began their submarine campaign. It reads: Arrivals, 2,680; sailings, 2,742. British vessels sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, eleven; under 1,600 tons, two; unsuccessfully attacked, sixteen.

Near Hammerfest, Northern Norway, a Norwegian torpedo boat is reported to have discovered a sunken German submarine lying on the sea bottom. The submarine, which was about 160 feet long, had been seriously damaged either by a bomb or shell.

Three submarines, A-1, A-2 and A-3, ordered by the Spanish government from Italy have arrived at Tarracona harbor. Señor Dato states that six more submarines are being built, and within a short time the Spanish submarine fleet will comprise ten units. Hitherto Spain had only one submarine, which was built in the United States at the Fore River yards.

The Russian destroyer Ochotnik was sunk Sept. 26 in the Baltic Sea off the southern part of the Island of Oesel, from striking an enemy mine laid by a submarine, says the official statement from Petrograd. A ship's boat, containing eleven sailors, including four wounded men, landed on the coast. The officers of the Ochotnik refused to leave and sank with their ship. The Ochotnik was 246 feet long, of 615 tons displacement, and was built in 1905. Her normal complement was ninety-eight men.

The British Cabinet has increased the army and navy pay. Proficiency pay at the rate of six to twelve cents a day will be payable after six months' service instead of two years, as under the present army rule. There also is an increase of two cents a day for each year of war service. The present compulsory allotment of twelve cents daily for privates and twenty cents for sergeants is abolished. The navy pay increase is about the same rate and the allowances to the army and navy now amount to \$1,250,000,000 yearly. The increases involve \$250,000,000 for the first year.

The French Minister of Marine, according to an Associated Press dispatch from Paris on Oct. 3 has commended, in Navy orders, the French sailing vessel Kleber, of 277 tons which, on Sept. 7, stood up to a big German submarine off the coast south of Brittany and plied a single gun so well that her opponent retreated discomfited after three hours of stirring battle. Pierre Monnier, the boatswain, who fought the vessel after the captain of the Kleber was killed, the dispatch says, has been decorated with the medal of the Legion of Honor, while the twelve men of the crew, several of whom were wounded, have been given war crosses. Seven members of the crew who particularly distinguished themselves also received the military medal in addition to the war cross.

Prof. Charles Richet, of the French Academy, Nobel Prize winner for medicine in 1913, declared before the Academy in Paris on Oct. 1 that typhoid fever has now been virtually eradicated from the French army through vaccination with the serum discovered by Dr. M. A. Vincent, of the Val de Grace Military Hospital.

The Times correspondent at British headquarters in France writing on Oct. 3 says he has seen in the last few days some specimens of a new type of German light machine gun. These are of the Vickers-Maxim type, water-cooled and weight twenty-eight or thirty pounds. One man can carry one without inconvenience under his arm.

The Germans are experimenting with a tank armed with a three-inch cannon and machine guns, according to an Associated Press dispatch. The forward end of the tank is fitted with a spur-like ram, while the upper part bears superimposed cupola, and the armored plates descend sufficiently to protect the caterpillar wheels, which thus are almost invisible.

The Technical Commission of the Italian navy, according to a report from Milan, after scrupulous tests, has approved the new type of torpedo resisting armor plate against which, it has been found, torpedoes discharged from under seacraft spend themselves in a vain effort at perforation. After concussion, the torpedoes sink at once.

The Mitsui Bishi Company, of Japan, has entered into a contract with the Chinese concern in charge of the fourteen German and Austrian steamers seized in China for the chartering of these vessels. It is understood that the steamers will be used by several Japanese and some foreign concerns.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced on Sept. 29 the opening of the new high power naval radio station in Hawaii. An exchange of radio messages was carried out between the Sayville, L.I., station and Honolulu station, a distance of approximately 5,000 miles, on the night of Sept. 28. This is the world's record for long distance exchange of communication by radio and marks a distinct advance, said the official announcement of the opening of the Hawaiian station. The tests to date indicate that communication between Washington and the Philippines will easily be accomplished with but one relay through the Hawaiian station. The Hawaiian station is one of a chain under construction by the Navy Department. The principal stations completed to date are at Arlington, Darien (Canal Zone) and San Diego. The remainder of the stations, at Cavite (Philippines), Guam and Tutuila, will be completed during the next two months.

Walter Fricke, of 104 Tenth street, West New York, N.J., was locked up at Hoboken Police Headquarters on Sept. 30 on a charge of having made an attempt to wreck the machinery of the U.S. Army transport Powhatan, formerly the Hamburg of the Hamburg-American Line. He has been employed as a machinist's helper on the ship, which is being refitted and repaired for Government service. The complaint against Fricke was made by Comdr. G. S. Lincoln, U.S.N., commander of the transport.

The football season in the Army and Navy opened with an unusual number of games on Sept. 29. At Annapolis the Navy team defeated Davidson College by 27 to 0; at Springfield, Mass., the Maine Heavy Artillery Regt. played a scoreless game with Springfield College; at South Bethlehem, Pa., Lehigh University beat the 7th U.S. Inf., 7 to 0; at Allentown, Pa., the Pennsylvania State College team beat the U.S. Ambulance Service eleven to 0.

A dispatch from Meriden, Conn., on Oct. 1 says: Confirmation has been obtained of the reported purchase of the Meriden plant of the New England Westinghouse Company by the Colt's Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Company, of Hartford. The price involved in the deal is understood to have been nearly \$1,000,000.

RECENT DEATHS.

Col. Frank B. McCoy, U.S.A., retired, whose death at Boston, Sept. 27, 1917, we briefly noted in our last issue, died in Haymarket Square Relief Station, having fallen unconscious in the Scollay square station of the subway as he was returning to his desk from luncheon at his home, 7 Euston street, Brookline. Death was due to a recurrence of heart trouble with which he was stricken in the lobby of the Hotel Copley-Plaza the night of the dinner to the Japanese mission, Sept. 10. Brig. Gen. Philip Reade, U.S.A., retired, who served with Colonel McCoy for a number of years, on learning of his death said to a reporter of the Boston Globe: "Colonel McCoy commanded a crack company of Militia in Georgia, and his drills excited the attention of officers of the permanent establishment, who thirty-six years ago recommended him for a commission in the Regular Army. He served in the same regiment with me for twenty years, and we were personal friends and professional competitors, my desire being to make Co. H, 3d Inf., the best drilled company in the regiment, his to make Company A the best drilled company in the regiment. We were also professional rivals in marksmanship. In 1881 each of us qualified as a marksman on practically the same day. In 1882 each qualified as a marksman. When the grade of sharpshooters was established, each became a sharpshooter at about the same time, and when the grade of expert marksman was established, each became expert marksman at about the same time. When I was inspector of small-arms practice of the Division of Missouri he was in every department and division contest. After his promotion through successive grades, he, as colonel of the 30th Regiment of Infantry, made an unusual record by making every man of his regiment a marksman or better. Owing to his fine record at home and abroad, Major Gen. Leonard Wood probably caused his detail to his present position." Colonel McCoy leaves a wife, a daughter, the wife of Major Lynn D. Edwards, U.S.A., of the Coast Artillery, and an unmarried daughter. The funeral of Colonel McCoy was held in Boston on Sept. 28. The honorary pallbearers were Major Gen. Samuel S. Sumner, Brig. Gen. Philip Reade, Col. Gonzales S. Bingham, U.S.A.; Colonel Gracie, G.A.R.; Col. Harry L. Hawthorne, Major Edwin T. Cole and Major William J. Pardee, U.S.A. From the recruiting station were a detail to serve as body bearers. The body was sent to Washington, accompanied by the family, with Col. Charles W. Taylor, U.S.A., as attendant. Burial was in the National Cemetery at Arlington, Va.

The Navy Department has been advised of the death of Lieut. Comdr. Edward C. Woods U.S.N., retired, at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 26, 1917. He was born in California on Nov. 15, 1875, and entered the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., as a naval cadet from the 13th Congressional District of Massachusetts, on May 19, 1894, and served on the U.S.S. Columbia from the beginning to the close of the Spanish-American War. He was appointed an ensign in 1900, was promoted to lieutenant (J.G.) in 1903, to lieutenant in 1904, and to lieutenant commander in 1910. He served in this last mentioned grade on duty in charge of the Navy recruiting station, Chattanooga, Tenn., until Jan. 31, 1912; on the South Dakota from Feb. 20 to about Aug. 26, 1912; on the Cleveland from Aug. 27 to Nov. 10, 1912; on the South Dakota from Nov. 11, 1912, to Dec. 30, 1913; on the Colorado from Dec. 31, 1913, to April 16, 1914; and on the South Dakota from April 17 to May 30, 1914. He was transferred to the retired list July 31, 1915, and served on active duty at the 12th Naval District, San Francisco, Cal., from March 5, 1917, until the date of his death.

Asst. Naval Constr. Charles S. Kendall, U.S.N., who died at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H., Aug. 21, 1917, was formerly a chief carpenter and had been commissioned assistant naval constructor with rank of lieutenant (J.G.) this year. He was born in Pennsylvania Nov. 3, 1876, and was appointed chief carpenter in 1907. His widow resides at 2109 Park avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ord. Sergt. Ernest Seifert, U.S.A., died at Fort Mills, P.I., on Aug. 21, 1917.

The body of P.A. Surg. David Gordon Allen, U.S.N., was brought to an Atlantic port Oct. 3, 1917. He had died on board a cruiser crossing the Atlantic and his body was landed at St. Michaels in the Azores, to be shipped home. Dr. Allen was born in Georgia Aug. 10, 1879, and was appointed in the Navy June 15, 1908.

Mr. George L. Dearing, grandfather of Mrs. Jones, wife of Lieut. Col. Percy L. Jones, Med. Corps, U.S.A., died suddenly at his residence at 1008 Massachusetts avenue, N.W., Washington, on Sept. 25, 1917.

Mrs. Elizabeth Fink, wife of Capt. Frederick L. Fink, Q.M.R., died at San Francisco, Cal., on Sept. 18, 1917.

Mrs. Josephine Darr, widow of Brevet Brig. Gen. Francis Darr, U.S.A., and mother of Mr. F. J. A. Darr, Mr. Wood Darr, Mrs. Josephine D. Tisdall, widow of Capt. William N. Tisdall, U.S.A., and Alice D. Lyle, wife of Col. D. A. Lyle, U.S.A., retired, died at St. David's, Pa., on Sept. 27, 1917.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Delafeld, of Little Farm, Lenox, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anita Delafeld, to Ensign John T. P. Morgan, U.S.N. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Shelton T. Cameron have sent out invitations for the marriage reception of their daughter, Mildred Douglas, and Lieut. Finney B. Smith, U.S.N., at their residence, 4901 Sixteenth street, Washington, from five until six o'clock, on Oct. 10. The wedding ceremony, which will take place at 4:30, will be witnessed by only relatives and a few intimate friends.

Mrs. M. W. Stimson, of Los Angeles, Cal., announces the marriage of her daughter, Ethel, to Lieut. Paul S. Seim, 15th Field Art., U.S.A., on Aug. 14, 1917, at Syracuse, N.Y.

Col. and Mrs. Harrison J. Price announce the engagement of their daughter, Helen Josephine, to Capt. Charles Augustus French, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A. They will be married at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, on Oct. 6, 1917.

Mrs. Frank Barton announces the marriage of her daughter, Mary Ella, to Capt. William Washington Harris, Jr., U.S.A., Sept. 19, 1917, at Calvert, Texas.

Mrs. William R. Kirkby announces the marriage of her daughter, Marita, to Capt. Richard Goodale Bryant, on Sept. 26, 1917, at Racine, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Gorham Sprague, of Worcester, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise

Katherine, to Capt. Starr Sedgwick Eaton, 49th U.S. Inf.

Miss Cora M. Rowe, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. M. B. Rowe, of Fredericksburg, Va., and Lieut. Albert D. Chipman, 13th U.S. Cav., were married at the Baptist Church, Fredericksburg, on the evening of Aug. 29, 1917. After a few days spent in Michigan the bride and groom returned to Fort Riley, where the groom is stationed.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George H. Cameron, U.S.A., announce the engagement of their daughter, Nina Tilford, to Capt. John Bellinger Thompson, 1st U.S. Cav., aide-de-camp to Major General Murray. The wedding will take place at San Diego in November.

The marriage of Lieut. Harry C. Crowl, 40th U.S. Inf., at Fort Snelling, and Miss Minnie Jensen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Jensen, at Council Bluffs, Iowa, was quietly solemnized Sept. 22, 1917, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Berg, 1879 Feronia avenue, St. Paul, Minn. Rev. Harry Noble Wilson, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony. Mrs. Crowl was a popular member of the younger set at Council Bluffs. She was accompanied to St. Paul by Mrs. Arthur Jensen, a sister of Lieutenant Crowl. Lieutenant Crowl was prominent in high school and college activities, and was secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Council Bluffs before taking up the work at the 13th Provisional training camp at Fort Snelling, last May, from which school he was commissioned in the Regular Army. Lieutenant and Mrs. Crowl will be at home at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Berg until the regiment moves south for the winter.

Miss Lulu Ann Brenner, of Ithaca, N.Y., and Lieut. David Hazen Blakelock, 17th U.S. Cav., were married at the home of Dr. E. R. Patsky, Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 15, 1917, by Chaplain George R. Longbrake, 17th Cav. They were attended by Miss Grace Parsons, of Bisbee, Ariz., and Lieut. D. A. Connor, 17th Cav. After the ceremony luncheon was served at the Gadsden Hotel, Douglas, Ariz. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Blakelock, of Washington, D. C., parents of the groom; Col. and Mrs. James J. Hornbrook, 17th Cav.; Lieut. D. A. Connor, 17th Cav.; Lieut. and Mrs. Philip A. Sherwood, 17th Cav.; Miss Grace Parsons and Dr. E. R. Patsky. After the luncheon the bridal party motored to Tombstone, Ariz. They will make their home in Douglas, Ariz., where the groom's regiment is stationed.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman H. Balcom, of Bath, N.Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Margaret, to Lieut. Robert A. Bringham, U.S.A., class of Aug. 20, 1917, U.S.M.A., of Reno, Nev. Miss Balcom is a granddaughter of the late Gen. Clinton D. MacDougall, of Auburn, and a niece of Capt. W. P. MacDougall, U.S.N., naval attaché at London. "She is one of Bath's most charming and popular young ladies," writes a correspondent. "Lieutenant Bringham comes from one of Nevada's prominent families and at West Point made a very fine record as an athlete, being the boxing champion for two years and also playing on the Army-Navy football and baseball teams. Since his graduation from West Point Lieutenant Bringham has been the guest of Bath friends."

Miss Elsa Reath, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore W. Reath, of Philadelphia, was married on Oct. 3, 1917, at St. Davids, Pa., to Lieut. John Adams Appleton, N.Y.N.G. The bride's attendant was Miss Virginia Roberts. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. Lieutenant Appleton is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Appleton, of New York city, and grandson of Daniel Appleton, the founder of the publishing house of that name. His uncle is Major Gen. Daniel Appleton, N.Y.N.G., retired. He was graduated from Yale in 1914 and was stroke oar of the Yale varsity crew of that year, which defeated Harvard.

The marriage of Lieut. D. Haldane Trevor, U.S.A., and Miss Israel Parker was celebrated on Sept. 27, 1917, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Parker, in San Antonio, Texas, the Rev. J. W. Rowland officiating. Lieutenant and Mrs. Trevor left for a short trip and will be stationed at Fort Sill, Okla., with the 14th Field Art.

Mr. and Mrs. Auguste Goubert, of Englewood, N.J., announce the marriage of their daughter, Natalie, to Lieut. G. W. L. Prettyman, U.S.A. Lieutenant Prettyman, who is the son of Mrs. Cleland Davis, wife of Comdr. Cleland Davis, U.S.N., is a graduate of Princeton and of the Harvard Law School, and was appointed to the Army from Squadron A, New York, while serving on the Texas border. He has been assigned to the 25th Cavalry.

Miss Julia Appleton Meyer, daughter of Mr. George von L. Meyer, a former Secretary of the Navy, was married at Hamilton, Mass., Oct. 1, to Mr. Giuseppe Brambilla, Counselor of the Italian Embassy in Washington, D.C., at Rock Maple Farm, the country home of her parents. The ceremony took place in the Italian marble room. Mr. Meyer gave his daughter away, and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. John J. McGarry, of St. Cecilia's Catholic Church, Boston, Mass. The bride wore a gown of white chiffon and lace with a court train of satin. Her veil was of tulle bordered with old lace. Her chief attendant was her sister, Mrs. C. R. P. Rodgers, wife of Lieut. Comdr. Rodgers, U.S.N. Mrs. Rodgers wore a gown of cream chiffon and lace trimmed with dark blue velvet and she wore a hat of midnight blue velvet. Other attendants were Miss Camilla Lippincott, of Washington, and Miss Julia Appleton, of Ipswich, Mass., a cousin of the bride and the fiancée of Capt. Charles Sumner Bird, Jr., U.S.R.

A charming wedding occurred at Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 22, 1917, in the home of the bride, when Elizabeth Wheaton Joyner and Lieut. Gerald Robinson Butz, U.S.A., were married. The drawing room was exquisitely decorated for the occasion with palms and other greenery, red roses and white lilies. At one end of the room pink gladiolas and American Beauty roses were used. The dining room was decorated in yellow, calendulas and candles with yellow shades upon the table. The hall was adorned with the United States flag only. The bride was attired in a gown of ivory satin en train, long Juliet sleeves of satin oversleeves, of Georgette crepe, the only ornament an edge of seed pearls at sleeves and neck, a veil of tulle fastened with jasmine and tiny white roses with a bouquet of the same flowers completed the costume. A pearl necklace was worn. The only attendant, a sister of the bride, Melanie Curtis Joyner, wore royal blue net over white, and carried red roses. Attorney H. Newton Joyner, of Great Barrington, Harvard, 1909, brother of the bride, was scheduled to act as best man. He received a commission, however, at Plattburg, and had been detailed to duty at Camp Custer, Mich. In his absence, Mr. Edward Sullivan, of Philadelphia, took his place. The expected military ushers having been also sent to distant camps, Miss Virginia Joyner, sister of the bride,

and Miss Martha Hale, of Bradford, Mass., acted as ushers. The bride entered the room to the strains of the Pilgrim's Chorus from Tannhauser, while Mendelssohn's Largo was softly played by an orchestra. When the bride's cake was placed on a table before her, the bride cut the cake with the groom's sword. The ring was found by Miss Hale. Little Herbert Curtis Joyner, 2d, age three, son of Lieut. H. Newton Joyner and Mrs. Joyner (Beatrice Taggart), was present in military costume. Mrs. Joyner's uncle is Brig. Gen. Elmore F. Taggart, U.S.A. Lieutenant and Mrs. Butz, after a brief trip, will report at Fort Monroe, where the former is now stationed. Miss Joyner is the daughter of the distinguished lawyer, the Hon. Herbert Curtis Joyner, and Mrs. Joyner, of Great Barrington and Cambridge, and is descendant on her father's side from a well-known English family who came to England with the conqueror, and in this country from Revolutionary officers; on her mother's side from the Randolphs and other notable families of Virginia, and the Wheatons, Morays and Warrens, of Massachusetts. She was educated at Cambridge School for Girls and at Radcliffe College, is a fine amateur actress, and an accomplished motorist. Lieutenant Butz is the oldest son of the late Professor Butz and Mrs. Butz of State College, Pennsylvania, is a young man of brilliant mind and unusual attainments.

Miss Dorothy Lewis, daughter of Col. Edson A. Lewis, U.S.A., and Mrs. Lewis, was married on Sept. 20, 1917, at Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., to Mr. Wesley Lewis Kottmeier. The marriage took place in the drawing-room of the Lewis home, and the bride was given in marriage by her brother, Lieutenant Lewis, as Colonel Lewis was unable to be present by reason of his military duties. Masses of yellow chrysanthemums decked the home and formed, with fernery and wild lemon, a pretty bower in the drawing-room, where the young people stood for the ceremony. Chaplain E. P. Newsom read the service in the presence of relatives and a few very close friends. Miss Lewis wore a dainty frock of white satin, veiled in Georgette crepe. It was made on straight lines and was without a train. Her tulle veil was fastened with a coronet of orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only attendant was her sister, Miss Elizabeth Lewis, and William Landrum was the best man. The bride is a great social favorite in San Francisco, where she has lived for several years past, and where she took the full three years' course of nursing. She was graduated last year. The groom is the son of Mr. Lewis Kottmeier, a wealthy ranch owner, at Corning.

A very pretty wedding took place at Fort Clark, Texas, on Sept. 25, 1917, when Mary Adeline Lovell, only daughter of Major and Mrs. George Edward Lovell, 14th U.S. Cav., became the bride of Lieut. Frank Henry Barnhart, 17th U.S. Cav. The quarters of Major and Mrs. Lovell, where the ceremony took place, were tastefully decorated with laurel, goldenrod, white asters and American flags. A short concert by the 14th Cav. Orchestra preceded the wedding ceremony. The bride, on her father's arm and preceded by the matron of honor and the bridesmaids, entered the room beneath the crossed sabers of the ushers and was met by the groom and his best man. Mrs. George E. Lovell, Jr., wife of Major Lovell of the Signal Corps, was matron of honor; Miss Dorothy E. Meyers, daughter of Col. and Mrs. O. B. Meyers, Cav., D.O.L., and Miss Evangeline Bateman, daughter of Chaplain and Mrs. C. C. Bateman, 14th U.S. Cav., were the bridesmaids, while Lieut. William Hones, Jr., 21st U.S. Inf., a classmate of the groom in the Provisional Officers' Battalion at Fort Leavenworth, was the best man. The bride was given in marriage by her father, the double ring ceremony being performed by Chaplain C. C. Bateman. Immediately following the ceremony a reception was held and music for dancing was furnished by the orchestra. Refreshments were served and the bride cut the wedding cake with her husband's saber. The bride and groom left the same evening by auto for Del Rio, where they took train to Douglas, Ariz., the groom's station. The bride wore a gown of crepe meteor, with a long court train, draped with Georgette crepe and beaded with crystal beads. Her veil was caught with orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of bride roses. The bride's mother, Mrs. George E. Lovell, was dressed in pale yellow, and Mrs. George E. Lovell, Jr., the matron of honor, wore pale blue taffeta trimmed with silver and carried yellow chrysanthemums. The two bridesmaids were becomingly attired in pale yellow taffeta and carried bouquets of white asters and ferns tied with yellow tulle. Among the many useful and beautiful presents was a handsome chest of silver from the Machine Gun Troop of the 14th Cav., with which the groom formerly served and which the bride's father commanded for the past year. The groom's present to the bride was a gold bar pin set with a diamond. The bride's gifts to the bridesmaids were miniature four-leaf clover pins set with pearls. The ushers were Major George E. Lovell, Jr., Av. Sec., S.C.; Lieut. A. W. Roffe, 14th Cav.; Lieut. C. E. Lewis, 14th Cav., and Lieut. P. Hazard, Cav., U.S.R. Among the guests were many officers and officers' families from the post and from the 14th Cav. and also a delegation of men from the Machine Gun Troop. The bride, who is very popular in Army circles, is well known in San Diego, Cal., San Antonio and in the posts where the 7th and 14th Cavalry have been stationed, her father having served with those organizations. The groom was a member of the 3d Provisional Officers' Battalion at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Miss Lila McDonald, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John B. McDonald, U.S.A., was married in San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 22, 1917, to Mr. George Gordon McPherson, of Manila, at the Pacific avenue residence of the bride, which was abloom with yellow chrysanthemums and other flowers in varying tones of yellow. The bridal party stood for the ceremony before the mantel in the drawing room, about which had been built a bower of fernery and flowers. The wedding breakfast was served from a table decked with yellow blooms. Miss McDonald was given in marriage by her father. She wore a smart traveling costume of navy blue broadcloth and had a black hat trimmed with pompons. She wore a corsage bouquet of orchids. Rev. J. F. Kevency read the marriage service. Miss Sue Alston McDonald attended her sister as bridesmaid, and the best man was Capt. Robert McDonald. Mrs. McDonald, mother of the bride, was in a handsome gown of gray satin elaborated with point lace, and brightened by a corsage bouquet of purple orchids. Only relatives and very close friends were asked to the marriage. "The bride has a wide circle of friends in San Francisco," writes a correspondent, "where she has lived for the past year and a half, and it was a matter of regret that not more of the number could have been included among the guests at her wedding. Mr. and Mrs. McPherson left during the afternoon on their honeymoon, during which they will visit the principal cities of the East, making the

journey in leisurely fashion and remaining for some time in Boston and its vicinity, where they expect eventually to make their home. Gordon McPherson is the son of Mrs. G. B. McPherson, of London, and the late Colonel McPherson, of the Royal Field Artillery."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Dunkle announce the engagement of their sister, Margaret Louise Jackson, to Lieut. James Stoughton Mathers, Q.M.R.C.

A wedding of unusual interest to many Army people was that of Major Andrew J. White, Inf. Nat. Army, and Miss Dena Tyrl Nelson, of Aurora, Ill., which occurred at the Bellevue Stratford, Philadelphia, Sept. 24, 1917. Rev. Edward Ninde, a prominent Methodist minister of Germantown, Pa., officiated. Following the wedding an elaborate dinner was served in the hotel banquet room to their relatives and friends who attended the wedding. "The bride," writes a correspondent, "is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Nelson, of Aurora, Ill., and is a reader of unusual ability, having graduated from the Columbia School of Oratory, Chicago, Ill. She is well known in Philadelphia. She is a sister of Mrs. F. M. Kennedy, wife of Capt. F. M. Kennedy, who is stationed at the Balloon School, Fort Omaha. Major White is a graduate of West Point, class of 1904. He has seen service in Panama, Alaska, and for the past two years has been on border duty at Douglas, Ariz. At the time of his marriage he was stationed with the 22d Infantry at Fort Jay, N.Y. He was recently promoted and ordered to Camp Shelby, Miss., as Division Adjutant of the 38th Division. His efficiency as an officer and his congenial manner have made him many friends who will be glad to hear of his marriage."

Miss Marion E. Babcock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred J. Babcock, was married to Capt. Reginald L. Jones, Signal Officers' Reserve Corps, in New York city Oct. 2, 1917, in the Broadway Tabernacle by the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson. A small reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, 316 West Seventy-ninth street.

Mrs. Ella A. Misner announces the marriage of her daughter, Doris, to Lieut. Col. R. M. Brambila, N.A., at Seattle, Wash., on Sept. 11, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Smith, of 477 Putnam avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Cristin Ralston, to Lieut. Victor R. Couder, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Couder, of New York city.

Miss Angela Fitzgerald, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher J. Fitzgerald, of Riverside, Conn., and Lieut. Leighton Wood, U.S.N., were married at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, New York city, by the Rev. Dr. Chambers on Sept. 22, 1917.

The wedding of 1st Lieut. William Lynch Gibson, U.S.A., and Miss Virginia Maslin was celebrated at St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church, Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 27. Lieutenant Gibson is a son of Dr. W. S. Gibson, of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, and Miss Maslin is the daughter of Mrs. Carvil Maslin, of Chestertown, Md. They will reside at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., where Lieutenant Gibson is assigned to duty with the 1st U.S. Cav.

Owing to war conditions the wedding of Miss Priscilla Phillips Mudge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mudge, to Lieut. Evan Urner Rinehart, U.S.N., son of the late E. T. Rinehart and Mrs. Rinehart, took place Sept. 8, 1917, at the First Unitarian Church, Ridgewood, Md., the Rev. Charles A. Wing officiating. After a brief wedding journey Lieutenant Rinehart will join his ship, the Wyoming, and his bride will visit her parents at their cottage at Ridgewood, Md. Lieutenant Rinehart graduated from the Naval Academy in 1908. His brother T. Warden Rinehart was his best man. The ushers were Lieut. M. A. Leahy, U.S.N., Lieut. John Pennington, M.D., Lieut. Nathan Bushnell, jr., U.S. Coast Defense Reserve and Ensign Robert Dixon Bartlett, U.S.N.R.F.

PERSONALS.

(Contributions to this column are always welcome. We shall be pleased to receive items from officers in Europe.)

Mrs. David W. Todd, wife of Captain Todd, U.S.N., has returned to Washington, from Mountain Lake, Va.

Mrs. George Barnett will join Major General Barnett, U.S.M.C., at the marine barracks, D.C., early in October.

Comdr. and Mrs. Frank B. Freyer, U.S.N., have recently leased the residence, 1722 Connecticut avenue, Washington.

Major Gen. and Mrs. Erasmus M. Weaver, U.S.A., registered at the Astor, New York, last week. They are now in Washington.

Major Gen. and Mrs. John L. Clem, U.S.A., and daughter are at their apartment, 1870 Wyoming avenue, Washington, for the season.

Mrs. Herman Edward Fisher, wife of Lieutenant Fisher, U.S.N., has joined her mother, Mrs. Charles Grayson Dulin, in Washington.

Col. C. H. Hunter, U.S.A., has left the Hotel Van Rensselaer, New York city, and is living at 115 West Sixteenth street, New York city.

Mrs. Henry J. Hunt will occupy an apartment at Hammond Court, Washington, during Colonel Hunt's absence on duty in Des Moines, Iowa.

Major and Mrs. Frederick V. Krüg, U.S.A., have recently arrived in Washington from Omaha and have taken an apartment at Copley Courts.

Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, U.S.A., addressed the members of the 12th Field Artillery from Fort Myer, Va., at Epiphany Church, Washington, on Sept. 30.

Mrs. Hugh McLean Walker, wife of Lieutenant Commander Walker, U.S.N., retired, who is now at Atlantic City, N.J., will spend the winter in Washington.

Major Dana H. Crissy, Av. Sec., S.C., left San Diego for his new station at San Antonio, Texas, on Sept. 29. Mrs. Crissy and two little daughters will remain at Fort Rosecrans, temporarily joining Major Crissy in the winter.

Mrs. Charles L. Hussey, wife of Captain Hussey, U.S.N., has returned to Washington from New London, Conn., and will spend several months there with her parents, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Willard H. Brownson, U.S.N., retired.

Mrs. Elvin R. Heiberg, widow of Major Heiberg, U.S.A., and young daughter will spend the winter in Washington. They spent the summer in the Adirondacks and afterward went to West Point, where Mrs. Heiberg's son is a cadet.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. William S. Benson, U.S.N., and Major Gen. and Mrs. George Barnett were among the patrons of the great Rosemary Pageant of the National American Red Cross which was held at Huntington, L.I., on Oct. 5.

A daughter was born to Capt. and Mrs. Frank Asbury Turner, 7th Field Art., U.S.A., at Washington, D.C., on Sept. 30, 1917.

Mrs. John T. Bullis and Miss Octavia Bullis will be guests this week of Col. and Mrs. William Glasgow at Fort Myer, Va.

Mrs. William Meade Coulling gave a luncheon at the Army and Navy Club on Tuesday in honor of Mrs. T. W. Edwards, of Leesburg.

A daughter, Constance Kathryn Mary Baker, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. Wilder D. Baker, U.S.N., on Sept. 16, 1917, at San Francisco, Cal.

Mrs. John Winthrop Wadleigh has sailed from New York for Port au Prince to join Major Wadleigh, who has been stationed there for the past year, in the 1st Brigade of Marines.

Mrs. J. R. Baker and son have returned to Fort Porter, N.Y., after spending several weeks with her husband, Capt. J. R. Baker, who is in command of Bakery Company No. 18 at Syracuse.

Mrs. Robert Alexander and Robert Alexander, jr., who spent the summer with Colonel Alexander at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., have returned to Washington and have taken an apartment at Willard Courts.

A son, Lawrence Philip Bischoff, jr., was born to Lieut. and Mrs. L. P. Bischoff, U.S.N., at Annapolis, Md., on Oct. 1, 1917. Lieut. and Mrs. Bischoff have leased a house for the following year at 240 Prince George street.

Miss Marie Peary, daughter of Civil Engr. Robert E. Peary, U.S.N., was the honor guest at a luncheon of twelve covers given at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, on Oct. 1, by Mrs. Harvey Delano, wife of Lieutenant Delano, U.S.N.

Major J. T. Loree, Q.M. Corps, N.Y.N.G., on duty on the staff of Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, 27th Division, arrived at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C., Oct. 3 from New York, where he had remained behind to transact official business. He will assist Col. Henry S. Sternberger, Q.M., in his numerous duties.

Mrs. Alice M. Everson, mother of Lieut. John H. Everson, is spending a month at Valley Ranch in New Mexico, in company with Miss Fanny Evans, of New York. Later she will be joined by Lieutenant Everson's wife and son, little Jack, in California, where they will spend the winter. Lieutenant Everson is on duty in Europe.

Mrs. Harry Taylor, wife of Brigadier General Taylor, U.S.A., now serving on Major General Pershing's staff in France, and her two children are at the Bancroft, Washington, accompanied by Mrs. Taylor's mother, Mrs. Arthur Yates, widow of Captain Yates, U.S.N. Mrs. Roswell Blair, wife of Ensign Blair, U.S.N., and small son are also at the Bancroft.

Capt. William A. Carleton, Q.M.C., U.S.A., has taken up the duties of camp quartermaster at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala. having been relieved as disbursing quartermaster at Montgomery, Ala., by Capt. A. J. Stuart, Q.M.C., U.S.A. Mrs. Carleton is making her home temporarily in Anniston, but will shortly leave for New York city for the purpose of continuing her vocal studies and taking a course in French and Italian.

Major Herman J. Koehler, U.S.A., master of the sword, West Point, was a visitor at Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 29. He is director of athletics in the U.S. Army and is paying particular attention to the training camps and cantonments. At Camp Travis Major Koehler had a conference with Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, division commandant, and with Capt. Walter Moore, division athletic instructor, on plans for the athletic instruction of the recruits.

Mrs. Peter E. Marquart arrived in Columbia, S.C., Sept. 20 and will make her home at the Jefferson Hotel, to be near Colonel Marquart, who is with the National Army at Camp Jackson. Mrs. Marquart is recovering from some very severe bruises and sprains, received in a railroad wreck, having been a passenger on the L. & N. fast train No. 38, "New Orleans to New York," which jumped the track at Kirkland, Sept. 19. Although traveling at a speed of forty-five miles per hour at the time of the wreck, by a sheer miracle no one was killed—due perhaps to the fact that the five all-steel Pullmans, which turned completely over, became buried in the soft marsh land, bringing the train to a quick stop. A special relief train, with passengers from the wreck, arrived in Montgomery, Ala., about 4 o'clock p.m., Sept. 19.

An automobile assigned by the War Department to Col. T. Q. Donaldson, U.S.A., Inspector of the Eastern Department, upset at Hillside and Queens avenues, near Jamaica, N.Y., Sept. 30, instantly killing George D. McDonald, of No. 764 Columbus avenue, and injuring slightly Sergt. Raymond W. Gove, U.S.A., of the Q.M. Corps, chauffeur to Colonel Donaldson. A moment before it turned over the car struck a rear wheel of a lighter machine occupied by Daniel Burkholder, his wife, Helen, and their daughters, Clara and Mary, of Hempstead. All were thrown out but only Mrs. Burkholder was severely hurt. Her nose was broken. Reports as to the cause of the accident differ. Sergeant Gove, who was driving Colonel Donaldson's machine and who was arrested on a charge of homicide, says the steering gear of his car snapped and he was unable to control it. The Burkholders say Sergeant Gove was driving at the rate of over thirty miles an hour and dashed into their machine.

Writing of "Holden of the Navy" in a letter to the Burlington, Vt., Free Press, Comdr. W. T. Cluverius, U.S.N., says: "For Vermont, doing her share, sending her sons into the Army and the Navy, there is no name worthier of example and no career of complete professional devotion than that of one of her sons, Comdr. Jonas Hannibal Holden, U.S. Navy. His life was the embodiment of service and his death, its consummation. Nothing swerved him from duty and he hastened ever from task to task. So it was, when death came. Two years ago he was hurrying to Washington from his ship on the coast of Mexico in order to take up the arduous direction of the Navy's target practice. Aug. 16, 1915, the ship in which he had taken passage was lost with all hands during a hurricane in the gulf. Twenty-five years ago we entered the gates of Annapolis together and, afloat and ashore, at home and abroad, I knew him. At the Naval Academy his purpose was preparation for service. As a commissioned officer his professional equipment was unsurpassed. He was sought out by his seniors who wanted important work done. His juniors relied on his judgment. His men were quick to do his bidding. No matter how slight the contact, his zeal was impressed upon others. And, withal, he was held in affectionate regard. And now he is gone and the pity of it, at such a time of national need when men of his stamp and stamina are everywhere in demand. But his sacrifice is not in vain, for his memory lives to-day in many brave hearts in the fleet and is a continuing inspiration to service."

Gen. and Mrs. Goethals are at the Hotel Astor, New York city, for the present.

Major and Mrs. John Porterfield Spurr are stationed at Fort McKinley, Me. Major Spurr is in command of the post.

Comdr. and Mrs. W. K. Riddle, U.S.N., announce the birth of a son, William Russell Riddle, on Sept. 22, 1917, at Brooklyn, N.Y.

A son, Walter Frederick Jacobs jr., was born to Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. W. F. Jacobs, U.S.N., at Saranac Lake, N.Y., on Sept. 19, 1917.

Mrs. Conway Hillyer Arnold, widow of Rear Admiral Arnold has taken an apartment at 235 Fort Washington avenue, New York.

A daughter, Mary Elizabeth, was born to Capt. and Mrs. B. O. Reynolds, Field Art., N.G., at Grand Rapids, Mich., on Sept. 24, 1917.

A daughter, Marjorie Eloise Vestal, was born to Capt. and Mrs. Marion P. Vestal, 63d U.S. Inf., at San Francisco, Cal., on Sept. 24, 1917.

Lieut. and Mrs. H. F. D. Davis, U.S.N., announce the arrival of a son, Francis Curtis Davis, on Aug. 25, 1917, at Marblehead Neck, Mass.

Mrs. John C. Pegram after spending several months with relatives in Virginia has joined Captain Pegram, who is on duty at Governors Island.

Mrs. Edward D. Ardery, wife of Major Edward D. Ardery, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., is at present staying at Forest Hills Inn, Forest Hills, L.I., N.Y.

Mrs. Sydney A. Cloman has recently joined the large Army colony at Louisville, Ky. Colonel Cloman is with the 84th Division at Camp Zachary Taylor nearby.

Mrs. George A. Matile will spend the winter in East Orange, N.J., where she has taken an apartment at 7 Lenox avenue. Captain Matile is with General Pershing's forces abroad.

Mrs. W. E. Shedd, wife of Capt. W. E. Shedd, U.S.A., who is on duty in France with the American Expeditionary Forces, is the guest of her father, Hon. G. B. Patterson, at Key West, Fla.

Mrs. Cameron and the Misses Nina and Margaret Cameron have taken a house, 2643 Fourth street, San Diego, Cal., for the winter to be near Gen. G. H. Cameron, who is at Camp Kearny, Linda Vista.

Mrs. Bundy, wife of Gen. Omar Bundy U.S.A., is now located for the winter at 1808 Columbia road, N.W., Washington. She and Mrs. Mann, wife of General W. A. Mann, U.S.A., will live together during their husband's absence in France.

Mrs. J. T. Newton has closed her summer home at Monroe, N.Y., and gone to Pinehurst to arrange for letting her cottage there, returning to Schenectady, N.Y., to join Commodore Newton for the winter where their address will be 12 West Church street.

The address of Mrs. Thomas H. Jackson, wife of Lieut. Col. T. H. Jackson, Corps of Engrs., is 5960 Kingsbury Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo., during Colonel Jackson's tour of duty in France. Mrs. Jackson is preparing for secretarial work with a Red Cross organization.

Major R. E. Beebe, U.S.A., who returned from Manila recently, has reported at Camp Gordon, Ga., as assistant chief of staff of the 82d Division. Mrs. Beebe and sons, who have been spending the summer in California, have joined Major Beebe and will be in Atlanta this winter.

Mrs. George Dewey, widow of Admiral Dewey, has resigned as honorary chairman of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League. Mrs. Dewey, in addition to being the honorary secretary of the Comforts Committee, is president of the Woman's Naval Service, Incorporated, an organization engaged in doing educational work in close co-operation with the Navy Department.

Lieut. and Mrs. E. C. Wright, Phil. Scouts, U.S.A., retired, are at the St. James Hotel, Davenport, Iowa. They will be at home at 1615 West Pleasant street in that city after Oct. 15. Lieutenant Wright is in charge of the U.S. Army recruiting district of East Iowa and part of Illinois with headquarters in Davenport.

A dinner was given at the Algonquin Club, Boston, on Sept. 20 by Col. and Mrs. Warren P. Newcomb, U.S.A., in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. John A. Johnston, N.A. Among the guests were Col. and Mrs. R. L. Howze, U.S.A., Mrs. Summerlin, Major and Mrs. S. G. Shurtle, U.S.A., Lieut. J. J. O'Hare, U.S.A., Mr. and Mrs. I. Tucker Burr, Dr. C. C. Foster and Mrs. J. B. Russell.

Capt. William L. Covell, who recently was given an honorable discharge from the New York National Guard, after having been in command of Company F, of the 7th Regiment of Infantry, of that state for more than six years, and who saw Mexican border service with his organization a year ago, has been commissioned in the ordnance section of the Officers' Reserve Corps with the rank of captain.

Major and Mrs. Charles C. Benedict, Aviation Section S.C., gave a dinner this week at the Inman Hotel in Champaign, Ill., for Captain Montariol, Lieut. and Madame Maurice Saffy, of the French Aviation Corps; Capt. and Mrs. James Finch, Med. Corps, and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Spalding, of Champaign. Major and Mrs. Benedict are living at Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., where Major Benedict is stationed.

Mrs. Moore, widow of Major James T. Moore, U.S.A., has returned to Washington from West Point, N.Y., where she went from the graduation of her son, and Fort Snelling Minn., where she was visiting her brother, Capt. Charles H. Mason, G.S., who is now on duty in Washington, and has taken an apartment at the Marlborough, where Mrs. Moore will be with him for the winter. Lieut. Kenneth M. Moore is spending his graduation leave, which has been extended until Oct. 20, with them.

Among the arrivals at the Hotel Astor, New York city, for the week of Oct. 2, are Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, U.S.A., retired; Brig. Gen. and Mrs. F. U. Robinson, U.S.A., retired; Major Gen. and Mrs. W. W. Wotherpoon, U.S.A., retired; Col. and Mr. Halsey Dunwoody, U.S.A.; Col. Edward M. Markham, U.S.A.; Lieut. Col. James Bell U.S.A.; Major and Mrs. F. J. Ostermann, U.S.A.; Major John M. Field, U.S.A.; Comdr. C. J. Lang, U.S.N.; Lieut. Comdr. J. S. Dowell, U.S.N.; Lieut. and Mrs. L. R. Gray, U.S.N., and Lieut. J. H. Sprague, U.S.N.

"Donald Marion McRae, a veteran of the Canadian forces and wearer of a military cross for conspicuous gallantry, appeared recently at the headquarters of the Department of the Northeast, to ascertain how he might enter the U.S. Army," says the Boston Globe. "He enlisted in the 14th Canadian Infantry, in 1915, and served in the Somme, Vimy Ridge and other important battles. He was awarded the military cross for special efficiency in leading his men into the enemies' trenches. He is a Minnesotan, son of Col. J. H. McRae, at present Adjutant General in Hawaii."

Major and Mrs. Charles E. T. Lull, U.S.A., are staying at 1915 I street, Washington.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. David S. Gordon, U.S.A., returned to Washington last week from Atlantic City.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles T. Griffith, 4th Field Art., U.S.A., have taken an apartment at the Cairo, Washington.

A son, Donald Neal McKay, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. William G. McKay, M.R.C., at Fort Monroe, Va., Sept. 26, 1917.

Frank J. Little, of Rochester, N.Y., was commissioned a first lieutenant, Cavalry O.R.C., with date of rank July 16, 1917.

Mrs. Spencer S. Wood and Miss Margaret Wood, wife and daughter of Captain Wood, U.S.N., will be in Washington this season.

Lieut. and Mrs. H. E. Knight, U.S.A., of 1908 Sills avenue, Louisville, have as their guest Miss Dorothy Foote, of Plattsburg, N.Y.

A daughter, Margaret Elizabeth Davis, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. Henry B. Davis, M.C., 4th Pa. Inf., on Sept. 26, 1917, at Lancaster, Pa.

Lieut. and Mrs. Alexander Sharp, jr., U.S.N., and the former's mother, Mrs. Alexander Sharp, sr., have taken apartments at 1818 Kalorama road, Washington.

Capt. M. B. Angell, Inf. R.C., and Mrs. Angell, of New York city, were recent guests at the Tavern, New London, N.H.

Lieut. Lucien H. Vandoren, U.S.M.C., stationed at Quantico, Va., has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore J. Vandoren, at Hyattsville, Md., for a few days.

The Canadian Military Gazette of Sept. 25 announces that Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, N.A. (N.Y.N.G.), recently visited Toronto for hints and also made a visit to Camp Borden.

Mrs. William Meade Culling and her little daughter have returned to their apartment at the Mendota, Washington, D.C., after spending the summer at Atlantic City and in Virginia.

Mrs. Arthur C. Ducat has closed her apartment at the Westmoreland, Washington, and will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Gerard L. McEntee, at Presidio of Monterey, Cal.

Mrs. Otto F. Lange, wife of Captain Lange, U.S.A., is visiting her parents, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Walter Fitzhugh Worthington, at their residence, 111 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Harvey Delano, U.S.N., who have recently returned to Washington, were the guests of honor at a dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. George Richard Smith on Sept. 26.

Mrs. George S. Simonds, wife of Colonel Simonds, U.S.A., who is now in France, has quarters at West Point. Her mother, Mrs. John H. Page, widow of Gen. J. H. Page, U.S.A., is with her.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Fred R. Payne, U.S.N., were hosts at a box party at the Metropolitan Opera House, Philadelphia, Pa., on Oct. 1, at the showing of the war film of the U.S. Army and Navy.

Mrs. Robert R. Ralston and two little daughters arrived on Sept. 27 in Washington, where they have taken an apartment at the Cordova during Colonel Ralston's absence on duty at Columbia, S.C.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. W. B. Cowin, U.S.A., announce the birth of a daughter, Sept. 26, 1917, at Battle Creek, Mich. Colonel Cowin's family have taken a house, 27 Orchard place, Battle Creek, for the winter.

Mrs. James H. Watmough, widow of Pay Director Watmough, U.S.N., has leased her Wyoming avenue residence Washington, to Mrs. Price Collier, of New York, and has taken an apartment on Sixteenth street.

Mrs. James Thornton Watson will spend the winter at the Washington, Baltimore, Md., where she has taken an apartment during the absence of Lieutenant Colonel Watson, U.S.A., at Camp Dix, where he is detailed with the National Army.

Mrs. Dew, widow of Capt. Roderick Dew, U.S.A., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bracken, 316 Sixth avenue, La Grange, Ill., where she has been since the death of her husband. Mrs. Bracken is a sister of the late Captain Dew.

Lieut. Gen. G. T. M. Bridges, of the British army, who was a member of the Palfour mission to the United States last summer, has lost a leg below the knee in consequence of a wound received in action, according to the London Times.

Mrs. H. C. Coburn, jr., and Betty, wife and daughter of Major Coburn, Med. Corps, U.S.A., have arrived in Washington, where they will be the guests of Major Coburn's parents at 2111 G street, N.W., during the former's absence abroad.

Mrs. Allen, widow of Gen. Charles J. Allen, U.S.A., and Miss Grace Allen are occupying their cottage, Sea Rest, on Starbuck's Neck. Mrs. Allen will remain during the autumn, but Miss Allen returns to the School for Nurses in Washington, D.C., next week.

A page picture of Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, N.A., is published in the New York Herald Magazine of the War for Sept. 30, 1917. It shows the General in service uniform. With a number of other general officers he is now on special military observation tour.

Mrs. Leigh C. Palmer, wife of Rear Admiral Palmer, U.S.N., has charge of the ball to be given in Washington on Thanksgiving night for the benefit of the Navy Relief. It is hoped that the ball will be even more of a success than it has been in former years. Mrs. Palmer is now at Atlantic City for a brief stay.

Mrs. Carol A. Devo, who will leave Washington in the near future to join Major General Devo, U.S.A., in San Francisco, was the guest of honor at a farewell reception held at the Cairo, Washington, last week, by the Cairo Red Cross Chapter of which Mrs. Devo was president. The chapter presented Mrs. Devo with a lovely Red Cross pin studded in pearls and sapphires in appreciation of her untiring efforts in the chapter's behalf. Mrs. Henry McCalm, wife of The Adjutant General, will succeed Mrs. Devo as president.

Lieut. Col. Eugene W. VanC. Lucas, formerly in command of the 22d Engrs., N.Y.N.G., and a former officer Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., was recently commissioned a lieutenant colonel of engineers in the National Army and assigned to duty with the 304th Engineers at Camp Meade, Annapolis, Junction, Md. Colonel Lucas, in addition to his Army experience, has held important state appointments in an engineering advisory capacity, and has also been engaged in other fields of enterprise. Colonel Lucas was largely responsible for the early preparation of Camp Whitman, N.Y., for troops which were being mobilized in 1916 for duty on the Mexican border. The work had to be greatly rushed and many difficulties as to water supply, etc., had to be overcome.

Col. and Mrs. Charles B. Byrne, U.S.A., have leased their house in Nineteenth street for the winter and have taken an apartment at 1316 New Hampshire avenue.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frank McIntyre, U.S.A., will close their country place, Randalia, near Chesapeake City, Md., early in October and return to Washington.

Mrs. Charles A. Blakely and small sons, John and Marks, have left New London, Conn., for Mobile, Ala., where they will remain while Lieutenant Commander Blakely is in foreign waters. Mrs. Blakely's address is 44 South Ann street, Mobile, Ala.

Major Gen. W. W. Wotherspoon, U.S.A., retired, reviewed the 83d Brigade, 42d Division, National Guard, on the Hempstead Plains, N.Y., near the Mineola Fair Grounds, on Sept. 30. He expressed himself as more than pleased with the appearance of the men.

Miss Mary Veeder, daughter of Commodore Ten Eyck DeWitt Veeder, U.S.N., was one of the bridesmaids at the marriage of Miss Lucie Newton Turner and Mr. Henry F. Talbot, which took place at the Plains, Va., on Sept. 12. Mr. Talbot is in training in the Ambulance Unit at Allentown, Pa.

Lieut. Joseph J. O'Hare, says the Boston Globe, is planning, if he can get away, to go to New York city, where he has been invited to represent West Point at the annual conference held by Walter Camp for the revision and interpretation of football rules. Lieutenant O'Hare played guard four years on the West Point team.

At the dinner given to the members of the Japanese mission to the United States by the Mayor of New York in that city on Sept. 20, the following Regular Army and Navy officers were present as guests: Brig. Gen. James A. Irons, Col. Samuel E. Tillman, Rear Admirals Nathaniel R. Usher, Albert Gleaves and Capt. W. W. Phelps.

Mrs. Larry Taylor, wife of Brigadier General Taylor, U.S.A., and children and the former's mother, Mrs. Arthur Yates, widow of Captain Yates, U.S.N., will spend the winter at the Westminster, Seventeenth and Q streets, Washington. Mrs. Wilson Brown, mother of Comdr. Wilson Brown, U.S.N., will also be at the Westminster this season.

The firm of Goethals, Jamieson, Houston and Jay, of No. 40 Wall street, New York city, announced on Oct. 3 that Gen. George W. Goethals, U.S.A., had been elected president of the Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation. The General has accepted the office with the view of doing some work that will be useful and assist in the prosecution of the war.

Mrs. T. Paddock Sears, of New York city, entertained at San Francisco, Cal., recently, a lunch party, complimentary to Mrs. S. I. Bryan, mother of Mrs. L. B. Burroughs, at St. Francis Hotel, beauty red roses being used. Other guests were Mrs. F. A. Hervey, jr., Mrs. G. W. Norrell, of Houston, Texas; Mrs. E. E. Fuller, Miss Katherine Craig, Presidio, California.

The little girl born to Lieut. and Mrs. William D. Alexander, U.S.A., at Annapolis, Md., is the granddaughter of Col. and Mrs. Robert Alexander, U.S.A., the great-granddaughter of Gen. and Mrs. Earl D. Thomas, U.S.A., and the great-great-granddaughter of Mrs. E. E. Thomas, of Woodcliff-on-Hudson, N.J. Mrs. Alexander is making her home with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Gordon Claude, of Annapolis, Md., during Lieutenant Alexander's absence abroad.

Civil Engr. Robert E. Peary, U.S.N., will contribute to the November Century the third of his series or secrets of polar travel. The essence of successful arctic exploration may be stated as the transformation of the minimum amount of food into the maximum number of miles. In the struggle for the north pole it means such refinement of methods and equipment as will enable the last stage of the journey over the frozen surface of the polar ocean to be made with the provisions that can be carried upon the sledges when starting from the most northern land.

The residence of Capt. Charles E. Lamson M.R.C., New London, N.H., was destroyed by fire Oct. 2. Capt. and Mrs. Lamson were away on a motor trip at the time. The cause of the fire is unknown. A few things were saved by the town people and the students of Colby Academy did excellent work, but all of his antique furniture and souvenirs, gathered here and abroad, were lost. Captain Lamson had just returned from duty at Camp Mills, N.Y. Capt. and Mrs. Lamson are now residing at the Tavern, New London, N.H., but will probably move to their farm on Lake Pleasant until ordered to duty. Among those calling to tender help was General Davis, U.S.A., retired.

Lieut. William F. Saportas, 1st Field Art., U.S.A., on duty at Schofield Barracks, H.T., and Mrs. Frances Cabanne Scovel, of St. Louis, Mo., were married at Honolulu Sept. 13, 1917. The Rev. Father Ignatius Fealy, chaplain U.S.A., performed the ceremony.

ARMY ITEMS.

The assignment of nine brigadier generals of the National Army to duty in command of brigades is made in special orders from the War Department this week which appear under our Army head. The orders relate to Brig. Gens. Lloyd M. Brett, Guy Carleton, John D. Barrette, Daniel B. Devore, Lucien G. Berry, James H. McRae, William S. McNair, Clint C. Hearn and James A. Irons.

G.O. 119, Sept. 11, 1917, which we publish in this issue, publishes, among other things, instructions relative to the clothing allowance of soldiers, the strength of the Q.M. mechanical repair shops and indicates the general reallocation of the duties between the Militia Bureau and department commanders.

Lieut. Col. William D. Chitty, U.S.A., the new commander of Kelly Field, South San Antonio, Texas, has taken command, relieving Col. Wilson Chase, who has gone to Columbus, N.M., as commander of the 24th Infantry.

The transfer of Major O. D. Filley and Major G. H. Bonnell, of the Royal Flying Corps station at Camp Borden, Canada, to the Aviation Section, U.S. Signal Corps, is announced. Both officers are Americans by birth, and have seen distinguished service at the front with the Royal Flying Corps.

Troop L, 7th Cav., commanded by Capt. Leon S. Logan, and Troop K, commanded by Lieut. A. M. Jones, accompanied by the band left Fort Bliss on Sept. 26 to take part in the Donna Anna Fair at Las Cruces, N.M. On the same day Major Frederick T. Dickman, Aviation Section, S.C., the regimental adjutant, and Mrs. Dickman left to join the aviation camp at Richmond, Va.; and Lieut. Col. Frederick M. Jones, Aviation Section, S.C., the regimental supply officer, left to join the aviation camp at Rantoul, Ill.

Army Confirmations and Nominations—see page 208 and pages 218-219.

THE ARMY.

Other Army orders appear on pages 219, 220, 221, 222 and 223.

SPECIAL ORDERS RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

S.O. 226, SEPT. 28, 1917, WAR DEPT. Regular Army.

Capt. B. G. Shynoweth, C.E., from duty with and assignment to 9th Engineers (Mounted), American University, D.C., for duty as instructor at camp.

Major J. A. Ruggles, C.A.C., from recruiting service to Washington for temporary duty with Chief of Staff.

Capt. W. W. Doe, 7th Inf., to Fort Sill, Okla., for securing information in regard to the method of instruction on machine guns, and thence to Washington. Captain Doe will then proceed to Springfield Armory for duty.

The following officers to West Point, N.Y., for duty: Capt. E. Santschi, Inf., D.O.L., and H. M. Raynor, 4th Cav.

National Army.

Majors of National Army to 88th Division, Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, for duty: L. W. Prunty, H. A. Meyer, jr., F. J. Hennessey, W. J. O'Loughlin, G. M. Lee, R. E. Fisher, S. Martin, P. C. Turner, W. F. C. Seppan, R. E. Ellis, H. N. Munro, A. J. Lynch and G. R. Somerville, all Infantry.

Majors of National Army to 89th Division, Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kas., for duty: W. V. Overton, Field Art.; R. E. Smyser, J. E. Stejdie, R. N. Hayden, P. Keller, J. T. Donnelly, W. R. Pope, T. P. Bernard, E. E. Keyes, J. I. McMullen, F. A. Ruggles and J. H. Barnard, all Infantry.

Majors of National Army to 90th Division, Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty: J. H. Reed, jr., W. B. Taylor, C. W. Tillotson, G. W. Cole, W. Granert, W. S. Martin, W. R. Leonard, E. K. Sterling, T. H. Cunningham and J. W. Everington, all Infantry.

First Lieut. H. L. Fansler, Field Art., N.A., to Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 90th Div., for duty.

Second Lieut. J. H. Faits, Inf., N.A., to Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., 85th Div., for duty.

Reserve Corps Officers.

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. W. A. Seal to Washington; Capt. J. W. Decker and 1st Lieut. R. C. Dodd to New York, N.Y., General Hospital No. 1; 1st Lieut. B. R. McClellan to Bryan, Ohio; 1st Lieut. J. M. Carter to sanitary division, Camp Wadsworth; 1st Lieut. W. M. Hinkle to Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C.

Officers of M.R.C. to Fort Worth, Texas, 26th Div., for duty: Capt. G. H. Clark, G. W. Clarke, J. B. Fox, A. B. Lanry, I. W. Powell, G. C. Skinner and W. Ude; 1st Lieut. J. W. Adams, J. L. Alshire, L. R. Allen, P. R. Allen, A. C. Armbruster, J. T. Axline, L. W. Baker, H. T. Barnes, C. L. Bartlett, E. W. Bedford, H. B. Beeson, W. W. Boyne, H. B. Bernhardt, J. F. Boone, H. B. Bridgman, H. W. Brink, W. F. Brown, P. O. Brunchhorst, J. W. Caldwell, H. E. Canfield, W. E. Chapman, J. R. Christensen, J. W. Colebaugh, G. L. Converse, W. H. Crawford, W. F. Culbertson, S. J. Driess, R. E. Egan, W. P. Farney, E. B. Elvis, A. B. George, A. B. Horn, W. H. Howard, J. C. Johnson, A. Enisely, C. R. McDonald, C. W. Monroe, J. T. Rose, G. V. Sigler and W. H. Allyn.

Capt. L. M. Fill, E.R.C., assigned to duty with 20th Engineers (Forestry), American University, Washington.

Capt. A. F. Coleman, E.R.C., to duty at Fort Leavenworth. The following officers of S.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. F. W. Sherwood and E. C. Higgins to Chicago; Lieut. D. D. Pittman to San Antonio, Texas; Lieut. S. H. Munson, J. E. Johnson, C. Sawyer, J. C. Pierson, D. Maxwell, J. O. Burnett, R. H. Allegre, E. J. McQuillan, E. R. Crum, F. N. Hurd, C. E. Warren, W. T. Kelly, F. W. Grant, E. F. W. Niemoeller and W. A. Bertrand to Fort Leavenworth; Lieut. J. H. Roche to Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, Cal.; Lieut. W. L. Mooney, F. E. Stuard, W. H. Brogan, H. Van Winkle, C. E. Ward, J. M. Waters, C. O. Overlock and J. Warren to Little Silver, N.J.; Lieut. C. E. Mulkins to Little Silver, N.J.; Lieut. M. C. Funston to Leon Springs, Texas; Lieut. A. P. Kellond, J. J. Maret and B. A. Moeller to Honolulu, H.T.

First Lieut. J. C. Mars, Av. Sec., S.R.C., is relieved from further active duty.

S.O. 227, SEPT. 29, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Regular Army.

Col. G. T. Langhorne, Cav., unassigned, now on duty with 8th Cavalry, is assigned to that regiment.

Col. S. R. H. Tompkins, Cav., now attached to 7th Cavalry, is assigned to that regiment.

Col. J. W. Heard, Cav., now attached to 5th Cav., is assigned to 4th Cavalry and will join.

Col. E. Aderson, Cav., now attached to 5th Cavalry, is assigned to that regiment.

Col. A. Gray, Cav., now attached to 14th Cavalry, is assigned to 6th Cavalry and will join.

Major W. F. Herringshaw, 13th Cav., is transferred to 20th Cavalry and will join.

First Lieut. R. Harrison, 3d Cav., from duty as aid on staff of Major Gen. H. T. Allen, N.A., to join regiment.

Prov. 1st Lieut. G. D. Fish, C.E., is assigned to 7th Engrs. for duty.

Major H. L. Morse, O.D., is relieved from detail in that department.

So much of Par. 209, S.O. 202, Aug. 30, 1917, War D. and Par. 197, S.O. 221, War D., Sept. 22, 1917, as announces the promotion of Capt. C. M. Busbee from first lieutenant, 4th Field Art., is amended so as to announce his promotion from first lieutenant, 15th Field Art., and assigned to 15th Field Art.

Capt. J. L. Dunsworth, C.A.C., is detailed to Av. Sec., S.C., and is rated as a junior military aviator, to take effect Nov. 18, 1916.

Transfers at request of officers concerned: Second Lieut. A. L. Tucker, 37th Inf., to 43rd Inf.; 2d Lieut. N. S. Edmond, 48th Inf., to 37th Inf. Each officer will join new regiment.

Capt. A. T. Rich, Inf., D.O.L., from further duty as inspector-instructor of the National Guard of New York and assigned to 49th Inf. for duty.

Capt. E. B. McKenna, having been reappointed captain of Infantry, to rank from Aug. 7, 1917, is assigned to 45th Inf. and will join.

Col. E. V. Smith, 52d Inf., from further duty as senior inspector-instructor of 9th Testative Division, National Guard, and will join regiment.

Capt. C. H. Danforth, Inf., D.O.L., from further duty as inspector-instructor of National Guard of Louisiana and assigned to 34th Inf. for duty and will join.

Capt. G. M. Holley, Inf., D.O.L., relieved from detail as inspector-instructor of Militia of Florida. He will proceed to Chickamauga Park, Ga., for duty with 53d Regt. of Inf.

Lieut. Col. S. S. Jordan, retired, to duty at Charleston, S.C., as department inspector, S.E.D.

The advancement to grade of captain on retired list of Army, to date from Sept. 28, 1917, of 1st Lieut. R. B. Bamberger, retired, is announced.

Reserve Corps.

Capt. LeR. N. Woerner, Q.M.R.C., to Camp Gordon, Ga., for duty.

Capt. T. H. Schumann, Q.M.R.C., to Boston, Mass., for duty.

Captains of Q.M.R.C. will proceed not later than Oct. 15, 1917, to Jacksonville, Fla., Camp Joseph E. Johnston, for duty: W. L. Shearman, C. W. Diets, S. J. Ellis and J. B. Demuth.

Major G. E. de Schweinitz, M.R.C., to Philadelphia, Pa., for purpose of compiling a handbook in ophthalmology for use of Surgeon General of Army, and upon completion of this duty to Washington, D.C., and report to Surgeon General of Army for duty in division of ophthalmology, section of surgery of the head.

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. Borden, jr., to Washington; Capt. O. H. Conley to Annapolis, Junction, Md.; 1st Lieut. F. C. Tyng to Alexandria, La., Camp Beauregard; 1st Lieut. M. P. Hamrick to Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash.; 1st Lieut. P. Apacible to Manila, P.I.; 1st Lieut. A. T. Murphy to Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N.J.; 1st

Cross Ambulance Co. No. 34; 1st Lieut. H. A. Schlink to Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas; 1st Lieut. J. E. Phillips to Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La., with 1st Ark. N.G.

First Lieut. J. C. Mackin, D.R.C., to Gettysburg, Pa., for duty.

Second Lieut. J. T. Day, E.R.C., to the chief, Army War College Division, General Staff, for duty.

First lieutenants of O.R.C. to duty as follows: E. W. Black to Kenosha, Wis., on Oct. 10, 1917, to Capt. H. A. Cate, O.R.C. Nash Motors Co.; M. K. Edmunds to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building, Twenty-fourth street and Broadway; F. H. Gladfelter to Kenosha, Wis., on Oct. 10, 1917, to Capt. H. A. Cate, O.R.C., Nash Motors Co.

The assignment to active duty of 1st Lieut. M. S. Chapin, O.R.C., by the Chief of Ordnance on Aug. 28, 1917, is announced.

Sick leave of 1st Lieut. H. F. Harris, S.R.C., is extended until Oct. 25, 1917.

Officers of S.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. J. F. Dulles to chief, War College Division; 1st Lieut. V. B. Rector to Presidio of Monterey, Cal.; 1st Lieut. J. A. Parnell to Central Dept., Chicago, Ill.

Second Lieut. W. R. Gibbs, F.A.R.C., to Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., 76th Div. for duty.

Second Lieut. C. J. Wynne, I.R.C., to duty with the graves registration unit and will proceed and report in person to Q.M. General of Army for assignment to station and duty.

National Guard.

Resignation of 1st Lieut. J. M. Brown, 47th Inf., N.Y.N.G., is accepted, to take effect Sept. 29, 1917.

NORTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

Sergt. 1st Class R. J. White, Med. Dept., to Camp Merritt, Tenny, N.J., for duty.

Sick leave one month to Capt. N. M. Beardslee, C.A.C.

Sergt. Major (J.G.) O. K. Blucher, C.A.C., to Fort Constitution, N.H., for duty.

26TH DIVISION N.G. ORDERS.

Brigadier General Sweetser, commanding the 26th Division at Boston on Oct. 1 issued these special orders:

Capt. H. A. Wilcox, 1st Vermont Inf., N.G., is detailed to command the division ordnance storehouse, Westfield, Mass., relieving Capt. Aiken Simons, 103d Field Art. Captain Simons will proceed to Boston, Mass.

Second Lieut. H. B. Ballou, V.R.C., to duty with Headquarters Troop, 26th Division, Boston.

G.O. 113, AUG. 22, 1917, WAR DEPT.

I.—All veterinary instruments, books, medicines and supplies for the treatment of public animals and authorized private horses of mounted officers at posts, stations or depots will be transferred as soon as practicable by the Quartermaster Corps to the Medical Department, and will be taken up and accounted for on the returns of the latter department as medical property. At depots or other places where there is no officer of the Medical Department on duty request will be made to The Adjutant General of the Army to designate an officer to receive and receipt for such property.

II.—The camps in connection with the ports of embarkation near Hoboken, N.J., and Newport News, Va., are named as shown below in honor of the men named who contributed during their lives to the development of the United States and the acquisition by American citizenship of its present status.

Near Hoboken, N.J.—Camp Merritt, in honor of Major Gen. Wesley Merritt, U.S.A., born in New York, served in Civil War, and commanded first expedition to the Philippines, 1898.

Near Newport News, Va.—Camp Stuart, in honor of Major Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, U.S.A., born in Virginia, leading Cavalry of Army of Northern Virginia, and killed at Battle of Yellow Tavern, Va., May 10, 1864.

III.—Sec. III, G.O. 80, War D., 1917, is amended by the addition of the following:

Candidates for commission in the Sanitary Corps shall be examined with special reference to their qualifications for the duty upon which they will be employed.

The maximum enlisted strength shall consist of the following: Hospital sergeants, 40; sergeants, first class, 275; sergeants, 430; corporals, 200; privates, first class, 1,000; privates, 2,000. Their rank, pay, and allowances shall be the same as now authorized for corresponding grades in the Medical Department.

Men of special qualifications may be enlisted from time to time as their services are needed as non-commissioned officers. Officers of the Sanitary Corps, Medical Reserve Corps, or Medical Corps especially designated by the Surgeon General may make enlistments for the Sanitary Corps, ascertain the grade for which the applicant may be qualified, and recommend his appointment in that grade. Examination for appointment in the various grades will be conducted under instructions from the Surgeon General with special reference to the applicant's qualifications for the duty to which he will be assigned.

IV.—During the present war Subpar. 2, Par. 1009, Army Regulations, is suspended and the following substituted therefor:

1. Temporary appointments in the Regular Army, National Guard drafted, and National Army, to the grades of quartermaster sergeant, senior grade, quartermaster sergeant and sergeant, first class, Quartermaster Corps, within the limits of the allotment to their respective commands, be made by commanders of territorial departments, armies, corps, divisions and separate brigades, and the Commanding General, American Expeditionary Forces. Permanent appointment to these grades will be made for the Regular Army by the Secretary of War and for the National Guard drafted, and the National Army by the Quartermaster General. Sergeants, corporals, cooks and privates, first class, will be temporarily or permanently appointed within the allotment of their respective commands by the commanders of territorial departments, armies, corps, divisions and separate brigades and the Commanding General, American Expeditionary Forces. For independent stations temporary appointments in all grades for the Regular Army, National Guard drafted, and National Army; permanent appointments in all grades for the National Guard drafted and National Army, and permanent appointments in the Regular Army, in the grades of sergeant, corporal, cook and privates, first class, will be made by the Quartermaster General.

2. Temporary non-commissioned officers, cooks and privates, first class, of the Quartermaster Corps, Regular Army, National Guard drafted and National Army may be reduced by sentence of a court-martial or by the officer having the authority to make the appointment.

3. Permanent quartermaster sergeants, senior grade, quartermaster sergeants and sergeants, first class, Quartermaster Corps, Regular Army, National Guard drafted and National Army, though liable to discharge for inefficiency or misconduct, will not be reduced except by sentence of a court-martial. Permanent sergeants, corporals, cooks and privates, first class, Quartermaster Corps, Regular Army, National Guard drafted and National Army, may be reduced by sentence of a court-martial or by the officer having the authority to appoint them.

4. Enlisted men of the National Guard drafted are eligible for appointment or promotion to the non-commissioned grades of the Quartermaster Corps. National Army, in case of appointment or promotion to the Quartermaster Corps, National Army, transfer will be made by authority of this order. Notation of transfer, and in case of non-commissioned officers, of continuance of warrant, will be made on the individual records of all enlisted men transferred.

5. The total number of appointments, temporary and permanent, in the Regular Army, shall not exceed the percentages authorized by Sec. 9, of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1916. The total number of appointments, temporary and permanent, to the Quartermaster Corps, National Guard drafted and National Army, shall not exceed the total number authorized from time to time by the President.

V.—During the present emergency the following instructions relating to private mounts of officers will govern:

1. So much of Par. 1272, Army Regulations, as prescribes that "all field officers of the mobile army serving with troops are required to own and provide their mounts," is suspended. Private mounts, acquired after the date of receipt of this order by officers other than those holding permanent commissions in the Regular Army, will not be maintained at public expense.

2. Officers below the grade of major in the National Guard, National Army, Officers Reserve Corps, or holding temporary commissions in the Regular Army, who acquire private mounts after the date of receipt of this order, are not authorized to have such mounts maintained at public expense, or to receive additional pay therefor.

3. Officers of all branches of the military service not owning private mounts and whose duties require them to be mounted

will be issued suitable mounts by the Quartermaster Corps under orders from commanders of departments, divisions and separate brigades.

By order of the Secretary of War:

H. L. SCOTT, Major General, Chief of Staff.

G.O. 114, AUG. 23, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Announces the names of the general officers of the Army and of the National Army assigned to duty to command troops of the different camps, which we have heretofore published.

G.O. 116, AUG. 29, 1917, WAR DEPT.

This order announces the dismissal of 1st Lieut. Arthur Cody, Philippine Scouts, after trial by G.C.M. He was found guilty of drunkenness on duty and with breaking his pledge to abstain from the use of liquor. The sentence was confirmed by President Wilson.

G.O. 119, SEPT. 11, 1917, WAR DEPT.

I.—Under the authority contained in Sec. 38 of an Act of Congress approved June 8, 1916, the President hereby orders all members of the Coast Artillery section of the Officers' Reserve Corps who did not attend the first series of training camps, and who reside within the continental limits of the United States, into active service, to take effect Sept. 19, 1917.

2. The Commanding General of the Western Department will issue individual orders with respect to the officers concerned within the territorial limits of his department and assign the officers to duty for instruction at the training camp at Fort Winfield Scott, Cal., commencing Sept. 23, 1917. Commanders of the other territorial departments will issue the individual orders with respect to the officers concerned within their respective departments and will assign the officers to duty for instruction at the training camp at Fort Monroe, Va., commencing Sept. 23, 1917.

II.—Publishes instructions for the saving of metal parts of tentage.

III.—G.O. 89, War D., July 11, 1917, provides that commencing July 15, 1917, and continuing during the existing emergency, a soldier's allowance for clothing will be the quantity of clothing necessary and adequate for the service upon which he is engaged. Such order, in effect, suspends the money allowance for clothing of all enlisted men in active Federal service on July 14, 1917, as of such date, and that date, after which and commencing with July 15, 1917, an allowance of clothing in kind is provided.

The money clothing accounts of all soldiers in active Federal service on July 14, 1917, will be settled as of that date under the provisions of Par. 1160, 1161, or 1162, Army Regulations, as though, for the purpose of such settlement, the men were separated from active service on such date. If in the settlement of July 14, 1917, the soldier is found indebted to the United States, this indebtedness will be reduced by the amount equal to the clothing allowance for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1917, had such money allowance been continued in force to that date, less the amount already credited for the period July 1 to 14, 1917, inclusive, or so much of said difference as is necessary to cover the indebtedness. If the settlement, after deducting this credit, still shows indebtedness to the United States, the amount of such indebtedness will be entered on the next pay-rolls and collected. Any amount found due the soldier for clothing drawn in kind will not be credited on pay-rolls, but will be entered on his service record and credited on his final statements upon his separation from active service by discharge, furlough to the Reserve, muster out, or otherwise.

No credit will be given a soldier on his money clothing account, for serviceable clothing in his possession on July 14, 1917, which was drawn and charged against his clothing account on or before that date, regardless of whether he retains such clothing in his possession or is required to turn it in to a quartermaster.

IV.—1. The President directs that there be organized for the period of the existing emergency, the enlisted strength being raised and maintained by voluntary enlistment or draft, three quartermaster mechanical repair shops, each of the following personnel:

Commissioned: Major, 1; captains, 5; first lieutenants, 24; second lieutenants, 24; total, 54.

Enlisted: Quartermaster sergeants, senior grade, 6; quartermaster sergeants, 40; sergeants, first class, 20; sergeants, 1; mess sergeants, 3; supply sergeants, 3; sergeants, 290; corporals, 116; cooks, 23; buglers, 8; privates, first class, 510; privates, 134; total, 1,163.

(This is the same organization as that of the three mechanical repair shops already authorized.)

2. Officers for these companies will be provided as authorized by the third paragraph of Sec. 1 and Sec. 9 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917.

3. Under authority conferred by the first sentence of Sec. 2 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, enlisted men of the Q.M. Corps and members of the Q.M. Enlisted Reserve Corps selected for these companies will be transferred thereto under authority of this order. Notation of transfer, and in the case of non-commissioned officers of continuance of warrant, will be made on the individual records of all enlisted men transferred. This authority will not be construed to authorize any enlistments in the Enlisted Reserve Corps in excess of those already authorized.

V.—1. When called or drafted into the military service of the United States, the National Guard is a part of the Army of the United States and is subject to the laws and regulations provided for the government of the Army of the United States.

The laws and regulations governing the National Guard not in the service of the United States are published in National Guard regulations.

2. The duties and responsibilities of department commanders for and their command of, certain portions of the National Guard in the service of the United States, are such as may be outlined in both National Guard and Army Regulations, particularly Par. 193 of the latter, or as may be prescribed from time to time in orders and instructions from the Secretary of War.

Generally speaking, these duties and the powers essential to discharge of the duties, are such as will enable a department commander to maintain the National Guard assigned to his command in a state of preparedness for induction into the military service of the United States, and will warrant the Secretary of War in holding each department commander responsible for the state of preparedness of such National Guard organizations.

The powers of department commanders may be limited by provision of law and must be exercised in subordination to the policies of law and must be exercised in subordination to the policies of the War Department, recommendation of which is a proper function of the Militia Bureau.

3. The jurisdiction of the Militia Bureau will include co-ordination, through the office of the Chief of Staff, of the organization, equipment, and instruction of the National Guard under department commanders in a manner similar to the co-ordination by the Chief of Staff of the organization, equipment, and training of the Regular Army under department commanders.

Proper study of policy is inconsistent with exercise of command and discharge of administrative details. The discharge of administrative details by the Militia Bureau will be limited to such matters as cannot under existing law be delegated to department or other commanders, and such as may be involved by correspondence between the Secretary of War and authorities of the various states.

VI.—Publishes a table which indicates the general allotment of the duties between the Militia Bureau and department commanders, in order to promote, through decentralized control, a better state of preparedness of National Guard organizations not in the service of the United States and to give effect to the intent of Congress that the National Guard should become through the Act of June 3, 1916, a Federal force.

VII.—Publishes regulations to govern the official correspondence of the Chief of the Militia Bureau with the Chief of Staff and chiefs of bureaus and departments of the War Department and with the military authorities of the states, territories, and the District of Columbia.

VIII.—Par. 2 and 3, G.O. 24, War D., 1916, are rescinded.

G.O. 120, SEPT. 15, 1917, WAR DEPT.

I.—So much of G.O. 95, War D., 1917, as announces the National Army cantonment at Louisville, Ky., as "Camp Tay-

lor" is amended so as to designate that cantonment as "Camp Zachary Taylor."

II.—1. The President directs that there be organized for the period of the existing emergency, the enlisted personnel to be raised and maintained by voluntary enlistment or draft, the following organizations and miscellaneous personnel of the Quartermaster Corps of the National Army:

(a) Six quartermaster motor supply trains to be organized as prescribed in tables of organization for division supply trains.

(b) Thirty-two motor truck companies to be organized as prescribed in tables of organization.

(c) Miscellaneous personnel:

Quartermaster sergeants, senior grade, 100; quartermaster sergeants, 600; sergeants, first class, 840; sergeants, 4,750; corporals, 2,800; cooks, 415; privates, first class, 3,725; privates, 7,450. Total, 20,680.

2. Officers for the organizations herein authorized will be provided as authorized in the third paragraph of Sec. 1 and Sec. 9 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917.

3. Under authority conferred by the first sentence of Sec. 2 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, all members of the Quartermaster Enlisted Reserve Corps now in active service will be transferred to the organization; and miscellaneous personnel of the Quartermaster Corps of the National Army as of date of this order; those not in active service will be transferred under authority of this order upon being called to active service. Notation of transfer and, in the case of non-commissioned officers, of continuance of appointment will be made on the individual records of all enlisted men transferred.

G.O. 122, SEPT. 17, 1917, WAR DEPT.

This order announces the trial of 2d Lieut. Arthur Brigham, Jr., 6th U.S. Field Art., found guilty by a G.C.M. of violation of the 96th Article of War. The specification charged that he subscribed and swore falsely as to his individual record report. He was sentenced to dismissal. The dismissal was remitted by President Wilson.

G.O. 13, SEPT. 21, 1917, CENTRAL DEPT.

Announces that Capt. Walter V. Cotchett, retired, is appointed as aide-de-camp to Major Gen. William H. Carter, U.S.A.

G.O. 65, SEPT. 14, 1917, SOUTHERN DEPT.

I.—Par. III, G.O. 52, c.s., these headquarters, prohibiting the establishment of separate company, troop or battery exchanges where more than one unit of an organization is serving at a station, is revoked.

II.—Major Alfred S. Morgan, A.G., having reported at these headquarters, is announced as assistant to the Department Adjutant, Southern Dept., with station at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

BULLETIN 36, SEPT. 20, 1917, WESTERN DEPT.

1. A case of chronic tuberculosis in which the length of service is three months or less should be considered to be not in line of duty; cases of acute tuberculosis should be considered to be in line of duty in all cases. When action must be taken in cases in which this distinction is not made, cases of three months or longer service should be considered to be in line of duty, those of less than three months service should be considered to be not in line of duty unless it be shown that the patient has had some disease since enlistment, such as measles, which may be expected to reactivate tuberculosis, or unless there is a history of excessive fatigue or of exposure in line of duty calculated to break down the resistance of the individual.

2. In view of the crowded condition of Fort Bayard, N.M., and the large number of cases of tuberculosis which will require treatment, it is recommended that only non-commissioned officers and other enlisted men of relatively long service or those who have rendered particularly meritorious services or have special qualifications and whose cases afford a prospect of cure, shall be sent to Fort Bayard.

By command of Major General Murray:

H. C. BENSON, Col., U.S. Army, Dept. Adj.

G.O. 22, SEPT. 5, 1917, HAWAIIAN DEPT.

1. First Platoon, Co. E, 3d Telegraph Battalion, Signal Corps, is designated as Co. E, 3d Telegraph Battalion, Signal Corps, with station at Fort Shafter, H.T., to take effect Sept. 9, 1917.

2. The enlisted personnel of 1st Platoon, Co. E, 3d Telegraph Battalion, S.C., is transferred to Co. E, 3d Telegraph Battalion, S.C.

3. Capt. Eugene A. Lohman, S.C., is designated to command Co. E, 3d Telegraph Battalion, S.C., to take effect Sept. 9, 1917.

VARIOUS GENERAL ORDERS.

G.O. 66, Sept. 19, 1917, Southern Dept., announces that Capt. Bernard Sharp, retired, is assigned to duty as Assistant to the Department Inspector, Southern Dept., with station at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

G.O. 28, Sept. 7, 1917, Hawaiian Dept., announces Capt. W. H. Britton, C.E., as Acting Department Engineer, Hawaiian Dept., effective from Sept. 1, 1917.

G.O. 24, Sept. 14, 1917, Hawaiian Dept., announces that Brig. Gen. John P. Wisner, U.S.A., assumes command of the Hawaiian Department.

G.O. 6, Sept. 22, 1917, South Pacific Coast Art. District, Fort Miley, Cal., announces that Major Edward Kimmel, C.A.C., in addition to his other duties, is detailed acting adjutant of the District, vice Major Charles H. Hilton, C.A.C., relieved from duty at these headquarters, this date, in compliance with telegraphic instructions from The Adjutant General of the Army, dated Sept. 28, 1917.

HEADQUARTERS 90TH DIVISION.

Camp Travis, Texas, Sept. 24, 1917.

Memorandum: For Division Staff Officers.

1. Attention is directed to G.O. 2, these headquarters.

2. In spite of all the requirements and demands of staff, trains, construction, etc., the fundamental elements in war are men with their weapons. These elements must have the earnest consideration and attention of all officers; they constitute the picture—all else, the frame.

3. It is understood that promotion in the National Army will be by selection within each division. With view to making the division staff officers eligible for promotion to command troops the War Department has commissioned such officers in the Infantry and Field Artillery instead of in the staff corps.

4. The Division Commander desires each staff officer to keep constantly in as close touch with the training of the division as his staff duties will permit. This with a view of not only improving the staff service of the division, but of assuring that staff officers will be competent to command an appropriate unit should occasion therefor arise.

JOHN J. KINGMAN, Lieut. Col., Chief of Staff.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. J. S. CHAMBERLAIN, I.G.

Col. G. D. Moore, I.G., to Washington and report to I.G. of Army for temporary duty in his office. (Sept. 28, War D.)

Col. E. A. Helmick, I.G., from Southeastern Dept. to Washington for duty with Inspector General. (Sept. 28, War D.)

Lieut. Col. H. O. Williams, I.G., assigned to duty as department inspector, Central Dept. (Sept. 28, War D.)

Major J. C. Johnson, I.G., to Governors Island, N.Y., for duty as department inspector. (Sept. 28, War D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. H. G. SHARPE, Q.M.G.

Major R. J. Burt, Q.M.C., to Washington for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. P. Daly, military storekeeper, Q.M.C., to Clintonville, Wis., on official business in connection with the manufacture of motor trucks by the Four Wheel Drive Auto Co., and upon completion of the duty enjoined will return to his proper station. (Sept. 26, War D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. W. C. GORGAS, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

Lieut. Col. C. E. Marrow, M.C., from Madison Barracks to Chickamauga Park, Ga., 2d Regular Army Division, that place, for duty as division surgeon. (Sept. 26, War D.)

The War Department order of Sept. 22, 1917, relieving Lieut. Col. N. Gapon, M.C., from Camp Edge, Sea Girt, N.J., and directing him to proceed to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty, is revoked. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Major W. L. Hart, M.C., to Washington for temporary duty, and then return to Chicago, Ill., and resume present duties. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Major E. G. Huber, M.C., to Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, for duty as commanding officer of the base hospital. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Col. D. C. Howard, M.C., C.Z., to Washington for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major L. S. Eckels, M.C., upon completion of his treatment at the Army General Hospital No. 1, New York, N.Y., will return to proper station. (Sept. 27, War D.)

CONTRACT SURGEONS.

Contract Surg. H. B. Brewer, U.S.A., to Fort Bayard, N.M., General Hospital, for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

BRIG. GEN. W. M. BLACK, C.E.

Sergt. 1st Class G. M. Timmons, Co. F, 3d Engrs., is transferred to 23d Engrs. and to Camp Meade, Admiral, Md., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Tem. 1st Lieut. P. Murphy, O.E., and 2d Lieut. S. N. Abrams, E.R.C., are relieved from assignment to the 7th Engrs. and are assigned to the 7th Engr. Train for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Tem. 2d Lieut. F. Miller and C. W. Smith, C.E., now in the C.Z., are assigned to 3d Engrs. for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

Lieut. Col. D. J. Carr, S.C., upon arrival in San Francisco, Cal., to Boston, Mass., as signal officer of N.E.D., relieving Col. S. Reber, S.C., who will proceed to Governors Island, N.Y., for duty as S.O. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Major J. O. Mauborgne, S.C., from duty with 5th Field Battalion, S.C., Fort Leavenworth, to Washington for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. J. F. Kelly, S.C., to duty at Kelly Field, South San Antonio. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieut. G. A. Rentschler, Jr., S.C., will report to C.S.O. of Army for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Major S. E. Wolf, S.C., will report in person to C.S.O. of Army for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major W. F. Pearson, S.C., to Champaign, Ill., for duty as commandant, School of Military Aeronautics, University of Illinois. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First Lieut. P. A. Blair, S.C., to Mineola, N.Y., for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First Lieut. R. S. Walton, S.C., will report in person to C.S.O. of Army for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Second Lieut. A. Schupp, S.C., to report in person to C.S.O. of Army for duty. (Sept. 28, War D.)

AVIATION SECTION.

Major R. P. Cousins, Jr., M.B. Av., S.C., on being relieved at Austin, Texas, to proceed to Washington for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. R. S. Brown, Jr., M.B. Av., S.C., to Langley Field, Hampton, for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Captains of Av. Sec., S.C., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty: C. A. Dunnigan, B. L. Meurhes, J. J. McQuillan, A. Bloom, C. H. Pelton, G. H. Taylor, G. A. Watson, W. E. Lansing and W. J. Petrick. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. B. B. Barnitz, Av. Sec. S.C., to San Antonio, Texas, Camp Kelly, for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.C., rated as junior military aeronauts, to date from July 24, 1917: Lieut. Col. C. de F. Chandler and Capt. J. Prentice. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Majors of Jr. M.B. Av., S.C., to duty as follows: H. R. Harmon is designated as aeronautical officer of Southern Dept., vice Major E. L. Ferron, S.C., relieved; Major Ferron will proceed to Washington, D.C.; T. H. Bane to Berkeley, Cal., for temporary duty, and upon completion thereof to Millington, Tenn., not later than Oct. 27, 1917, and assume command of Park Field, that place; J. C. McDonnell from duty at Rantoul, Ill., to Mount Clemens, Mich. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Lieut. Col. W. Mitchell, Av. Sec., S.C., is rated as a junior military aviator from July 19, 1917. (Sept. 26, War D.)

CAVALRY.

A number of promotions and assignments of Cavalry officers will be found on page 219 of this issue.

6TH CAVALRY.

Tem. 2d Lieut. H. B. Fleming, 6th Cav., is transferred to 14th Cav. and will join station to which assigned. (Sept. 28, War D.)

CAVALRY, UNASSIGNED.

Tem. 2d Lieut. C. H. Kinsey, P. Kelly and R. E. Kelly, Cav., now on duty with 8th Cav. at Fort Bliss, are assigned to that regiment for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major A. A. King, Cav., from recruiting service and assigned to 19th Cav. and will join. (Sept. 28, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

A number of promotions and assignments of officers of Field Artillery will be found on page 219 of this issue.

13TH FIELD ARTILLERY.

Capt. P. Deshon, 13th Field Art., having been examined for promotion and found physically disqualified by reason of disability incident to the Service, his retirement as a captain is announced. (Sept. 26, War D.)

16TH FIELD ARTILLERY.

Tem. 2d Lieut. J. F. Unsett, 16th Field Art., to Walter Reed Hospital, D.C., for treatment. (Sept. 26, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY, UNASSIGNED.

So much of Par. 99, S.O. 208, War D., Sept. 7, 1917, as refers to Capt. J. S. Hammond, Field Art., is amended to read Capt. J. S. Hammond, Field Art., D.O.L., to duty with 15th Field Art. (Sept. 25, War D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. E. M. WEAVER, C.A.C.

Sick leave two months to Capt. W. J. Buttgenbach, C.A.C. (Sept. 22, S.E.D.)

Officers of C.A.C. from duty on recruiting service to places specified for duty: Major J. A. Ruggles, D.O.L., Fort Warred, Mass.; Capt. S. W. Sperry, Fort Rosecrans, Cal.; Capt. W. S. Dowd, Fort Crockett, Texas; Capt. L. R. Dice, Fort Washington, Md.; Capt. J. P. Keeler and E. E. Bennett, Fort Monroe, Va. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. W. C. Fouts, C.A.C., to Fort Monroe, Va., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

The leave granted Capt. F. A. Mountford, C.A.C., is extended twenty days. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Leave fourteen days to Capt. S. W. Sperry, C.A.C. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Second Lieut. A. Johnson, C.A.C., from Fort Monroe to Washington for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. F. A. Mountford and C. W. Baird, C.A.C., to report in person to Chief of Coast Artillery for duty in his office. (Sept. 28, War D.)

Second Lieut. B. J. Brown, C.A.C., to Coast Defenses of Narragansett Bay for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Sergt. O. McGowry, C.A.C., 9th Co., Fort Mills, P.I., is placed upon the retired list at Fort McDowell, Cal., and will repair to his home. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Radio sergeants, C.A.C., appointed Sept. 25, 1917, from the grade and organization indicated, and will be sent to the stations designated for duty:

C. V. Grier from private, first class, 1st Co., Fort Dade, to Portland.

R. Wason from corporal, 3d Co., Fort Stevens, to Boston.

W. H. Newman from private, first class, 3d Co., Fort Baker, to Coast Artillery School.

J. M. Love from sergeant, 1st Co., Fort Andrews, to C.D. of Narragansett Bay.

C. E. George from corporal, 3d Co., Fort McKinley, to C.D. of Sandy Hook.

C. A. Reese from private, 2d Co., Fort Moultrie, to C.D. of Eastern New York.

H. L. Durlinger from private, first class, 1st Co., Fort Pickens, to C.D. of Portland.

C. E. Call from private, 1st Co., Fort Flagler, to C.D. of Puget Sound.

A. Lane from private, 3d Co., Fort Monroe, to C.D. of Tampa.

P. L. Burr from private, 8th Co., Fort Monroe, to C.D. of Puget Sound. (Sept. 25, War D.)

INFANTRY.

3D INFANTRY.

Par. 217, S.O. 213, Sept. 13, 1917, War D., ordering Capt. E. E. McCammon, 3d Inf., to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty is revoked. (Sept. 26, War D.)

6TH INFANTRY.

Capt. B. D. Edwards, 6th Inf., to officers' training camp, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., as instructor. (Sept. 19, S.E.D.)

10TH INFANTRY.

Capt. P. A. Larned, 10th Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital, D.C., for treatment. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. F. P. Jacobs, 10th Inf., to duty as instructor in machine gun work at training camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison. (Sept. 27, War D.)

13TH INFANTRY.

Lieut. Col. L. S. Sorley, 13th Inf., is detailed as recorder of the Army retiring board at San Francisco, vice Major C. H. Miller, 63d Inf., relieved. (Sept. 26, War D.)

24TH INFANTRY.

Capt. J. H. Grant, 24th Inf., to duty at West Point, N.Y. (Sept. 27, War D.)

25TH INFANTRY.

The name of Capt. J. Baxter, 25th Inf., is placed on D.O.L. (Sept. 25, War D.)

33D INFANTRY.

First Lieut. G. D. Lehmann, 33d Inf., transferred to 10th Inf. and proceed to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. (Sept. 27, War D.)

36TH INFANTRY.

Resignation by Tem. 2d Lieut. G. Conrad, 36th Inf., of his commission is accepted. (Sept. 26, War D.)

44TH INFANTRY.

Capt. G. A. Herbst, 44th Inf., to join regiment. (Sept. 26, War D.)

47TH INFANTRY.

First Sergt. W. H. Orf, Hqs. Co., 47th Inf., is placed upon the retired list at Syracuse, N.Y., and will repair to his home. (Sept. 25, War D.)

61ST INFANTRY.

Second Lieut. H. Harding, 61st Inf., will report to Major Gen. A. Cronkite, U.S.A., for duty as aid on his staff. (Sept. 28, War D.)

PORTO RICO REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Prov. 2d Lieut. E. C. Rogue, Porto Rico Regiment, to Fort Sheridan, Ill., for temporary duty, and upon the completion will proceed to Canal Zone and join regiment. (Sept. 26, War D.)

INFANTRY, DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.

Capt. E. L. Field, Inf., D.O.L., assigned to 57th Infantry for duty and will join. (Sept. 28, War D.)

Capt. W. L. Reed, Inf., D.O.L., assigned to 59th Infantry for duty and will join. (Sept. 28, War D.)

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

Second lieutenants of Philippine Scouts, recently appointed with rank from the dates named in 1917 will proceed to Manila, P.I., for duty: N. P. Walsh from sergeant major, 7th Field Art., rank July 13; J. W. Callahan, Jr., from battalion sergeant major, 35th Inf., rank July 13; H. L. Egan from sergeant, Co. C, 35th Inf., rank July 13; M. W. Kimbro from mess sergeant, Co. C, 35th Inf., rank July 13; W. J. Briscoe from quartermaster sergeant, Q.M.C., rank July 26; J. D. Carter, from radio sergeant, C.A.C., rank Aug. 18. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Leave one month to 2d Lieut. J. D. Carter, P.S. (Sept. 26, War D.)

RETIRED OFFICERS.

Changes in stations of retired officers on recruiting duty: Second Lieut. S. S. DaCosta, P.S., from Indianapolis, Ind., to Minneapolis, Minn.; Capt. H. M. Pales from Detroit, Mich., to Grand Rapids, Mich.; Capt. A. W. Barry, P.S., from Jackson, Miss., to Oklahoma, Okla.; 1st Lieut. G. W. Hall, P.S., from Oklahoma, Okla., to Salt Lake City; Capt. C. B. Hepburn from Huntington, W.Va., to Roanoke, Va. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Retired officers to duty as follows: Brig. Gen. M. M. Macomb is placed on military duty at San Francisco, Cal., as chief of staff of Western Department; Col. D. L. Howell, retired, to Fort Logan, Colo.; Col. H. L. Roberts, retired, is detailed as professor at the University of Nebraska; Lieut. Col. J. Pitcher, retired, is detailed as professor at Maryland State College of Agriculture, College Park; Major H. H. Sargent, retired, is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Princeton University, Princeton, N.J.; Capt. R. Dickinson, retired, from Fort Monroe, Va., and is detailed as professor at Kentucky Military Institute, Lyndon, Ky. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. W. E. Bennett, Jr., retired, to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Col. H. L. Hawthorne, retired, detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Lieut. Col. C. Byrne, retired, detailed as professor at the Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major J. Ronayne, retired, to duty at Springfield, Ill. (Sept. 27, War D.)

CHAPLAINS.

The following chaplains of the Regular Army, recently appointed with rank of first lieutenant from the date named in 1917, is assigned to the regiment hereinafter specified and will join:

Aug. 6—C. R. Rice, 45th Inf.

Aug. 20—W. D. Casey, 59th Inf.; A. C. Dineen, 52d Inf.; G. O. Treacy, 39th Inf.; R. E. Rankin, 47th Inf.; R. B. Mulcahy, 48th Inf.; J. J. Mitty, 49th Inf.; T. Dempsey, 32d Inf.; D. W. Sheeran, 58th Inf.; E. E. Lange, 46th Inf.; D. R. Tierney, 19th Cav.; J. F. Mulligan, 61st Inf.; F. J. Mitchell, 15th Field Art.

Aug. 21—B. Peters, 38th Inf.

Aug. 27—C. M. Ryan, 16th Field Art.

Aug. 28—W. J. Keane, 42d Inf.

Aug. 29—J. F. Moisant, 62d Inf.

Aug. 31—E. T. McNally, 41st Inf.; F. C. Renier, 40th Inf.; P. M. O'Reilly, 18th Cav.; W. G. Meehan, 60th Inf.; J. R. Wright, 22d Cav.; J. F. Conway, 17th Field Art.; J. E. Chester, 53d Inf.; H. O. Fraser, 21st Cav.

Sept. 6—C. E. Rudy, 50th Inf.; W. P. Baird, 23d Cav.; E. C. McPadden, 14th Field Art. (Sept. 27, War D.)

TRANSFERS.

Transfers, at the request of the officers concerned:

First Lieut. S. Wotkins from Infantry arm (57th Inf.) to Field Artillery arm, Sept. 18, 1917, rank from June 14, 1917.

First Lieut. L. M. Daly from Field Artillery arm (11th Field Art.) to Infantry arm, Sept. 18, 1917, rank from June 14, 1917.

Lieutenant Wotkins is assigned to 11th Field Artillery and will join regiment unless subject to other orders.

Lieutenant Daly is assigned to 37th Infantry and will join regiment unless subject to other orders. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Transfers, at request of officers concerned:

First Lieut. J. W. Weeks from Field Artillery arm (31st

Field Art.) to Cavalry arm, Aug. 24, 1917, rank from June 5, 1917.

First Lieut. W. W. Crawford from Cavalry arm (3d Cav.) to Field Artillery arm, Aug. 24, 1917, rank from June 5, 1917. Lieutenant Weeks is assigned to 3d Cavalry and will join unless subject to other orders; Lieutenant Crawford is assigned to 21st Field Artillery and will join unless subject to other orders. (Sept. 25, War D.)

The transfer of the following officers are ordered: Capt. B. P. Johnson, 13th Inf., to 31st; Capt. M. A. Elser, 31st Inf., to 13th. Each officer will join regiment to which assigned. (Sept. 26, War D.)

MISCELLANEOUS ORDERS.

Officers relieved from further duty on recruiting service: Capt. S. A. Campbell, Inf., Minneapolis, Minn.; Major C. H. Boice, Cav., Grand Rapids, Mich.; Major D. Cullen, Cav., Roanoke, Va.; Capt. J. D. Watson, C.A.C., Salt Lake City, Utah; Captain Campbell is assigned to 17th Infantry; Major Boice to 11th Cavalry and Major Cullen to 22d Cavalry and all will join. (Sept. 26, War D.)

The following officers will report in person to commanding general, Philippine Dept., for temporary duty in I.G.D., with a view to their detail in that department after their promotion to the grade of major: Capt. E. G. Abbott, C.A.C., and Capt. W. V. Morris, 9th Cav. (Sept. 26, War D.)

NATIONAL GUARD.

Major G. S. Crampton, M.C., Pa. N.G., to Camp Mills, N.Y., 42d Div., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieut. E. G. Horgan, C.A.C., Nat. Guard (Me.), from further duty with the Aviation Sec. and to join his organization. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. C. E. Aborn, M.C., Iowa N.G., to Fort Bayard, N.M., for treatment. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of Q.M.C., N.G., to report to commanding general of the division indicated below for duty: Major J. T. Stockton, Texas, 36th Div.; Major G. L. Peterson, North Carolina, 30th Div.; Major L. L. Bolles, Washington, 41st Div.; Capt. H. A. Gardner, Indiana, 38th Div.; Capt. C. B. Winn, Oregon, 41st Div. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. O. C. Smith, 4th Ill. N.G., to Camp Logan, Houston, Texas, 33d Div., for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First Lieut. R. M. Goldborough, M.C., Ky. N.G., to duty at Camp Shelby, Miss., 38th Div. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Capt. B. G. Munyon, 104th Inf., is transferred to Depot Brigade (8th Mass. Inf., N.G.), Westfield, Mass. (Sept. 12, 26th Div.)

NATIONAL ARMY.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Assignments of general officers of National Army are ordered:

Brig. Gen. L. M. Brett to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., 80th Div., for duty in command of 160th Inf. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. G. Carleton, upon arrival at San Francisco, is Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., 84th Div., for duty in command of 159th Depot Brigade.

Brig. Gen. J. D. Barrette, upon arrival in United States, is Camp Upton, Yaphank, N.Y., 77th Div., for duty in command of 152d Art. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. D. B. Devore to Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., 84th Div., for duty in command of 167th Inf. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. L. G. Berry to Camp Doniphan, Fort Sill, Okla., 35th Div., for duty in command of 60th Field Art. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. J. H. McRae to Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, 83d Div., for duty in command of 158th Depot Brigade.

Brig. Gen. W. S. McNair, upon arrival in United States, to Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., 76th Div., for duty in command of 151st Art. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. C. C. Egan, upon arrival in United States, to Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N.J., 78th Div., for duty in command of 153d Art. Brigade.

Brig. Gen. J. A. Irons, upon completion of present duties, to Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash., 91st Div., for duty in command of 166th Depot Brigade. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Acceptance by 2d Lieut. F. B. Rivers, statistical section, A.G.D., N.A., of his commission as second lieutenant of statistical section, A.G.D., N.A., automatically vacates his commission as captain in Cavalry, O.R.C., from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 22, War D.)

QUARTERMASTERS.

Officers of Q.M.C., N.A., to duty as follows: Capt. J. Weisberg to Camp Dodge, Iowa, as Q.M.; 2d Lieut. C. B. Marshall, J. M. Barksdale and S. O. Cratch to Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C.; 2d Lieut. G. Archbold and A. L. Longbrake to Petersburg, Va.; 2d Lieut. G. B. Sheldon to Q.M., auxiliary remount depot, Camp Hancock, Ga. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Second Lieut. F. S. Morrill and E. W. Stanley, Q.M.C., N.A., to Q.M., auxiliary remount depot, Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Second lieutenants, Q.M.C., N.A., to Jeffersonville, Ind., for duty: W. J. Kemp, T. K. Givens, C. R. Sherman, J. L. Smith, A. J. Graf, J. W. Shafer, A. M. Wilmot, H. Campbell, W. B. Crawford, W. N. Siebert, D. R. Hurley, J. G. Moore, L. J. O'Connell, D. R. Livengood and J. C. Leggett. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Officers of Q.M.C., N.A., to duty as follows: First Lieut. H. L. Boggs to Washington with mechanical shops unit; 1st Lieut. A. E. Duncan to Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C.; 2d Lieut. A. B. Proctor to West Point, N.Y.; 2d Lieut. F. D. Patterson to Washington to Q.M.G.; 2d Lieut. W. S. Gurley to Camp Greene, Charlotte, N.C. (Sept. 28, War D.)

SIGNAL OFFICERS.

Acceptance by Col. S. D. Waldon, S.O., N.A., on Aug. 27, 1917, of his commission as colonel, S.C., operates automatically to vacate his commission as captain in Av. Sec., S.R.C., effective that date. (Sept. 22, War D.)

SANITARY CORPS.

First Lieut. D. Fairbright, Field Art., N.A., to Fort Sill, Okla., 14th Field Art., for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

COAST ARTILLERY.

Second Lieut. W. F. Wise, C.A.O., N.A., to Fort Worden, Wash., for duty. (Sept. 28, War D.)

INFANTRY.

Officers, Infantry, N.A., to New York, N.Y., for duty in connection with the organization of stevedore regiments: Capt. M. A. Kerwin, 2d Lieut. R. M. Barton and H. C. Smith. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Acceptance by Capt. S. E. Bomar and A. Colburn, Inf., N.A., of their commissions as captains, N.A., automatically vacates their commissions as majors in the Inf. O.R.C. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Acceptance by 1st Lieut. E. Gordon and E. B. Mitchell, Inf., N.A., of their commissions as first lieutenants, N.A., automatically vacates their commissions as captains in the Inf. O.R.C. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Second Lieut. F. R. Wulfin and W. S. Murray, corps of interpreters, N.A., to Camp Albert, Mills, Garden City, N.Y., 42d Div., for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. J. S. Bach, Inf., N.A., to Washington to the A.G. for duty in the statistical section, Adjutant General's office. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of Infantry, Nat. Army, to duty as follows: Lieut. Col. W. S. Faulkner to Camp Grant, Ill., 86th Div.; 1st Lieut. P. Eckardt to Camp Deming, N.M., 34th Div.; J. Erickson to Camp Travis, Texas, 90th Div. (Sept. 27, War D.)

The acceptance by Capt. S. E. Bomar and A. Colburn, Inf., N.A., of their commissions as captains of Infantry, N.A., operates automatically to vacate their commissions as majors in the Inf. R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of Infantry, Nat. Army, to duty in the statistical section of the A.G. office with station in Washington: 1st Lieut. J. A. Purcell, J. Fontana, M. Heymann, E. C. Mateja, J. A. Stouss, H. M. Dargan, 2d Lieut. P. N. Wilson, F. E. Richter. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of Infantry, Nat. Army, to duty as follows: Capt. F. S. Scobie to Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., 86th Div.; Capt. R. O. Scott to American Lake, Camp Lewis; 2d Lieut. E. R. Underwood to Columbus, S.C., Camp Jackson. (Sept. 28, War D.)

CHAPLAINS.

Following chaplains of the National Army, recently appointed with the rank of first lieutenant from date in 1917 set opposite name, will proceed to the camps specified for assignment to a regiment: E. A. Flynn, Sept. 13, Camp Devens, Mass.; J. M. Howard, Sept. 11; J. J. Halligan, Sept. 13; J. J. Sheridan, Sept. 13; T. J. Dunn, Sept. 17, and F. W. Walsh, Sept. 17, Camp Upton, N.Y.; G. S. Murphy, Sept. 11; J. A. Farrelly, Sept. 12; J. S. McDonald, Sept. 13; H. P. C. Cressman, Sept. 17, and E. F. Kirk, Sept. 17, Camp Dix, N.J.; M. E. Stock, Sept. 11; C. F. Gwyer, Sept. 15, and W. J. Munster, Sept. 17, Camp Meade, Md.; E. A. Wallace, Sept. 14, and H. W. Churchill, Sept. 17, Camp Lee, Va.; E. S. Mahoney, Sept. 17, Camp Taylor, Ky.; C. M. Reeves, Aug. 24, Camp Pike, Ark.; H. B. Boyd, Sept. 17, Camp Dodge, Iowa; E. L. O'Toole, Sept. 6, Camp Funston, Kas.; E. R. Stanford, Sept. 13, Camp Travis, Texas; E. A. McCloskey, Sept. 13, Camp Sherman, Ohio. (Sept. 26, War D.)

RESERVE CORPS ORDERS.

ADJUTANTS.

Acceptance by 1st Lieut. L. Careaga, statistical section, A.G.D., O.R.C., of his commission as first lieutenant in statistical section, A.G.D., O.R.C., automatically vacates his commission as captain in Infantry, O.R.C., from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 22, War D.)

JUDGE ADVOCATES.

Major B. Chilton, J.A.G.R.C., to duty at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and Major E. M. Morgan, J.A.G.R.C., to Washington for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

QUARTERMASTERS.

Captains of Q.M.R.C. to duty as follows: F. E. Frazier in command of Motor Truck Co. No. 53; P. J. O'Brien to Chickamauga Park, Ga.; J. E. Faunce to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, in command of machine shop truck unit; C. E. Stearns to Fort Monroe, Va.; E. M. Graham to Camp H. R. Oldfield, C.A.C., president of the board for examination to determine his fitness for his present duties. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. P. C. Harlan, Q.M.R.C., to Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas, for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. N. H. Robinson, Q.M.R.C., to Black Point, Fla., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Capt. H. DeV. Pratt and F. B. Smith, Q.M.R.C., to the office in charge of cantonment construction, Washington, D.C., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of Q.M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. R. Kilpatrick assigned to duty as contracting officer for the construction of office building for the War Industries Board; Capt. N. D. Jackson and E. Ross to New York, N.Y.; J. G. Guertin Camp Wadsworth, S.C., 27th Div., Q.M. of the auxiliary remount depot. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Captains of Q.M.R.C. to duty as follows: C. W. Ballard to Washington mechanical repair shop unit, camp, Q.M.; C. H. Canby, jr., to depot Q.M., Chicago, Ill.; J. P. Jones and H. H. Snelling to Fort Ontario, Oswego, N.Y.; T. Atkinson, jr., to Front Royal Remount Depot, Va.; M. J. Farrell to Washington; C. W. Cameron to Washington. (Sept. 28, War D.)

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Major R. T. Taylor, M.R.C., to the following places for the purpose of instructing the medical and line officers on duty at these places and to examine such orthopedic cases as may be referred to him: Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md.; Fort Myer, Va.; Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va. Upon completion of duty at each place, Major Taylor will proceed to Camp Meade and proceed thence to the places thereafter named for the same purpose, and will continue on this duty until receipt of further orders. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major A. Greenwood to Washington, D.C., in connection with the section of surgery of the head; Capt. W. W. Babcock to Fort McPherson, Ga., as chief of the surgical service; Capt. F. P. Hammond to Camp Upton, N.Y.; Capt. G. Wilson to Annapolis Junction, Md., 79th Div., Camp Meade, Md., as tuberculosis specialist and assistant to the Army Medical Staff; Capt. T. S. Proxmire to Fort Sheridan, Ill.; 1st Lieut. J. D. Wilson to Camp Dodge, Iowa, Red Cross Ambulance Co. No. 30; 1st Lieut. A. N. Earnest to Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Texas; 1st Lieut. W. O. Spalding to Takoma Park, D.C.; 1st Lieut. H. N. Jackson and R. Kayser from duty at Fort Sheridan, Ill., to Camp Meade, Md.; 1st Lieut. P. B. Battery and H. A. Durkin to Washington, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, for a course of intensive study in their specialty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Capt. R. Hunt, M.R.C., to duty at Fort McPherson, Ga. (Sept. 19, S.E.D.)

Par. 71, S.E.D. 187, Aug. 13, 1917, War D., relating to Major M. G. Seelig and 1st Lieut. W. E. Leighton, M.R.C., is amended so as to certify that the travel therein directed is necessary in the military service. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Majors of M.R.C. to duty as follows: J. T. Burns, M.R.C., to Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La., as chief of surgical service; C. L. Chase will report to commandant, 2d Regular Army Division, Chickamauga, duty as division sanitary inspector; R. Derby to Chickamauga Park, Ga., 2d Regular Army Division; F. Martin to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, as chief of the surgical service. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Captains of M.R.C. to duty as follows: H. F. Stoll to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; E. Beer to Neurological School, University of Pennsylvania, Pa., for four weeks' intensive training in brain surgery; M. J. Lichty to Louisville, Ky., 84th Div., Camp Taylor, as tuberculosis specialist and assistant to Army medical staff; F. T. Fort to Fort Riley, Kas., Camp Funston, as chief of the Surgical Service; F. E. Gardner to Annapolis Junction, Md.; J. L. Fryer to Fort Leavenworth as ophthalmologist and oto-laryngologist; H. R. Carson to Ann Arbor, Mich., State Psychopathic Hospital, for intensive study. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieutenants of M.R.C. to duty as follows: A. B. Edgar to Camp Upton, Yaphank, N.Y.; S. Brown, 2d, to Washington, D.C.; R. D. Long to Fort Worth, Texas; E. T. Knight to duty on Aug. 28, 1917, at Minneapolis, Minn.; E. E. Richardson to Fort Riley, Kas.; E. H. Kuhns to Fort Worth, Texas, Aviation School; F. L. Senger to Mineola, N.Y.; E. H.

McLean and R. Sanderson to Rockefeller Institute duty in connection with infectious diseases at Camp Mills. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to Ann Arbor, Mich., State Psychopathic Hospital, for intensive study in their specialty: Capt. G. F. Mills, 1st Lieut. E. Altman, G. C. H. Burns. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty New York, N.Y., Neurological Institute, for intensive study: J. O. George, S. W. Hausman, V. W. Weiss and W. W. Millias. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty Baltimore, Md., Phipps Clinic, intensive course of study in their specialty: 1st Lieut. C. H. Burdick, W. J. Fleming, R. H. Howard, Capt. W. A. Lackey, 1st Lieut. W. G. Patton. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to the camps mentioned as tuberculosis specialists and assistants to the Army medical staff: Capt. S. Hindman, 81st Div., Camp Wheeler, Ga.; Capt. J. L. Wheaton, 77th Div., Camp Upton, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. Nelson C. Fromm, 85th Div., Camp Custer, Mich.; 1st Lieut. Wilson Pendleton, 85th Div., Camp Jackson, S.C. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieutenants of M.R.C., to the camps mentioned for making examinations of troops in their specialty: P. V. Anderson, Camp Greene, N.C.; G. P. Ard, Camp Hancock, Ga.; F. C. Devendorf, Camp McClellan, Ala.; O. J. D'Alton, Camp Cody, N.M.; H. R. Hoffman, Camp Doniphan, Okla.; W. H. Holmes, Camp MacArthur, Texas; J. J. Hughes, Camp Bowie, Texas; J. L. Lillie, Camp Sheridan, Ala.; R. S. Morrish, Camp Shelby, Miss.; K. Pratt, Camp Beauregard, La.; R. G. Provost, Camp Logan, Texas. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to camps mentioned for the purpose of making examinations of the troops in their specialty: Capt. R. King, Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.; 1st Lieut. J. P. Eldson, Camp Sevier, Greenville, S.C.; J. W. Hill, Camp Kearny, Linda Vista, Cal.; H. A. Rye, Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty at Camp Funston, Fort Riley, for duty: Capt. J. Buis, E. H. Clark, C. J. Combs, W. F. Dager, F. M. Edwards, W. F. Fry, F. C. Huff, F. H. McCabe, C. S. McGinnis, G. W. Newell and A. A. Pace; 1st Lieut. C. S. Adams, W. O. Akers, A. A. Axley, C. K. Barclay, C. P. Brenn, H. J. Burns, J. W. Cornell, E. Cline, F. S. Deem, H. S. Dreher, J. G. Dwyer, L. F. Egan, C. M. Fuson, W. Ginsberg, J. J. Hager, J. E. Hamann, E. H. Harvey, E. B. Haworth, W. L. Hoagland, T. A. Hood, E. E. Hoyle, F. B. Hickey, E. T. Jones, C. G. Kelsey, J. H. Kirkham, J. M. Krass, A. Martin, W. I. Mitchell, D. A. Morgan, W. N. Mundell, M. O. Nyberg, G. K. Purves, R. C. Rodecker, B. C. O. Schnell, O. N. Schudde, H. K. Wallace, P. R. Williams, J. Wilson, E. P. Wright. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty at camps mentioned: Capt. John H. McClellan, Camp Grant, 86th Div., Rockford, Ill.; 1st Lieut. Arthur G. Compton, Camp Pike, 87th Div., Little Rock, Ark. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to camps mentioned below, duty as assistant to division surgeon: Major G. M. Pierson, 78th Div., Camp Dix, N.J.; 1st Lieut. Russell R. Jones, 87th Div., Camp Pike, Ark. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. E. R. Lewis to Washington, D.C.; Capt. P. R. Turner, to report in person to Surgeon General of Army for duty in his office as to organization of mobile surgical unit; Capt. E. M. Hasbrouck to Atlanta, Ga., Camp Gordon; Capt. D. W. Drury to Fort Ontario, N.Y., Field Hospital No. 28; 1st Lieut. F. S. Cary to Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.; 1st Lieut. T. G. Schnabel to Greenville, S.C., Camp Sevier; 1st Lieut. E. G. Ramsdell to New York, N.Y., Army General Hospital No. 1; 1st Lieut. J. H. Musser, jr., to Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., 38th Div., to conduct cardiovascular examinations; 1st Lieut. C. W. Cole to Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, La.; 1st Lieut. R. B. MacDuff to Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, with Ambulance Co. No. 21; 1st Lieut. E. H. Schorer to Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kas. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. R. Moore to Fort Douglas, Utah; Major M. S. Gregory to Fort Niagara, N.Y., and then will return to Plattsburg Barracks, N.Y.; Major J. T. Sprague to Vicksburg, Miss., as sanitary inspector of the national military reserve; Capt. W. G. Canale to Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash.; 1st Lieut. J. Farrage will report by telegram to The A.G.; 1st Lieut. H. Zimmerman to San Francisco, Cal., General Hospital; 1st Lieut. F. W. Wilkerson to Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.; 1st Lieut. J. D. Riddell to Fort Riley, Kas.; 1st Lieut. G. G. Oswalt to Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga., 31st Div.; 1st Lieut. J. A. B. H. C. Mix and R. W. Skinsdon to Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., 37th Div., members of the tuberculosis examining board. (Sept. 28, War D.)

DENTAL OFFICERS.

First Lieut. W. R. Snyder, D.R.C., to duty at Fort Thomas, Ky. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. F. S. Leonard, Dental R.C., to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., for duty. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieut. E. J. Snyder, D.R.C., to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First Lieut. L. G. Mitchell, D.R.C., to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., for duty. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First lieutenants of D.R.C. to duty Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., for temporary duty, and upon completion to Charlotte, N.C., Camp Greene, for duty; M. P. Bergeron, H. W. Burns, E. L. Desautels and F. K. Phillips. (Sept. 28, War D.)

VETERINARY OFFICERS.

Second Lieut. Ralph R. Shaw, V.R.C., to duty Chillicothe, Ohio. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Second Lieut. W. G. Black, V.R.C., to Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C., 81st Div., for duty at auxiliary remount depot. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to duty Montgomery, Ala., remount depot: I. W. Allen, L. D. Nowell, J. J. Bidian and J. O. Schlegel. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to active duty Chickamauga Park, Ga., 2d Div., Regular Army, for duty: R. O. Byerrum, F. E. Kitchen and B. C. Talley. (Sept. 27, War D.)

ENGINEER OFFICERS.

Officers of E.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. P. E. Hinckley to 20th Engrs. (Forestry); Capt. B. H. Nam to Washington; 2d Lieut. A. A. Ayers is assigned to 107th Engrs., Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Acceptance by 2d Lieut. R. H. Ely, E.R.C., of his commission as second lieutenant, E.R.C., automatically vacates his commission as first lieutenant in E.R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers, E.R.C., assigned to 20th Engineers (Forestry), Camp American University, D.C., for duty: Capt. H. V. Campbell; 1st Lieut. Gilbert C. Eastman, T. W. Poindexter, W. D. Volk; 2d Lieut. C. J. Davis, jr., R. L. Hyde, H. Johnson and R. L. Chaffin; Capt. H. W. Bozskas, A. J. Fink, jr., J. O. Long; 1st Lieut. M. R. Ethell, C. O. Kelley, W. J. Wilson; 2d Lieut. E. B. Birmingham; Capt. A. W. Egan, 1st Lieut. J. L. Wood, 2d Lieut. A. N. Drips. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of E.R.C. to report to Chief of Engineers for assignment to duty: Capt. E. P. Ellis, J. W. McGuire, J. T. Watkins, O. T. Hodgson, J. H. Peters; 1st Lieut. C. A. Mourhess, W. D. Lambert, E. F. Church, O. S. Adams, P. B. Castles; 2d Lieut. W. N. McFarland, S. L. Rosenberg, H. S. Rappeley. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of E.R.C. to duty as follows: Major T. G. Gerding to Washington; Capt. F. M. Bartelme assigned to 20th Engineer (Forestry), Camp American University, D.C.; 2d Lieut. H. B. Beardsley to Washington. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of E.R.C. assigned to the 105th Engineers, Camp Sevier, S.C., for duty: Capt. W. P. Sullivan, F. D. Stafford, T. E. Seelye; 1st Lieut. A. H. Spence, C. E. Elliott, jr., F. B. Warfield, S. H. Griffin, H. S. Robinson; 2d Lieut. G. P. Murphy, C. H. Latrobe. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieut. H. Malinka and 2d Lieut. H. E. Dexter, E.R.C., to 30th Engrs. (gas and flame), and will join at the camp at American University, D.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major H. D. Engle, E.R.C., assigned to 20th Engrs., camp at American University, D.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Capt. H. D. Stowe and E. H. Armby, E.R.C., will take station in Washington, D.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Second Lieut. C. C. Ade to general engineer depot, Washington, D.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Major O. B. Perry, E.R.C., to duty in office of Chief of Engrs. (Sept. 28, War D.)

First Lieut. W. S. Trace, E.R.C., to Black Point, Jacksonville, Fla., for duty. (Sept. 28, War D.)

ORDNANCE OFFICERS.

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. Guthrie to C. of O.; Major A. C. Rogers to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; Capt. J. G. McAllister to C. of O.; Capt. L. J. Waterbury to Wash-

ington, D.C.; 1st Lieut. F. Holmes to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieut. H. M. Clark, jr., to Springfield Armory, Springfield, Mass.; 1st Lieut. W. S. Fowler to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieut. E. G. Hitt to Washington; 1st Lieut. A. W. Baldwin to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; 1st Lieut. H. E. Connors to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building, Twenty-fourth street and Broadway; 1st Lieut. T. Worthington, jr., to Frankford Arsenal, Pa. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. C. C. Sheppard to C. of O., Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieut. W. Woodard at the Remington Arms Co., Ill., N.Y.; 1st Lieut. P. Renshaw to C. of O.; 1st Lieut. C. W. MacMullen to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieut. M. H. Blank to C. of O.; 1st Lieut. F. O. Loring to Sandy Hook Proving Ground, Fort Hancock, N.J.; 1st Lieut. R. D. Wells to C. of O.; 1st Lieut. J. Gilmore to C. of O. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Major R. C. Palmer to Watertown Arsenal, Mass.; Major C. W. Chisholm to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building, Twenty-fourth street and Broadway; Capt. F. H. Blakeslee to Albemarle Building, New York, N.Y.; Capt. C. E. Judson to C. of O.; Capt. P. A. Gahler to C. of O.; Capt. R. W. Hemphill, jr., to C. of O.; Capt. G. Wilfert to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building; Capt. F. G. Allen to Washington, D.C. (Sept. 27, War D.)

First lieutenants of O.R.C. to duty as follows: F. South, jr., to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building, Twenty-fourth street and Broadway; C. P. Lewis to C. of O.; J. F. Gaskill to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; L. H. Morrison to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; P. C. Williams to C. of O.; R. R. Newcomb to C. of O.; R. F. Humphrey to New York, N.Y., Twenty-fourth street and Broadway; W. D. Hines to Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.; E. S. Perot, jr., to Washington, D.C.; J. F. Johnson, jr., to Sandy Hook Proving Ground, Fort Hancock, N.J.; A. R. McCown to C. of O. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. N. G. Nesbit, Capt. A. B. Roberts; 1st Lieut. F. E. Sprague, A. Schaller, H. B. Taylor, S. K. Bushnell, C. C. B. Drake, C. C. Strick, P. O. E. Johnson, H. T. Freeman, C. B. McQuillen, H. D. Stecher, H. J. Savage and R. H. Lord. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Major A. Forch to Washington, D.C.; Major N. C. Walpole to Washington; Capt. P. McMichael to C. of O.; W. M. McCleary to C. of O.; J. R. Jackson to C. of O. (Sept. 28, War D.)

First lieutenants of O.R.C. to duty as follows: J. A. Lynch and C. M. Butler to Washington; G. S. Dickinson to Sandy Hook Proving Ground, Fort Hancock, N.J.; D. T. Smith to Camp Hancock, Ga.; J. H. McElhinney to Washington; W. C. Harmon, jr., to New York, N.Y., Albemarle Building, 24th street and Broadway; J. L. Myers to Washington; F. X. Colleton to C. of O.; A. N. Budd to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; J. G. Dalgleish to American Ordnance and Foundry Co., Detroit, Mich.; J. W. Martin, jr., to Piscataway Arsenal, Dover, N.J.; H. J. Welch to Inspector of Ordnance, New Britain Machine Co., New Britain, Conn.; H. Logan to C.O., Watertown Arsenal, Mass.; C. S. Van Cise to Washington; H. J. Adair to C. of O.; J. M. McMurray to Watertown Arsenal, Mass. (Sept. 28, War D.)

SIGNAL OFFICERS.

Major H. G. Opychko, S.R.C., is designated as acting department signal officer, Eastern Dept. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. S. G. McEntee, S.R.C., from 1st Field Battalion to Camp Alfred Wald, Little Silver, N.J., for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First lieutenants of S.R.C. to duty as follows: J. E. McKenna will report in person to C. of S. for duty in his office; D. O. Buscall assigned to duty with station in New York, N.Y.; William L. Seibert to Washington. (Sept. 27, War D.)

AVIATION OFFICERS.

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Capt. T. Walkup to Memphis, Tenn., and telegraph C.S.O.; 1st Lieut. G. S. Taylor to Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. H. B. Peters to Toronto, Province of Ontario, Canada, Av. Sec.; 1st Lieut. L. E. Dunn to New York, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. W. W. King to Wilbur Wright Field, Fairfield, Ohio. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Major H. B. Hersey, Av. Sec., S.R.C., is rated as a junior military aviator. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Major K. Banning to C.S.O.; Capt. H. Muliken to Washington; L. S. Scott to Mount Clemens, Mich., Selfridge Field; V. A. O. Hennessey to take station at Syracuse, N.Y.; W. Wadsworth as aeronautical officer, Eastern Dept., relieving Lieut. J. C. Gilmore, jr., C.A.C., who will proceed to Fort Monitree, S.C., and assume command of the Coast Defenses of Charleston; P. D. Mills to Washington; J. A. Powell to Geneva, Ill.

First lieutenants of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: D. Viole to Washington; O. B. Wyman to Signal Corps Aviation School, Camp Kelly, South San Antonio, Texas; H. W. White to Toronto, Canada, and Av. Sec., S.C. Detachment, relieving 1st Lieut. B. Goldblatt, Av. Sec., S.R.C., who will proceed to San Antonio, Texas, Camp Kelly; H. O. Sigourney to C.S.O.; L. F. Schultze to Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, N.Y.; O. F. McIntosh to Belleville, Ill.; J. E. Carter to C.S.O.; R. S. Porter to South San Antonio, Texas, Camp Kelly. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First lieutenants, Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty, Mineola, N.Y.: W. Winter and D. S. Seaton. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First lieutenants, Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, N.Y., for duty: D. Lyle, W. F. Goulding, M. E. Carter, jr., M. C. Giesecke, G. L. Erwin, jr., W. M. Russell, E. E. Townes, H. Wilder, R. N. Wetherbee, H. O. Colburn, S. E. Elliott, H. H. George. (Sept. 26, War D.)

First Lieut. J. E. McKenna, Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty at War College Division, G.S. Washington. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to duty at camps indicated: W. M. Henry, Camp Logan, Texas; D. Lynch, Camp Custer, Mich. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Capt. G. L. Jones to Seattle, Wash.; Capt. J. S. Reeves to Indianapolis, Ind.; Capt. R. Seire and 1st Lieut. M. J. Czarnecki to Mount Clemens, Mich.; 1st Lieut. D. J. Payne to Hazelhurst Field, Mineola, Long Island, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. C. B. Ammon to Belleville, Ill.; Scott Field, Ill.; 1st Lieut. H. S. Robbins to Mount Clemens, Mich.; 1st Lieut. W. P. White to Mineola, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. J. E. Enright to Belleville, Ill.; 1st Lieut. O. P. Eich to School of Military Aeronautics, Columbus, Ohio. (Sept. 27, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Capt. F. L. Wells to Cambridge, Mass., Institute of Tech.; Capt. J. A. Buchanan to Camp Kelly, South San Antonio, Texas; Capt. D. Gray to Washington, D.C.; Capt. H. H. Hawkins to Atlanta, Ga., School of Military Aeronautics; 1st Lieut. W. A. Hoeveler, jr., to Mineola, N.Y. (Sept. 28, War D.)

CAVALRY.

Acceptance by 2d Lieut. J. P. Cohen, jr., and R. B. Bradley, C.R.C., of their commissions as second lieutenants in C.R.C. automatically vacates their commissions as first lieutenants in C.R.C. (Sept. 22, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY OFFICERS.

Second lieutenants, Field Art. R.C., are transferred to the training battalion, 5th Field Art., and will join: H. A. Tilden, W. A. Galbraith, E. W. Kane, P. M. Randall, G. R. Blendon and J. A. Morris. (Sept. 27, War D.)

COAST ARTILLERY OFFICERS.

Officers of the C.A.R.C. will report to commandant Coast Art. School, Fort Monroe, Va., for duty: 1st Lieut. J. D. Powell, M. D. Daily, O. W. Swainson, G. D. Cowie, E. E. Reese, F. S. Borden, M. Steinberg, H. T. Kelsh, jr., E. W. Eickelberg, W. H. Clark, A. C. Hallberg, B. C. Freeman; 2d Lieut. R. A. Wheeler, A. C. Witherpoon, H. R. Grunmann, R. K. Bennett, M. O. Witherbee, P. A. Perrin, R. D. Horne, R. J. Hoie, F. E. Jockel, A. L. Shalowitz, W. W. Pease, B. Galos, J. W. Cox, G. R. Hartley. (Sept. 27, War D.)

INFANTRY OFFICERS.

Second lieutenants of Inf. R.C. to duty with training battalion, 28th Inf., Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.: M. L. Aldridge, C. B. Lawton, H. O. Felton, K. H. Kolpien. (Sept. 26, War D.)

Officers of Inf. R.C. relieved from duty at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C., and to C.G., 82d Div., Camp Gordon, for duty: 1st Lieut. S. A. Cant, L. Phelan, W. Radford, E. V. Walker; 2d Lieut. L. R

GEORGE A. KING

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The report that Marine Corps organizations now in France had been broken up to do provost guard duty in towns where American troops were billeted has caused no little uneasiness among friends of the corps. These will be glad to learn that there was no truth in the story. Major Gen. Commandant George Barnett, when his attention was called to the item said: "Certainly it is not true. The duty to be performed by any troops of course must rest with the commanding general, but the marines have not been broken up as described. When the next increment of our boys arrives in France I hope they will

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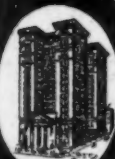
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under General Sibert."

The Secretary of War has given his official and personal endorsement to the campaign that has been inaugurated to give officers and enlisted men of the Army an opportunity to invest in the Second Liberty Loan of 1917. Lieut. Col. H. M. Lord, Q.M.C., U.S.A., has been placed in charge of the campaign. He has formulated a plan whereby the soldier can allot a portion of his pay each month to be applied to the purchase price of his bonds. Friendly competition between regiments and other units will be encouraged.

Although the amendment to the War Insurance bill (H.R. 5723), which would have provided \$25,000,000 for quarters or commutation thereof to the families of officers and enlisted men was defeated by a vote of 31 to 19, the fight for this badly needed relief has not been dropped. It is learned that the proponents of the amendment already have secured an agreement from the Committee on Military Affairs of the Senate to report a bill carrying essentially this provision as soon as Congress reconvenes in December.

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RANK OF GENERAL REVIVED.

An amendment was attached as a rider to the Service Insurance bill by the Senate on Oct. 4, when that body passed the bill by a vote of 71 to 0, which would confer the rank of general for the period of the war on both the Chief of Staff of the U.S. Army and the commander of the American Expeditionary Forces abroad. The amendment also provides rank of lieutenant general for corps commanders, and raises all bureau chiefs in the War Department to the rank of major general. The number of lieutenant generals will be determined after the organization of the Army into corps. Among the brigadier generals who will be advanced to the rank of major general are Crozier, Crowder, Black, Squier, McIntyre and McCain. Generals and lieutenant generals are to receive \$10,000 and \$9,000 a year respectively, with allowances. The amendment was introduced by Senator Hitchcock, who said it had been recommended by Secretary of War Baker and unanimously adopted by the Senate Military Affairs Committee.

Secretary Baker's action in recommending this legislation has been predicted frequently since Major Gen. John J. Pershing was sent abroad with the first expeditionary forces. It was quickly seen that he would be handicapped by the fact that he would be brought in contact with commanders of allied armies who while holding only equal or even inferior position, would outrank him. With the probability that the American forces soon will be increased to the strength where organization of an army corps can be carried out, the situation became more aggravated. General Pershing can be considered as subordinate in rank only to General Petain and Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, but each of those leaders has under him officers of higher rank than the American commander. The necessity for providing for the ranks of general and lieutenant general or even a higher rank, was pointed out in our issue of May 26 last. We urged upon Congress at that time that it should make such provision for our field armies. With the rank of general held by the field commander it is obvious that it should be held by the Chief of Staff, and the bill should bring deserved promotion to Major Gen. Tasker H. Bliss and his successors in that office.

The adoption of this law will revive a rank that has been held hitherto by only three officers of the U.S. Army—Gens. U. S. Grant, W. T. Sherman and Philip H. Sheridan. The rank and title passed from the Army list in 1888 on the death of General Sheridan, who held it from June 1 of that year to Aug. 5, when he died.

TEXT OF THE AMENDMENT.

Here is the text of the amendment:

That Sec. 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to increase temporarily the Military Establishment of the United States," approved May 19, 1917, shall be held and construed to authorize the President, in accordance with the provisions of said act and for the period of the existing emergency only, to appoint as generals the Chief of Staff and the commander of the United States forces in France, and as lieutenant general each commander of an army or army corps organized as authorized by existing law; provided that the pay of the grades of general and lieutenant general shall be \$10,000 and \$9,000 a year, respectively, with allowances appropriate to said grades as determined by the Secretary of War; and provided that brigadier generals of the Army shall hereafter rank relatively with rear admirals of the lower half of the grade. And hereafter the chief of any existing staff corps, department or bureau, except as is otherwise provided for the Chief of Staff, shall have the rank, pay and allowances of major general.

In explanation of Secretary Baker's reasons for recommending this legislative action Senator Hitchcock said: "In the first place General Pershing, now in command in France, is outranked by field marshals, by generals and lieutenant generals, and a situation has arisen which involves considerable embarrassment. In the second place, Mr. Baker said it was inadvisable to have the Chief of Staff in Washington issuing orders to a general unless he had the same rank. Mr. Baker then calls attention to the fact that the commanders of divisions of the American Army in France should have the rank of lieutenant general in order to correspond with the rank of general in the French army held by commanders of corps in the French army.

"Then he calls attention to the fact that in the War Department the staff corps as at present organized has three major generals—that is, the Quartermaster General, the Surgeon General and Chief of Coast Artillery. All the other heads of bureaus having equally important duties are brigadier generals, including, for instance, the Chief of Ordnance, The Adjutant General, the Judge Advocate General, who has just finished such a tremendous work in superintending the carrying into effect of the Draft Law, the Inspector General, the Chief of Engineers, the Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, and the Chief of the Signal Corps."

The only objection raised to the amendment was

voiced by Senator McCumber, who said the promotion of General Pershing was a social matter. He declared that General Pershing now ranks ahead of the Kaiser in the eyes and minds of the American people. "The purpose of this proposition," said he, "is to secure for the United States officer the social rank of the French and English officers." In reply to this Senator Hitchcock declared that Secretary Baker told him this promotion is not a matter of social distinction.

PROMOTION OF STAFF OFFICERS.

The Secretary of War has reversed his stand upon the question of promotions for the staff corps. As set forth in his long memorandum on the subject (published in our issue of Sept. 22, page 115), Secretary Baker for a time believed that no legal authority existed for appointments from the permanent lists of staff corps and departments to higher grades in the National Army. He therefore instructed each of the several chiefs to prepare drafts of such legislation as he might think necessary to authorize the intended advancements. More recently, however, Mr. Baker has received from the Judge Advocate General and from disinterested legal authorities of unquestioned standing additional opinions to the effect that the Act of May 18, 1917, the Selective Service act, included all necessary authority for these appointments in the staff as well as the line of the National Army. The third paragraph of Sec. 1 of the act, authorizing the President to raise by draft, organize and equip an additional force of 500,000 enlisted men (the National Army, as it is now known), also authorizes the President "to provide necessary officers, line and staff, for said force." This is understood to be the proviso under which these National Army staff appointments of brigadier generals have been made.

The nominations sent to the Senate this week of staff officers to be brigadiers were the first evidence of the new stand. The Senate accepted the legality of these nominations, and promptly confirmed them, on Oct. 4. The officers thus promoted are:

To be brigadier generals, National Army, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917:

Col. Benjamin Alvord, adjutant general; Col. Edgar Russel, Signal Corps; Col. Alfred E. Bradley, Medical Corps; Lieut. Col. Walter A. Bethel, judge advocate; Lieut. Col. James G. Harbord, Cav., Gen. Staff; Lieut. Col. Clarence C. Williams, Ord. Dept.; Col. Harry L. Rogers, Quartermaster Corps; W. W. Atterbury, of Pennsylvania.

To be brigadier generals, National Army, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917:

Adjutant General's Department—Cols. James T. Kerr and Eugene F. Ladd, both U.S.A., retired.

Judge Advocate General's Department—Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell, judge advocate.

Quartermaster Corps—Cols. Isaac W. Littell, Chauncey B. Baker, David L. Brainard, all Q.M.C.

Corps of Engineers—Cols. Frederic V. Abbot and E. Eveleth Winslow, both Corps of Engrs.

Ordnance Department—Cols. Edwin B. Babbitt and Charles B. Wheeler, both O.D.

Medical Corps—Cols. Charles Richard, William H. Arthur and Henry P. Birmingham, all M.C.

THE U.S. COAST GUARD.

So great has been the demand for an opportunity to enlist in the U.S. Coast Guard, and from the most desirable class of applicants, that only about ten per cent. of those who would like to enlist can be accommodated. Capt. Godfrey L. Carden, U.S. Coast Guard, in charge of recruiting with station in New York city, is troubled at present by the problem of how to meet the over supply of good men, rather than by any concern as to scarcity of applicants for enlistment. Many of the applicants were advised to try the other Services. The Coast Guard is an extremely popular service with men who like constant action at sea in all winds and weathers; this they know they will find, as enlistments are confined to men who are and who desire to be thorough seamen, in all that that implies. The service has the well earned reputation of having seamen second to none. The very nature of the rescue and patrol work, no matter how bad the storm, demands that only men of nerve and skill be selected.

The Coast Guard now operates as a part of the Navy, and is doing work in searching for submarines, convoying, etc. Its authorized enlisted strength before the war was 3,945, and this has now been increased to 6,000. Of some 7,600 registered applications for enlistment between Jan. 1 and Sept. 22 of this year, only about 700 were accepted. Among the applicants were men from the foremost colleges in the United States, as well as men who had chiefly a practical knowledge of the sea. Some of the college men were enlisted and sent to the Coast Guard Academy at New London for instruction, and have shown great aptitude. They were warned of the rough life ahead of them before enlisting.

One reason for the great popularity of the Coast Guard is that its men enjoy certain important benefits not provided for the men of the other Services. This insures such numerous applications for enlistment from skilled seamen and others, that the recruiting officers have the cream of men to pick from. Men enlist in the Coast Guard only for one year and at the end of that time can re-enlist. This brief term is a very popular one and is not allowed in the other Services. Fully ninety per cent. of the men re-enlist, however, so vacancies are comparatively few. The new men receive higher pay than in the

Navy—a seaman getting approximately \$38 a month, on first enlistment. They have a retirement law similar to that of the Navy, but in addition if a man in the Coast Guard, five minutes after enlistment should be injured, even in crossing a street, so as to incapacitate him for service, he is automatically pensioned on three-quarters of his pay for life. This law was submitted to Congress by officers of the Coast Guard and was urgently pressed by them in justice to their men. If an enlisted man of the Coast Guard dies while in the Service, his next of kin receives two years' pay. Men of the Coast Guard must toe the mark strictly, and any man who shows vicious habits is promptly discharged.

COAST GUARD VESSELS OVERSEA.

The Navy Department has received official reports of the safe arrival in European waters of a number of cutters of the U.S. Coast Guard which were detached from patrol duty in American waters to assist in the work being done by the Allied fleets and the destroyer flotilla under Vice Admiral William S. Sims, U.S.N. The censorship rules prohibit mention of the number of boats already sent. It may be stated, however, that their duties will be in connection with the numerous craft engaged in mine sweeping. Recent accessions to the ranks of American craft engaged in this work are not confined to the few cutters. The Government some time ago began quietly to commandeer dozens of fishing craft of the type that is common along the Atlantic coast and which because of their unique construction are splendidly adapted to mine sweeping. These were sent over at the same time as the cutters.

A THIRD TRAINING CAMP SERIES.

With the object of training enlisted men of the Regular Army, National Guard, and National Army for appointment as officers to fill vacancies that may occur in these forces a third series of training camps will be organized to open Jan. 5, 1918, and continue through April 5, inclusive. A camp will be established for each of the Regular Army, National Guard, and National Army divisions. Additional camps will be located in the Philippines, Panama and Hawaii and one each at Fort Bliss and Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and Chickamauga, Ga. The graduates of these training camps who may be so recommended will be listed as eligible for commission as second lieutenants and will be commissioned as vacancies occur.

To these camps, which are primarily for enlisted men, it has been decided to admit a certain number of graduates and undergraduates of universities, colleges, and schools which have earned recognition by having had military training under Army officers during the past ten years.

In the memorandum issued by The Adjutant General concerning admission to the camps he states that the commanding general of each Regular Army, National Guard and National Army division will inform the enlisted men of his command that the training camps are to be opened and if they desire to attend their applications must be submitted to their immediate commanding officer before Dec. 1. From these the unit commander will select the most deserving men, not to exceed ten per cent. of the enlisted strength of the organization, the age limits to be twenty-one to forty years. The basis of selection is to be: Character of the applicants as regards conduct, leadership, ability to learn quickly, ability to instruct others; and general suitability. Department commanders will also inform commanding officers of such troops in the department as are not organized into divisions of the scheme of the training camps and direct them to submit the names of enlisted men recommended for attendance, the number to be recommended not to exceed 1.7 per cent. of the enlisted strength of the organization. Recruiting officers will send to the department commanders the names of members of recruiting parties recommended by them to attend the camps and the department commander will select not to exceed 1.7 per cent. of the total number of men on recruiting duty in the department from those recommended. Enlisted men of the Regular Army, National Guard and National Army will be carried on detached service while students at training schools. They will receive pay and allowances of their grade. It is specifically stated that no applications will be received at the War Department.

In addition to the above 2,490 graduates or undergraduates from ninety-three specified universities, colleges and military schools will be admitted to the training camps. Graduates from these institutions, of those selected to attend, will be required upon reporting at the school to enlist for the duration of the war. If after completing the three months' course they are not recommended for commissions they will be required to remain in service and finish their enlistment. While students they will receive the pay and allowances of privates, first class.

The camps are primarily for the training of line officers. The Quartermaster General, Chief of Ordnance, Chief of Coast Artillery, Chief Signal Officer, and Chief of Engineers have been authorized to organize such schools for special training as may be necessary.

Great Britain issued an order on Oct. 2 prohibiting the exportation to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Holland of all articles except printed matter and personal effects accompanied by their owners. This action, which was taken at the instance of the United States, is regarded as the real beginning of a co-operative plan of the United States and her Allies to guarantee the complete stoppage

of supplies to the Central Powers. To those familiar with the military and economic situation in Germany, the new policy indicates that the Allied governments have come to the conclusion that by making every use of economic weapons the war will be ended much more quickly than by military supremacy alone. Against the possibility of goods reaching the European neutral countries from South America, the United States and Great Britain are prepared to put an embargo on coal shipments to from South America, the United States has put into force an embargo on bunker coal to neutral ships carrying supplies from South America to neutral countries of northern Europe unless their cargoes are inspected in our ports.

NAVAL PROGRAM FAR ADVANCED.

Official information upon the progress being made upon the Navy's construction program shows that deliveries of important units of the new flotillas will be made in from eight to ten months earlier than would have been considered possible in ante bellum days. Since the Department has made no secret of its efforts to rush the work on smaller auxiliary craft, such as destroyers, the greatest progress naturally is reported from the yards having these contracts. It is stated on excellent authority that within the next eighteen months the United States will have in service the greatest number of destroyers in any navy. To appreciate fully what has been accomplished it need only be said that every destroyer now under construction is to be delivered to the Government by the end of January, 1918. The success attained by the Navy Department should be attributed equally to the extraordinary powers given the President in connection with the naval plans, the hearty co-operation of the American shipbuilders and the efficient supervision of the Department.

Reports have been made to the Department upon the recent trials of one of the "flush-deck" destroyers. It is not permitted to publish the results further than to say the officers in charge were, most enthusiastic in their praise of this new type. These boats, with few exceptions, are to develop not less than thirty-five knots.

That we shall soon have a large destroyer fleet ready to operate against the enemy's submarines is cheering news. Experiences in the present war have amply demonstrated that the destroyer and the swift armored cruiser have performed splendid service in all seas and in all weathers, and there are no classes of ships that have filled their allotted rôle better. Against submarines there is nothing so effective as fast, heavily armed destroyers and those soon to be added to our Navy will have the advantage in speed, gun power and seagoing qualities, over anything we have afloat of this class. These qualities coupled with a large cruising radius will insure their effectiveness as submarine hunters and will further increase the safety of vessels under convoy. With an ample convoy of destroyers the submarine will find it much more difficult to attack, and with the large increase of the destroyer class in both the United States and British navies the submarine menace should be considerably checked. Precision in gunnery has marked the work of British destroyers particularly, and will surely mark the work of our own when opportunity offers. U-boats will hardly be inclined to take too many chances. The work of the destroyers in the winter time is specially arduous. Tossed by the great seas about the British coasts and elsewhere, their decks are almost constantly under water. The system of reliefs now in vogue, however, lessens the strain on officers and men to a great extent and, it is expected our new boats will be more comfortable.

CONSOLIDATION OF GUARD UNITS.

In cases where it is deemed advisable to consolidate two or more National Guard regiments to meet the requirements of the newest organization plan, the senior colonel in every instance will be continued in command of the consolidated unit. The other colonel will not suffer loss of rank, however, but will be attached to a regiment until his services are required. A similar course is to be followed with the junior officers of the regimental and battalion staffs. A certain number of the "surplus" officers remaining after the reorganization will be assigned to the depot or reserve brigades to be organized with each division. The fear that such detail will keep these officers from active service abroad is unfounded. It can be stated that these reserve units will accompany the division to which they are attached when the division leaves for the front in France.

Despite the statement from the War Department that only military necessity led to the adoption of the plan of consolidating National Guard regiments, many protests have been made to Secretary Baker against the "destruction" of this or that cherished organization. The Governor of Missouri conferred in person with Secretary Baker in this connection on Oct. 1, the units affected in this case being the 4th Missouri Infantry, and the 3d Kansas Infantry, which are to be combined; and the 2d Missouri Infantry, which is to be divided into three machine-gun battalions and a trench mortar battery. The principal objection to the proposal that existing National Guard regiments be filled to the new war strength by National Army drafts from the same state is because of the delay which would be necessitated before the regiment could be ordered abroad. In its new form, the unit would comprise about sixty-seven per cent. raw recruits, whose training would mean the work of months. As the departure of the former state troops is the principal objective of the Department's immediate plans, the proposal has met with small favor.

AVIATION PROGRAM PROGRESSING.

The successful development of the "Liberty Motor" for use in the air planes sent to France with the American troops has been followed by highly satisfactory progress in the equipment of the aerial branch of the Army and in the training of its aviators. An official summary of the aviation situation, issued by the Secretary of War on Oct. 5, states that contracts have been let and work is in progress on practically the entire number of airplanes and motors for which provision was made in the \$640,000,000 aviation bill passed by Congress in July. This program called for more than 20,000 airplanes. The types of airplanes now in process of manufacture cover the entire range of training machines, light high-speed fighting machines and powerful battle and bombing planes of the heaviest design. Contracts call for an ample number of training machines and embrace as well giant battle planes capable of the work of the Caproni, the Handley Page and similar types.

The work of the Aviation Section has been thoroughly systematized, it is added. The training of aviators, the building of motors and the construction of wings is proceeding uniformly, so that when motors and planes are ready, aviators and machine guns shall be available. It has been necessary greatly to develop and expand the aircraft industry. Increasing output, creating new plants, and providing tools for great quantity production, has required time and the months of the summer have been, and the early fall will be, devoted to this essential groundwork.

Approximately one-fourth of the airplanes soon to be needed will be made abroad. Provision has been made also for the manufacture of the many accessories necessary to our aircraft service at the front, under direction of skilled men. Under the direction of the Aircraft Production Board there is being accomplished an international standardization in the tests of materials and their specifications. More than thirty air service experts of the Allied nations have come to Washington and are on regular duty, loaned to this Government to aid in getting our aviation program under way.

There has been a remarkably gratifying response to the call for aviators. The ground schools conducted by several of our great universities are turning out cadets steadily. Twenty-four flying schools have been authorized and construction work is up to schedule. Arrangement was made with the Allies for the acceptance of our cadet students for final intensive training behind several of the battle fronts.

WRIGHT FIELD LEASED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

To centralize engineering and experimental work in connection with the Government's aircraft program, the Wright field at North Dayton, Ohio, has been leased for three years. It will be used in connection with the establishment of a "Temporary Central Engineering and Experimental Field." The site was selected because of its immediate availability, its central location and its proximity to the Wilbur Wright Field, now in operation by the Signal Corps. The new establishment will be known as McCook Field in honor of former owners. Necessary offices, machine shops, hangars and barracks will be constructed as rapidly as possible. It will be in command of Lieut. Col. Virgilus E. Clark, S.C., U.S.A., who will be assisted by Major Vincent and Captain Harmon.

Preparations have been completed to recall the American aviation students now in training at Camp Borden, Canada, to this country in order that they may be sent to one of the new camps in Texas for winter flying. It is probable that a large number of the Canadian students will be sent by their government to the same camp.

APPOINTMENTS IN SIGNAL CORPS, U.S.A.

Temporary commissions in connection with appointment to the "new" Signal Corps have been issued to seventy-nine officers additional to those in the list printed in our issue of Sept. 15, page 79. These temporary commissions, which were received on Sept. 23, all date from Aug. 5, 1917, and include the following, in alphabetical order:

Andrews, Frank M. (Capt.), major.
Baldwin, Theodore A. (Lt. Col.), lieutenant colonel;
Bomford, George N. (Maj., Inf.), lieutenant colonel;
Brant, Gerald C. (Capt.), major; Bristol, Matt C. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel; Brown, Lawrence C. (Maj., C.A.C.), lieutenant colonel; Buckner, Simon B. (Capt.), major; Burge, Vernon L. (1st Lt., Inf.), captain; Bull, Henry T. (Maj.), major.
Castle, Benjamin F. (Capt.), major; Catron, Thomas (Capt.), major; Chambers, Lilburn B. (1st Lt., Cav.), captain; Chaney, James B. (Capt.), major; Cheston, Daniel M. (Capt.), major; Chitty, William D. (Lt. Col.), colonel; Clagett, Henry B. (Capt.), major; Crissy, Dana H. (Capt.), major; Crystal, Thomas L. (Capt.), major.
Dargue, Herbert A. (Capt., Field Art.), major; Day, Clarence R. (Maj.), colonel; DeArmond, George W. (Capt.), major; Dickman, Fred T. (Capt., Cav.), major; Douglas, Joseph B. (Maj.), lieutenant colonel; Drennan, Leonard H. (Capt., Inf.), major; Duncan, Thomas (Capt.), lieutenant colonel.
Eskridge, Oliver S. (Lt. Col.), colonel; Feché, James E. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel; Fravel, Ira F. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel.
Garrison, William H., Jr. (Capt.), major; Goodier, C. J. (Capt.), major; Gregg, Harry W. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel.
Hand, H. F. (1st Lt., Inf.), captain; Harrison, George R. (Capt.), major; Hartwell, Cushman (Capt., Cav.), major; Hensley, William N. (Capt.), major; Hickam, Horace M. (Capt., Cav.), major; Hunter, George B. (Capt.), major.
Jones, Frederick M. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel; Jones, Edward K. (1st Lt., Cav.), captain.
Kirtland, Roy C. (Capt., Inf.), major.
Lincoln, Rush B. (Capt., Inf.), major.
Maranville, Clarence H. (1st Lt., Inf.), captain; Martin, Frederick L. (Capt.), major; McCammon, Edward E. (Capt., Inf.), major; McCoy, Ross (1st Lt., Cav.), captain; McGee, Hugh H. (Capt.), major; McIntosh, Lawrence W. (Capt.), major; Moose, William L. (Capt.), major; Mudgett, John J. (Maj.), major; Mygatt, Leonard J. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel.
Nelson, George E. (Capt.), major; Neumiller, D. J. (1st Lt., Inf.), captain.

Osterman, Frederick J. (Capt., Inf.), major.

Palmer, Bruce (Capt.), lieutenant colonel; Pearson, William F. (Capt.), major; Pratt, Henry C. (Capt.), major.

Quackenbush, C. Van S. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel.
Richmond, Henry R. (Lt. Col.), lieutenant colonel;
Rifenberick, Richard P. (Capt.), lieutenant colonel; Robertson, George H. (Capt.), major; Robins, Augustine W. (Capt., Cav.), major; Ross, Frank K. (Capt., Cav.), major; Rupottom, Holland (Lt. Col.), lieutenant colonel; Rudolph, Jacob H. (Capt.), major.

Shively, H. P. (2d Lt.), first lieutenant; Smither, Henry C. (Maj.), colonel; Sneed, Albert L. (Capt.), major; Sumner, Edwin V. (Capt., Cav.), major; Steever, Edgar Z. (Capt., Inf.), major; Sullivan, John S. (Capt.), major.

Van Horn, Frank L. (Capt.), major; Van Way, Charles W. (Major), lieutenant colonel.

Weeks, Henry J. (Capt.), major; White, Charles H. (Capt.), major; White, James M. (1st Lt., P.S.), captain; Whitehead, H. C. (Maj.), colonel; Whiteside, Victor H. (Capt., Cav.), major; Wilbourn, Arthur B. (Capt., Cav.), major.

Yount, Barton K. (Capt., Inf.), major.

CANDIDATES FOR WEST POINT.

The following candidates for the West Point entrance examination to be held in March, 1918, have been designated during the past week:

Georgia—Foy L. Clark, Hamilton; Cecil C. Cobb, first alternate, Carbon Hill.

Illinois—Owen R. Cook, first alternate, Grand Park; Frederick M. Manny, Mt. Sterling.

Kentucky—Clarence Young, first alternate, Nelson.

Michigan—Carl F. Anderson, Omena.

Minnesota—Arthur W. Carlson, Austin; Francis J. Graling, first alternate, Spring Valley; Randolph B. Wilkinson, Lake Elmo; George V. Lieb, first alternate, Faribault; Glendon P. Paulson, second alternate, North Mankato; Jacob F. Kiefer, second alternate, Moorhead.

Missouri—Martin Boone, first alternate, Holden.

Oklahoma—James I. McConnell, second alternate, Altus.

South Dakota—Charles H. Swartz, Pierre; Thomas H. Vaughn, Waterboro; John E. Reiersen, first alternate, Mitchell; Charley Schmalz, second alternate, Gettysburg.

Tennessee—Howard Long, Blountville; Jennings B. Kelly, Pulaski; Dayton D. Watson, Dickson.

Utah—Cyril D. Pearson, Pleasant Grove; Francis B. Stillman, 2992 Twenty-third East, Salt Lake City.

OUR FORCES ABROAD.

According to an Associated Press dispatch from the "base of the American flotilla in British waters" on Sept. 30 two American Navy officers of high rank spent a busy day inspecting the American destroyers and receiving reports from their commanders on the satisfactory progress of the anti-submarine campaign. They had luncheon aboard the flagship of the flotilla with destroyer commanders who happened to be in port. In the evening they attended an entertainment given in their honor by the bluejackets in the new clubhouse erected for the sailors. Both officers made speeches and thanked the men for the entertainment. They said they would carry back to the United States the excellent impression made upon them by all ranks in the flotilla.

The first American soldier to be brought back from France for punishment was received at the Federal Penitentiary Fort Leavenworth, on Sept. 15, to serve a sentence of thirty years for assault with intent to commit rape. The man was Pvt. George E. Beasley, twenty years old. He attacked a French girl last June and was convicted the same month by a court-martial. The court made his case an example for the remainder of the American Expeditionary Force. The action of the court-martial was approved July 7 and he was immediately ordered to be taken to the Federal prison. Transportation facilities across the Atlantic are so much reduced by the war that several weeks elapsed before the voyage to America started. Two other soldiers who committed breaches of military discipline in France are now on their way to the United States penitentiary here, but the officials have not been informed when they will arrive. One is to serve a ten years' sentence for murder, the other's crime is not known. The fact that these first Army criminals are being sent to Leavenworth makes it appear probable that the Government intends to utilize the Federal penitentiary rather than a military prison for those who are convicted of serious offenses. The institution has less than 1500 inmates at present, which is far below its capacity.

CASUALTIES IN OVERSEAS FORCES.

The Adjutant General of the Army has received cablegrams this week from Major Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., commanding the American Expeditionary Forces, announcing the following deaths:

Capt. Marvin E. Malloy, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., on Sept. 27 at a Paris hospital from natural causes. Captain Malloy, whose father, Dr. J. S. Malloy, lives at Greenwood, Ind., was born in Michigan Dec. 25, 1880, and entered the Army as a private in the Hospital Corps June 7, 1898. He rose in that corps to hospital sergeant, first-class, and was appointed a second lieutenant, 24th U.S. Infantry, in October, 1904. He later served in the 29th and the 26th Infantry. He is a graduate of the Army Signal School, and was promoted first lieutenant in 1911 and captain in 1917.

Lieut. G. P. Howe, of the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, was killed in action on Sept. 28 while on duty with the British forces in France. Lieutenant Howe's emergency address was "care of Marion Endicott Howe, 154 Beacon street, Boston." He volunteered at Boston for service in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps last spring and was sent abroad unattached. After preparatory service in European hospitals he was attached as medical officer to a British infantry battalion. He was graduated from Harvard University in 1900 and Harvard Medical School four years later. For two years he was surgical house officer at the Boston City Hospital and subsequently instructor in anthropology at Harvard. In 1906 Dr. Howe accompanied Ernest Lefingwell on an expedition to the Arctic to study the Eskimo, remaining there several months. He was a member of the Boston Medical Society and the Massachusetts Medical Association.

Pvt. W. C. Sullivan of an Infantry regiment died Sept.

24 of cerebrospinal meningitis, in the line of duty. No emergency address is given.

Benjamin Heyward, a stevedore, died Sept. 24 of heart disease; emergency address, James Heyward, 573 Mills street, Savannah, Ga.

The death of Pvt. James Tracy, a member of an Engineer regiment, on Sept. 24 was due to a fracture at the base of the skull.

Corpl. Ernest F. Hart, Signal Corps, was killed behind the front in France on Oct. 1 by the premature discharge of a hand grenade at practice. Corporal Hart's father, B. W. Hart, lives at Oxford, N.C.

COLONEL DOYEN, U.S.M.C., PROMOTED.

Col. Charles Augustus Doyen, U.S.M.C., who was nominated on Oct. 1 to be a brigadier general, is an officer of long and valuable experience. He was admitted to the Naval Academy as a cadet midshipman June 21, 1876; transferred to the Marine Corps July 1, 1883, when he was commissioned a second lieutenant and assigned to duty at the Marine Barracks, New York, N.Y. After a few months there, Lieutenant Doyen served with the Marine Detachments on the Galena and Tennessee; transferred to Marine Barracks, League Island, Pa., in 1886; assigned to sea duty on board the U.S.S. Adams; promoted first lieutenant October, 1889; detached to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, Cal., October, 1890; commanded Marine Guard on U.S.S. St. Paul, in the spring of 1898; promoted captain, Aug. 16, 1898, and major, March 26, 1900; assigned to duty commanding marine guard on U.S.S. New York, May, 1900, and as fleet marine officer of the North Atlantic Fleet; participated in winter maneuvers in West Indian waters with a regiment of marines on board the Prairie in 1902; in February, 1904, detailed to command a regiment of marines organized for service in the Philippines; commanded marines stationed at Olongapo, P.I., March, 1904; promoted lieutenant colonel, May, 12, 1905, in command of the First Brigade of Marines in the Philippines; ordered to duty at headquarters U.S. Marine Corps, August, 1906; promoted to colonel, January 27, 1909. In the spring of 1911, Colonel Doyen was given command of the Fourth Expeditionary Regiment of Marines, on board the U.S.S. Buffalo, transferred to the Pennsylvania, from which vessel he disembarked with his regiment and encamped at Camp Thomas, North Island, San Diego, Cal. In August, 1913, again assigned to command the First Brigade of Marines in the Philippines; ordered to the United States, April, 1914, when the brigade was disbanded; assigned to command the Fifth Regiment, July 1914, for service on board the Hancock, in Cuban and Santo Domingan waters. In January, 1915, he was placed in command of the Marine Barracks, Washington, D.C., which post he commanded at the time of his present assignment, commander of the 5th Regiment of Marines, on duty in France.

U.S. NAVAL INSTITUTE.

Annapolis, Md.

The regular annual meeting of the U.S. Naval Institute and the election of officers will take place in the board room of the officers' mess at the U.S. Naval Academy on Friday, Oct. 12, 1917, at eight p.m.

J. W. GREENSLADE, Comdr., U.S.N.
Secretary and Treasurer.

CHRISTMAS PACKAGES FOR ABROAD.

In order to facilitate the prompt delivery of Christmas packages to men of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps serving abroad, Postmaster General Burleson and Secretaries Baker and Daniels issued a joint statement on Oct. 3, warning the public that Christmas packages must be mailed not later than Nov. 15. Arrangements have been perfected, it is announced, whereby the Christmas mail to the American Expeditionary Forces is to be delivered Christmas morning, but this can be accomplished only by the fullest co-operation of the public.

"The three essential respects in which the public can aid in assuring a happy Christmas at the front," says the statement, "are to mail early, address intelligently and pack securely. Every package must bear conspicuously the words 'Christmas mail,' the name, rank and organization of the person for whom it is intended, followed by the words, 'American Expeditionary Forces,' and nothing else. In the upper left hand corner, the name and address of the sender.

"Every parcel must be so packed and wrapped as to admit of easy inspection by the postmaster. No parcel will be despatched to France which has not the postmaster's certificate that it contains no prohibited articles."

The time of sailing of transports and regular liners, the examination of parcels on this side so as to obviate their having to be examined by censors, and the uncertainty of land transportation on the other side, has to be allowed for. The rate of postage on parcels to members of the American Expeditionary Forces in France is twelve cents per pound from any place within the United States.

Plans for forwarding Christmas packages to our soldiers and sailors have been worked out to the last detail. In the case of the Navy, Paymaster Gen. Samuel McGowan has laid before Secretary Daniels a carefully prepared plan covering the whole subject, giving the method of packing and shipping and other necessary information. Until this has been approved it will not be made public. An officer of the Pay Corps will be detailed to take charge. A memorandum dealing with the same subject in connection with the Army has also been submitted for the approval of Secretary Baker. In this case, however, the plans have been rather complicated by the necessity for making arrangements which future developments may completely annul. Certain units now in camp or army stations, for instance, may be scheduled to go abroad within the next six weeks. It is feared that a premature publication of the address of these units might disclose information of military value. The handling of Christmas presents for the Army will be under the supervision of the Quartermaster Corps as in the past.

The U.S. Coast Guard will be interested in these preparations to a greater extent this Christmas than ever before because of the presence in European waters of several cutters, as noted in another column. A number of boxes and packages for the officers and men serving on these ships have begun to arrive at various stations whence they are being sent to New London, Conn.

Is the same regulations hold as in former years, pack-

ages for Hawaii and the Philippines and other Pacific stations, consigned to officers and enlisted men should weigh not over twenty pounds and be shipped in care of the depot quartermaster, San Francisco, with express or freight prepaid to that port. They should reach the D.Q.M. before Dec. 5 for Hawaii and before Nov. 5 for the other stations and they will be forwarded to destination without further cost.

CONGRESS COMPLETES WAR FUND BILLS.

By unanimously adopting the conference report on the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill, carrying \$7,657,434,410, on Oct. 4 the House brought to completion the financial program of Congress for the war. The measure as perfected by the conferees carries \$5,255,976,016.93 in direct appropriations, and various devices of the Government are authorized to enter into contracts which, if completed, will call for \$2,410,458,393.50 additional.

SPEEDING DESTROYER CONSTRUCTION.

Two Service appropriations that were in doubt until the law was finally passed on Oct. 4 concerned those for acquiring facilities for speeding up destroyer construction and the appropriation for the manufacture of arms. As enacted these provisions read:

"For acquiring and providing facilities for the expeditious construction of additional torpedoblast destroyers, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, and toward their construction, to cost in all not more than \$350,000,000, \$225,000,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended at the direction and in the discretion of the President. The President is hereby authorized and empowered within the amount hereinbefore authorized to acquire or provide facilities additional to those now in existence for the construction of torpedoblast destroyers, their hulls, machinery, and appurtenances, including the immediate taking over for the United States of the possession of and title to land, its appurtenances and improvements, which he may find necessary in this connection. That if said lands and appurtenances and improvements shall be taken over as aforesaid, the United States shall make just compensation therefor, to be determined by the President, and if the amount thereof, so determined by the President, is unsatisfactory to the person entitled to receive the same, such person shall be paid seventy-five per centum of the amount so determined by the President and shall be entitled to sue the United States to recover such further sum as added to said seventy-five per centum will make up such amount as shall be just compensation therefor, in the manner provided for by Sec. 24, Par. 20, Sec. 145 of the Judicial Code. Upon the taking over of said property by the President as aforesaid the title to all property so taken over shall immediately vest in the United States."

MANUFACTURE OF ARMS.

"Manufacture of arms: 'For manufacturing, repairing, procuring, and issuing arms, \$16,690,000: Provided, That the Chief of Ordnance, U.S. Army, is authorized to enter into contracts or otherwise to incur obligations for the purposes above mentioned not to exceed \$16,000,000 in addition to the appropriations herein and heretofore made."

THE SIXTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

The House unanimously voted to adjourn Congress at three p.m. on Oct. 6.

The House on Sept. 25 passed H.R. 5646, to amend Sec. 1585 of the Revised Statutes to read: "Forty cents shall in all cases be deemed the commutation price of the Navy ration: Provided, however, That after Jan. 1, 1918, the commutation price shall not exceed the average cost of the ration during the preceding six months, not to exceed forty cents."

Favorable reports were made in the House on Oct. 1 on the following bills:—S. 2796, to permit American citizens to wear medals or decorations received from certain foreign countries on entering the military or naval service of the United States, and for other purposes. H.R. 6306, to provide for payment of six months' gratuity to the widow, children, or other previously designated dependent relatives of retired officers or enlisted men on active duty. S. 2437, to provide for acquisition of an air station site for the U.S. Navy at Cape May. H.R. 6363, to provide for the service of officers of auxiliary forces on naval courts; H.R. 6362, to promote the efficiency of the U.S. Navy; H.R. 6350, to authorize issuance of Reserve Corps and National Army commissions in the lower grades of Staff Corps, and to remove the fixed age limits requiring the discharge of Reserve Corps officers; S. 2883, making further provision for the allotment of pay of officers, enlisted men, and civilian employees of the Army, and for other purposes.

The House Military Committee recommends passage of S. 2527, to read: "That the President may appoint for service during the present emergency not exceeding twenty chaplains at large for the U.S. Army representing religious sects not recognized in the apportionment of chaplains now recognized by law." On this, Mr. Stafford on Sept. 29 said: "Reserving the right to object, a very peculiar condition is presented by the submission of this Senate bill for consideration in the House. In my experience I do not recall a similar condition. The House on Sept. 11, as Members will recall, passed the bill providing for the appointment by the President during the present emergency of twenty chaplains. That bill went over to the Senate. Subsequently thereto, after the House bill had been messaged over to the Senate, the Senate, instead of considering the House bill, said substantially by its action on this bill. 'No; we will not consider the House bill providing for the twenty chaplains. We will not offer an amendment to the House bill in accordance with our ideas, but we will pass a substantially new bill and leave the House bill to slumber.' So the Senate on Sept. 13 two days after they had received the House bill on this subject, passed the bill (S. 2527) providing for twenty chaplains, though the appointment was somewhat restricted, and provided that twelve of them should represent religious sects not recognized in the apportionment of chaplains now provided by law and eight for service in base hospitals. This Senate bill came over to the House and was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs. The House Committee on Military Affairs struck out all of the Senate provision and substituted the language of the original House bill. Now if we should pass this House bill and

send it over to the Senate, what will be the legislative status? The Senate may say the House intended to have forty chaplains instead of twenty. It may pass the original House bill providing for twenty and then accept the Senate bill with the House amendment for twenty more. The practice is highly objectionable, and for that reason I object." The bill went over.

The bill to permit foreign merchant ships to engage in American coastwise trade was passed by the House on Sept. 28 without a roll call.

Following the appearance before it of Secretary of State Lansing the Committee on Military Affairs of the House decided to defer action on the so-called Alien Draft bill which would render aliens liable for military duty. The bill would divide the individuals affected into three classes: citizens of belligerent-enemy country, of belligerent-allied countries and of neutral countries. It is understood that the State Department is conducting negotiations with friendly and neutral countries with a view to reaching a satisfactory solution to some of the complications which are foreseen.

BILLS BEFORE CONGRESS.

H.R. 6334, Mr. Mondell.—That it shall be lawful for any person engaged in the military or naval service of the United States who, prior to his engagement in such service, initiated a homestead or other claims on or to the public lands of the U.S. by settlement, application, filing or location to make any affidavit or entry, or submit any proof that may be required by law or the practice of the General Land Office in connection with the defense or perfection of any right or claim initiated as aforesaid, before an officer commanding in the branch of the service in which the party is engaged, which affidavits shall be as binding in law and with like penalties as if taken before the register or receiver of the U.S. Land Office.

H.R. 6343, Mr. Montague.—Authorizing the President to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint John B. H. Waring, late a captain in the Medical Corps, on the retired list, and increasing the retired list by one for the purpose of this act.

H.R. 6388, Mr. Sears.—To fix the status and rank of officers on the retired list of the Army, who, under the provisions of the next to the last proviso of Sec. 24 of an Act of Congress approved June 3, 1916, have been placed on active military duty by direction of the President of the United States.

H.R. 6350, Mr. Dent.—That during the existing emergency the President is authorized, in addition to the grades now authorized, to appoint in the Officers' Reserve Corps and the National Army in the grades of second and first lieutenant in the Quartermaster Corps; second lieutenant in the Ordnance Corps and Signal Corps; second lieutenant, first lieutenant and captain in The Adjutant General's Department, such citizens as shall be found physically, mentally and morally qualified for appointment. During existing emergency no member of Officers' Reserve Corps shall be discharged by reason of reaching age limits provided in Sec. 37 of the National Defense Act approved June 3, 1916.

H.R. 6361, Mr. Webb.—To extend protection to the civil rights of members of the Military and Naval Establishments of the United States engaged in the present war.

H.R. 6362, Mr. Padgett.—To promote the efficiency of the U.S. Navy.

H.R. 6363, Mr. Padgett.—To provide for the service of officers of auxiliary naval forces on naval courts.

29TH DIVISION, NATIONAL GUARD.

Following is the list of officers at Division and Brigade Headquarters, 29th Division, National Guard, Camp McClellan, Anniston Ala., on Sept. 29, 1917.

DIVISION HEADQUARTERS.

Commanding general: Major Gen. C. G. Morton, U.S.A. Aides-de-camp: Capt. S. C. Reynolds, 16th Cav., and Sumner Waite, 19th Cav.

Chief of staff: Lieut. Col. G. S. Goodale, Inf., N.A. Assistants: Major F. W. Brabson, Inf., N.A.; Capt. J. A. Cutchins, Cav., N.G.

Adjutant: Major J. A. Ulio, Inf., N.A. Assistants: Major Harry Coope, A.G., N.G.; 1st Lieut. W. G. Hannam, Stat. Sec.; 1st Lieut. P. A. Chapman, Stat. Sec.; and 2d Lieut. F. B. Rives, Stat. Sec., A.G. Dept., N.A.

Inspector: Major R. H. Kelley, Inf., N.A. Judge advocate: Major J. P. Hill, judge advocate, N.G. Quartermaster: Lieut. Col. A. K. Baskette, Inf., N.A. Assistants: Major W. V. Shipley, Major J. D. Kilpatrick and Capt. C. W. Stark, Q.M.C., N.G.

Camp quartermaster: Capt. W. A. Carleton, Q.M.C. Assistants: Capt. R. F. Hare, W. E. Whitgift and H. B. T. Fuller, Q.M., O.R.C.

Auxiliary remount depot: Capt. Oscar Blue, Q.M.R.C. Auto Truck Co. No. 76: Capt. H. T. Chilton, Q.M. R.C.

Surgeon: Lieut. Col. C. R. Snyder, M.C.; assistant, Major J. F. Lynch, M.C., N.G.

Sanitary inspector: Major J. H. Ullrich, M.C., N.G. Medical supply officer: 1st Lieut. J. Connaughton, S.C., N.A.

BASE HOSPITAL.

Major J. S. Fox, M.C., in charge. Property officer: 1st Lieut. J. Connaughton, S.C., N.A. Chief of surgical division: Major J. C. A. Gerster, M.R.C.

Duty at hospital: Major William H. Robey; Capt. J. W. Hooper, S. H. Hodgson, E. H. Medlar, E. Y. Malone and W. Osgood, M.R.C.; 1st Lieuts. W. W. Burns, R. C. Evans, W. M. Blair, A. F. Weyerbacher, R. A. Kinsella, H. E. Maloney, H. Caro, T. M. Barnett, J. D. McRae, C. M. Stiles, A. L. Bishop, E. L. Hergert, E. P. Boas, R. A. Voisinot, M.R.C., and J. B. Leslie, S.C., N.A.; 2d Lieut. J. C. Core, Q.M.C., N.A., and 1st Lieut. R. H. Nones, D.R.C.

Ordnance officer: Major S. Jarman, Field Art., N.A. Ordnance depot: Capt. L. Schofield, O.R.C.; 1st Lieuts. R. W. B. Happer, W. G. Freeman, O.R.C., and C. Hire, O.D., N.A.; 2d Lieuts. G. L. Alexander and G. C. Hepworth, O.R.C.

Engineer depot: 2d Lieut. C. E. Miller, E.R.C. Signal officer: Major R. C. Cotton, Inf., N.A.; signal supply officer, 1st Lieut. J. D. Felsenheld, S.R.C.

Constructing quartermaster: Major C. L. Dulin, Q.M. C., N.G.; assistants, Major R. C. Stevenson; Capt. C. Saye, W. A. Stickley, E. Waggaman, L. B. Myers and R. E. Scott, Q.M.C., N.G.

HEADQUARTERS, 57TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Commanding general: Brig. Gen. C. W. Barber, N.A. Aides-de-camp: 1st Lieuts. H. G. Stephens and R. G. Barber, Inf., N.G. Adjutant: Major H. V. D. Moore, A.G. Dept., N.G.

HEADQUARTERS, 58TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Commanding general: Brig. Gen. C. D. Gaither, N.A. Aides-de-camp: 1st Lieuts. J. C. Lane and C. Sprague, Inf., N.G. Adjutant: Major E. A. Robins, jr., A.G. Dept., N.G.

HEADQUARTERS, 54TH DEPOT BRIGADE.

Commanding general: Brig. Gen. C. C. Vaughan, jr., N.A. Aides-de-camp: 1st Lieuts. C. C. Vaughan, 3d, and F. H. Etheridge, Inf., N.G. Adjutant: Major Alfred B. Percy, A.G. Dept., N.G.

N.A. Aides-de-camp: 1st Lieuts. C. C. Vaughan, 3d, and F. H. Etheridge, Inf., N.G. Adjutant: Major Alfred B. Percy, A.G. Dept., N.G.

HEADQUARTERS, 54TH FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

Commanding general: Brig. Gen. W. C. Rafferty, N.A. Aide-de-camp: 2d Lieut. F. W. Goddard, Cav., N.G. Adjutant: Major J. W. Loveland, Inf., N.G.

At a meeting of the brigade commanders held by the division commander, the question of a suitable designation for this division was taken up, and at a later meeting the name of "The Blue and Gray Division" was adopted, inasmuch as this division is made up of troops from New Jersey, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia and thus includes troops from both sides of the Mason and Dixon's line. Furthermore, the fact that troops from both the capital of the Union and capital of the Confederacy are represented there, and that the camp is located in southern territory, and is named for a general in the Union Army, were additional reasons for the adoption of the designation, "The Blue and Gray Division."

NATIONAL ARMY AND GUARD NOTES.

Up to Oct. 1 there had been transferred from the National Army cantonment at Camp Devens to the 26th Division, commanded by Major Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, N.A., 1,100 men which number does not include the several hundred officers that have gone to General Edwards's division. With the arrival of 17,000 men this week, the second forty per cent. quota of the draft, Camp Devens is now filled to its limit.

Major Edward Olmstead, assistant chief of staff of the 27th Division at Camp Wadsworth, S. C., has earned the gratitude of the war correspondents at camp, by allowing them the use of his office on wheels. This office includes a folding desk and tables and it can accommodate ten workers with comfort. The Major was always accommodating to journalists, and was never backward in giving them all information it was proper for them to have.

Mayor Alfred S. Hall, of Revere, Mass., accompanied by eight members of the Revere City Council, visited Battery C, 301st Field Artillery, in camp at Ayer, Mass., Sept. 30. Mayor Hall had with him some 200 solid silver signet rings of various sizes, on which are stamped the seal of the city of Revere. These rings were given out to the forty-odd Revere men in the ranks of the 301st.

By transfers of men from the 6th and 8th Massachusetts, the 1st Vermont and the 1st New Hampshire Infantry, and 250 drafted men from Ayer, the 104th Regiment, in camp at Westfield, Mass., is now at full war strength.

These temporary assignments of officers from the Officers' Reserve Corps to regiments of New York National Guard of the 27th Division at Camp Wadsworth, S.C., have been made as follows: To First Infantry—2d Lieuts. J. C. Andes, T. E. Beatty, C. J. Curran, H. G. Dow, E. H. J. Geis, N. T. Helfor, E. W. Hilton, J. H. Noble, M. Stapleton, jr.; J. W. Storey, jr.; C. B. Thomas, E. Von Weig, R. R. Wallace, A. H. Weinberg and A. R. Williams. To 2d Infantry—2d Lieuts. A. S. Bagley, R. J. Buchnor, M. De Boer, G. P. Egbert, S. J. Gilmore, E. Hensley, F. M. Lang, H. G. Parrish, J. N. Slee, M. J. Stern, A. Strauss, T. T. Trapnell, A. E. Waite, P. F. Walsh, W. L. West and I. B. Williams. 3d Infantry—2d Lieuts. O. F. Barr, M. W. Beeman, P. E. Donlon, E. M. Gardner, M. Hamilton, A. P. Hill, H. W. Morrison, H. R. Powell, H. Speakman, P. Stern, E. S. Sykes, jr.; L. Van B. Scoy, S. S. Walcott, H. J. Warth, J. C. Wiggins and W. H. Wood.

The 14th Infantry of Brooklyn, N.Y., under Col. James R. Howlett, left their camp at Sheephead Bay on Oct. 1 and entrained at Jersey City on the evening of the same day. Some 4,000 relatives and friends were at Sheephead Bay to bid the regiment farewell. The regiment arrived at Spartanburg on Oct. 3.

The 71st Infantry, Col. William G. Bates, and the 23d Infantry, Col. Frank H. Norton, of the New York National Guard, received a great send-off in New York, during their march in Manhattan on their way to the ferry boat at the foot of West Twenty-third street, on Sept. 29. From the latter the regiments were taken to Jersey City, where they entrained for Spartanburg, S.C. The 71st had an escort composed of its veterans under command of Major Gen. Francis V. Greene, U.S.V., and a former commander of the 71st. Crowds along the sidewalk cheered the departing soldiers and many relatives were present to bid the officers and men farewell. The regiments arrived at Spartanburg on Oct. 1.

The 74th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., Col. Arthur Kemp, from Buffalo, arrived at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., Oct. 2.

The 110th machine gun battalion, divisional, for the 29th Division of National Guard at Anniston, Ala., has been formed by transfers from several regiments. Company A of the battalion is made from the machine gun company of the First Delaware Infantry; Company B is the machine gun company of the 4th N.J.; Company C is the machine gun company of the 5th Maryland Infantry and Company D, the machine gun company from the First Virginia Infantry. Major S. W. Martin, 1st Va. Inf., commands the battalion.

Brig. Gen. James W. Lester, N.Y.N.G., arrived at Spartanburg, S.C., Sept. 30, as did Col. George A. Wingate of the 2d Field Artillery. Col. Wingate will command the Artillery Brigade, while Brig. Gen. C. L. Phillips is in command of the division.

Capt. O. W. Underwood, aid to Major Gen. William A. Mann, commanding the 42d division, National Guard, at Garden City, N.Y., has announced that 15,000 sweaters are needed for the men of the division to protect them against the damp, raw winter weather they expect to experience soon on the Flanders front. Although the Red Cross has already given about 8,000 sweaters to the men of the division, and in addition some 40,000 of the men have bought their own, there are still 15,000 men without the sweaters. Those who are able to donate sweaters should send them direct to Captain Underwood, at Camp Mills, Long Island, N.Y.

Private William C. J. Enz, Co. G, 47th N.Y., found guilty of desertion, from May 27 until he was apprehended at Brooklyn July 13, 1917, was sentenced to dishonorable discharge, with loss of all pay and allowances, and to be confined at hard labor for three years.

Among the officers of the National Army serving with the 77th Division at Camp Upton, Yaphank, N.Y., is Mr. Henry L. Stimson, formerly Secretary of War, who is lieutenant colonel of the 355th Field Artillery.

Col. George Vidmer, Nat. Army (Major Cav., U.S.A.) commands the 306th Field Artillery, and the lieutenant colonel is Garrison McCaskey (Major U.S.A.).

Up to Oct. 2, 19,000 men, selected by draft, had been assigned to regiments at Camp Upton, Yaphank, N.Y., to make up a part of the 77th Division, National Army. Major General Bell has wisely detailed men in each company to help clear the grounds for parading and drilling purposes. By their help much time will be saved in making the grounds ready for the finishing touches to be put upon them by the contractors.

There were 200,000 visitors at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N.J., on Sept. 30, and many of them saw the first completed infantry regiment, the 311th Infantry, N.A., in its initial parade. The regiment's band gave concerts for the crowds. The Burlington county Y.M.C.A. building was dedicated on the same day. George W. Wickersham, who was the principal speaker, told the boys to "remember the Lusitania." The 311th Infantry began battle practice on Oct. 1. They took up making wire entanglements and bayonet work under Lieut. Col. Edgar Meyer.

Of Col. T. Q. Ashburn, U.S.A., on duty at Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, as Q.M. of the 83d Division, the drafted men of which have received their clothing and equipment in remarkably quick time, the Citizen of Columbus, Ohio, in its issue of Sept. 27, says: "Colonel Ashburn is a native of Batavia, Ohio, but this is his first post in Ohio since he left West Point in 1897. At the outbreak of the Spanish war he was assigned to recruiting duty in New York city and Boston. Later he went to the Philippines, where he served as military and civil governor of the province of Abra, Luzon. He organized the first American police force in the city of Manila. While in the Philippines he participated in eighteen skirmishes and engagements with the natives. He was mentioned for distinguished gallantry in action at San Jacinto. At the close of the Spanish war he served as an expert military witness before the Spanish Claims Commission in Cuba. He graduated from the government school of submarine defense in 1907 and later installed the modern mining system along the Pacific Coast. He has also fought forest fires in the west. Colonel Ashburn has written authoritative articles on fighting forest fires, coast mining and anti-aircraft defense. He is married. His wife and thirteen-year-old son Tom are here with him. And 'Tom is going to West Point,' says his father. Two brothers are in the Army. Col. P. M. Ashburn is in charge of the officers' training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison. Capt. John C. Ashburn is stationed at the Columbus barracks."

Routine drills in the 88th Division, National Army, Major Gen. E. H. Plummer, at Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, are being prosecuted in earnest, and no time will be lost in getting this division ready to sail abroad when the time comes. A number of three-inch field pieces for training the 337th and 338th Field Artillery have arrived.

Referring to Brig. Gen. William H. Johnston, N.A., commanding the 180th Infantry Brigade in the 90th Division at Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas, the San Antonio Express of Sept. 23 says in part: "He won nomination by competitive examination cadetship, U.S. Military Academy, from Eleventh New York District. Hon. Roswell P. Flower, member Congress, nominated. Secretary of War refused to appoint, as father was officer of the Army, 1885-1887, United States Infantry and Cavalry School, Fort Leavenworth, 'honorary graduate,' 1895-1898, St. Louis Law School, Washington University, LL.B., 1897; first prize, graduating thesis; took law course while on duty as professor military science and tactics at St. Louis University, 1901-1902. Governor Province of Isabella, Luzon, P.I.; organized municipal government in thirteen municipalities; declined re-election by the people, 1904-1905, training Philippine Scouts on duty at Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis; that battalion became the model in which all other battalions were later trained. 1908, graduate Army War College, Washington, D.C. 1914-1917, member general staff corps at Army War College. Service in Field or Campaign—1898, commanded battalion at first landing of Miles' expedition Guánica, Porto Rico (July); engagement with Spaniards; chief quartermaster Henry's Division, Porto Rico, during remainder of Miles' campaign. 1899, on staff Major Gen. A. McArthur, 2d Division, 8th Army Corps, during advance up Manila-Dagupan Railway; several engagements, 1900, commanded battalion 46th U.S. Volunteers, Schwan's expedition, Southern Luzon; several engagements; commanded troops at capture of Lemery and Tual, Batangas Province (Jan. 18-19). 1900-1901, acting inspector general in field, Southern Luzon. 1905-1907, commanded 1st Battalion, Philippine Scouts, and district on east coast of Samar, during campaign against hostile Pulajanes; nearly two years. 1907, adjutant general Department Visayas, remainder of campaign Samar and Leyte. 1913-1914, with and commanding 20th U.S. Infantry, camp at Texas City, Texas. Appointed Brigadier General, National Army, Aug. 5, 1917."

"Col. C. H. Conrad, jr., U.S.A., commanding officer of the 390th Infantry, 90th Division, Camp Travis, Texas," says the San Antonio Express, "is the most envied commander in the cantonment. Not without reason either. In the short space of time that has elapsed since Camp Travis began to receive its population, Colonel Conrad has not only organized a band, but has got one that plays sure enough military music."

Lieut. Col. George E. Thorne, U.S.A., construction quartermaster under whose guidance and direction Camp Travis has grown from a patch of bushes to a budding city with houses for 50,000 men and a quarter that number of animals, is going to take a rest. He hasn't even had one day off since work started at the cantonment in June. So he has declared a vacation for himself. Most folks wouldn't call a Sunday of rest a vacation, but Sunday or not, it will be the first day on which he hasn't worked. "Where am I going?" laughed which he hasn't worked.—*San Antonio Express*, Sept. 29.

Col. W. D. Chitty, U.S.A., commandant of the aviation camp at Camp Kelly, San Antonio, Texas, had six squadrons of air men out for inspection on Sept. 29. They aggregated 9,000 men. This is the largest inspection of flyers that has ever taken place in the United States.

The 2d Washington Regiment of Tacoma publishes a paper called "Second Washingtonian." It is published every Monday. The issue of Sept. 8 contains, among other contributions, an article by Capt. Arthur P. S. Hyde, U.S.A., on the care of the rifle, and on the care and wearing of uniforms and equipments.

It is learned that plans are under way to send a number of expert railway men to Russia for the purpose of aiding that country in the rapid rehabilitation of the

railroads as a part of the effort to re-establish Russia as a military factor in the war.

QUARTERMASTER TRAINING CAMPS.

The training camp for quartermasters is rapidly approaching completion at Jacksonville, Fla., and early next week Major Fred L. Munson, Q.M.C., will leave Washington to take command in person. The camp will be known as Camp Joseph E. Johnston after the Confederate major general of that name, who was quartermaster general before the Civil War. Located on the St. Johns river, the buildings will stretch back more than a mile. The camp will open with some 2,000 officer students and as the men are selected from the cantonments and camps for the Quartermaster Corps they will be sent to this camp for their training. It is expected that the camp commander will train and equip the organizations so that from time to time as they are needed, he may send companies or battalions ready for the field in all respects but the rolling stock. Again, a demand may be made upon the camp for a certain number of men to be assigned to organization abroad and they will go fully equipped. It is expected that this camp will be permanent during the present emergency, that the officers' school will continue, although not on as large a scale as at first, but that the camp for the enlisted personnel will be kept up as long as the war lasts. Out of seventy-six of the personnel of a motor truck company seventy-three carry rifles; hence the need of a rifle range and target practice. The range lies immediately north of the camp; and is large enough to accommodate five companies at once if necessary.

A training camp for enlisted men in the machinist grades of the Quartermaster Corps will be established in Washington, D.C. Over 100 buildings are to be erected on what is known locally as "the Patterson Tract" at Florida avenue and Fifth street, N.E. Completion of the construction work is set for Nov. 15, when accommodations will be ready for 3,700 men.

ARMY CONFIRMATIONS.

The confirmation on Sept. 29 of the Military Academy graduating class of Aug. 30 last is noted on page 219.

The Army nominations of Sept. 29, printed on pages 218, 219, were all confirmed on Oct. 4.

In addition, the following Army nominations were confirmed on Oct. 4:

APPOINTMENTS IN THE NATIONAL ARMY.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

To be brigadier generals, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917.

Col. Benjamin Alvord, adjutant general; Col. Edgar Russell, Signal Corps; Col. Alfred E. Bradley, Medical Corps; Lieut. Col. Walter A. Bethel, judge advocate; Lieut. Col. James G. Harbord, Cav. Gen. Staff; Lieut. Col. Clarence C. Williams, Ordn. Dept.; Col. Harry L. Rogers, Quartermaster Corps; W. W. Atterbury, of Pennsylvania.

To be brigadier generals, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917.

Adjutant General's Department—Col. James T. Kerr and Eugene F. Ladd, both U.S.A., retired. Judge Advocate General's Department—Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell, judge advocate. Quartermaster Corps—Col. Isaac W. Littell, Chauncey B. Baker, David L. Brainerd, all Q.M.C. Corps of Engineers—Col. Frederic V. Abbot and E. Everett Winslow, both Corps of Engrs. Ordnance Department—Col. Edwin B. Babbitt and Charles B. Wheeler, both O.D. Medical Corps—Col. Charles Richard, William H. Arthur and Henry P. Birmingham, all M.C.

PROMOTIONS IN THE (REGULAR) ARMY.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants.

From April 20: H. E. Jackson, v. Larrabee; M. K. Barroll, jr., v. Ferron; W. W. Warner, v. McCammon; W. F. Vander Hyden, v. Keenig; T. A. Crump, v. Easterday; E. L. Ford, jr., v. Dodson; S. H. Bradbury, jr., v. Padlock; J. L. Hayden, v. Chapman; S. B. Ritchie, v. Jonett.

April 26: G. S. Burkett, v. Bender.

(Note.—This is submitted to correct dates of rank of nominees. They were nominated Aug. 1 and confirmed Aug. 6, 1917.)

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS, BY PROMOTION, IN THE ARMY.

FIELD ARTILLERY ARM.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 7, 1917.

E. W. Austin, v. Young; C. C. Alexander, v. Crane; E. A. Manthey, v. Brewer; H. B. Dawson, v. Cain; J. W. Kelley, v. McMahon; H. R. Hitchcock, jr., v. Heard; T. H. Davis, v. Clarkson; J. P. Ratajczak, v. Craig; R. B. Hood, v. Marsh; V. A. Dash, jr., v. Swing; C. W. Chalkler, v. S. E. Reinhart; J. L. Hamilton, v. Hudnutt; R. C. Moore, v. Hibbs; E. T. Haley, v. Tarpley; J. F. Heppner, v. McBride.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 9, 1917.

A. W. Shutter, v. Maguire; L. W. Crafts, v. Rutherford; A. F. Kibler, v. Woodward; L. J. Blanchard, v. King; J. D. Robb, v. Jones; W. M. Putnam, v. Bradburn; J. C. Lyale, v. Johnson; F. S. Conaty, v. Donaldson; W. E. Belz, v. Fuller; T. F. Porter, v. Helmick; T. H. Eckfeldt, jr., v. Sedlack; S. D. Marks, jr., v. Thurber; G. H. Dickson, v. Houghton; R. E. Beck, v. Wyeth; W. E. Ard, v. Harris; C. E. Cartwright, v. Burr; J. R. Walsh, v. Anderson; H. Kernan, v. Burr; I. H. Bodley, v. Lester.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 8, 1917.

G. F. Delamer, v. Struble; J. H. Gennag, jr., v. Dunigan; L. J. Fortier, v. Zundel; W. M. Pomerene, v. Bushe; R. S. Mason, v. Waldron; E. Shelby, jr., v. Wallace; W. M. Wiener, v. Conaghan; J. B. Schieffelin, jr., v. Harvey; W. F. Kernan, v. Arent; G. L. B. Rivers, v. White; D. H. McCoy, v. Williams; W. G. Drummond, v. Pickering; M. Ross, v. Spence; R. L. Davis, v. Rafferty; J. A. Steers, v. McBride; L. E. Babcock, v. Kane; J. C. Eliff, v. Cureton; W. T. Barker, v. Prickett; E. Achorn, v. Shagg; D. Richardson, v. Kraysenbuhl; R. H. Mehl, v. Barker; W. C. Dunckel, v. Kennedy; W. H. Barnes, v. Miles; R. R. Kennedy, v. Dargue; R. B. Shaw, v. French; J. W. Faulconer, jr., v. Harrison; R. E. Taylor, v. Boles; C. D. Wiman, v. Carlisle; H. L. Montgomery, v. Hayes; G. A. Greaves, v. Clark; W. A. Garvey, v. Treat; E. H. Blanchard, v. Downs; F. M. Crist, v. Ward; H. B. Quimby, v. MacTaggart; R. C. Gillies, v. Halcomb; O. G. Brush, v. Hess; G. H. Michler, v. Brady; R. G. Merrick, v. Corbin.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 7, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

F. G. Epling, R. G. Hoyt, W. Mayer, H. A. McMorrow, D. G. Clark, V. G. Cox, R. G. Lockett.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 8, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

J. H. La Fette, L. C. Dennis, C. L. Stevens, C. A. Coleman, W. F. Lafrenz, C. G. Jennings, C. J. Collins, R. G. Lyne, J. B. Muir, jr., E. H. Stillman, R. C. Snidow, J. F. Loomis, C. H. Keck.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 9, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

T. Van Ornum, C. R. Moore, A. L. Blecker, E. A. Williford,

J. E. Wallis, G. B. Smith, G. S. Kennedy, C. K. Allen, H. C. Mabbott, J. A. Blair, H. A. Maxfield, J. P. Ferrall, jr., R. E. Lamb, W. C. Swain, G. A. Nelson, jr., E. Y. Keesler, R. H. Dufault, G. E. Johnson, F. C. Howard, P. H. Duff, L. E. Schoonmaker, G. M. Wells, R. E. Johnston, H. F. Safford, C. D. Hindle, J. R. Ramsbottom, M. L. Haselton, J. F. Wheeler, R. J. Farrell, J. R. Haviland, E. G. Betts, A. F. Benson, J. F. Williamson, R. W. Logan, T. E. Hannah, F. S. Krug, jr., H. M. Blank, W. H. Holmes, A. D. Dickson, R. S. Curtis, D. M. Griggs, H. F. Banan, H. W. Capper, D. F. Miner, E. F. Weiskopf, S. S. Small, J. P. Jacobs.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 9, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

C. H. Menger, v. Norton; W. H. Seymour, v. Cecil; S. H. Taber, v. Heth; W. B. Killough, v. Price; E. C. Bomar, v. Noyes; J. C. Marble, v. Ide; J. W. Anderson, v. Moore; A. H. Crossman, v. Lyon; J. E. Markman, v. Stiere; G. E. Atkinson, v. Porter; G. D. Kittredge, v. Wilson; T. F. Thinsiger, v. Hood; C. L. Berry, v. Ljungstedt; J. H. Babbitt, v. Swan, jr.; C. C. Taylor, v. Stovall; J. P. Gardner, v. Cox; E. B. McCarthy, v. McCaskey, jr.; H. A. Dyer, v. Harrison; E. H. Raymond, v. Pillans; E. B. Butler, v. Drake; S. R. Stribling, v. Jones; N. E. Tourtelotte, v. Roth, jr.; H. E. Wellcome, v. Winslow; N. R. Wise, v. Danielson; E. M. Woodward, v. Torney; J. W. Orcutt, v. Coladay; J. A. Taylor, v. Garcel; J. G. McDougall, v. Cordiner; R. Derby, v. Babcock; F. B. Cox, v. Allen; J. T. Campbell, v. Sloan; H. S. MacKirdy, v. Harding; K. Roper, v. Clark; T. W. Hansberry, v. Heinrich; A. J. Hahn, v. Cunningham; M. E. Barker, v. Groas; P. E. Huburd, v. McLaughlin.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENT IN THE ARMY.

INFANTRY ARM.

Earle T. Decker, of Wisconsin, to be second lieutenant of Infantry, with rank from date of appointment.

FINAL CONTINGENT OF FIRST DRAFT.

The final contingent of men certified under the first draft will be sent to the training camps on Oct. 17. This contingent will comprise fifteen per cent. of the 687,000 men called for service. Information from the War Department is that the question of a new draft to make up deficits caused by transfers to the National Guard and Regular Army units is now being discussed, but has not progressed to the point where even a tentative date has been set. The only point to be settled is the number of men to be certified for this purpose. It is considered probable that instead of another half-million men, the next draft will be split up into a series of about 50,000 each.

The conference report on the Urgent Deficiency bill will prevent, for the time being at least, the proposal that all registered men be examined forthwith in order that some relative classification of liability might be established. The conferees agreed to eliminate from the bill all appropriations intended for such use. The Secretary of War has stated that the Department's action in this matter would depend upon the action of Congress.

A certain number of men in each district have failed to report with their contingents for transportation to the training camps. Under the law these recruits are amenable to punishment as deserters and the War Department is prepared to deal severely with those whose absence is intentional. It is believed, however, that a large proportion have failed to realize the enormity of their offense, and opportunity will be given them to report even at this late date. A statement was issued on Oct. 4 announcing that the War Department has prepared forms upon which to advertise as deserters all men who fail to report for military duty under the selective draft. A reward of \$50 is payable for the apprehension and delivery of each man who fails to report. To be as lenient as the interests of the Government will permit, department and cantonment commanders have been directed to instruct post commanders to question personally all drafted men delivered as deserters. If it be found that a man did not fully realize the gravity of his offense and can satisfactorily explain his failure to comply with orders, he will be sent to the proper cantonment without trial for desertion and permitted to attain an honorable status. Those men who wilfully seek to evade the draft by failing to report will be tried for desertion if apprehended. The policy of the Department will be to punish them and retain them in service.

The withdrawal of large numbers of men from the National Army cantonments to fill up the National Guard divisions and certain branches of the Regular Army, has caused the War Department again to amend slightly its plans for the training of the drafted negro men. The withdrawal of National Army recruits has resulted in the increase of available space and it is now announced that a complete unit of negro troops will be trained at each cantonment, instead of only at those cantonments where a considerable number would report. The size of the units will depend upon the number of negroes drafted from each individual area; but where there is a large surplus, a number will be sent to posts with smaller quotas for consolidation with the training units there. First call for drafted negroes was made on Oct. 3. The number certified on that date was not the same from each division and the allotment has not been announced.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY.

The Medical Department of the Army now has an enlisted personnel of over 69,000 men, compared with 6,600 just before the outbreak of the war. Nearly 13,000 officers had accepted commissions in the Medical Reserve Corps up to Oct. 1, the Dental Reserve Corps now has over 2,600 commissioned officers and the Sanitary Corps about 240.

In organizing for war work the Surgeon General's Office has added sections on internal medicine, medical officers' training camps, medical military instruction, psychology, neurology and psychiatry, surgery, infectious diseases and laboratories, head, eye, ear, mouth and brain, military orthopedics, special hospitals and physical reconstruction, gas defense, food, office development and filing system. The Surgeon General's Office now has over 500 clerks and messengers and more than 100 officers, compared with 140 clerks and messengers and ten officers which made up its personnel in March, 1917.

On Oct. 1 the Regular Nurse Corps numbered over 300 members, with about 1,600 members in the Reserve Nurse Corps as compared with 230 in the Regular Corps and 227 in the Reserve Corps in March, 1917.

TO INSPECT MEDICAL CAMPS.

The highest ranking officers of the Army and Navy Medical Departments, accompanied by representatives of the French and British army Medical Corps and by prominent officers of the U.S. Public Health Service, will leave Washington on Oct. 8 for an extended inspection of camps at which medical officers are under-

going training. The party will include Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, Surgeon General, U.S.A.; Surg. Gen. William C. Braisted, Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, U.S.N.; Surg. Gen. Rupert Blue and Assistant Surgeons General Rucker and Kerr, of the Public Health Service; Col. T. H. Goodwin and Capt. J. Gilmour, M.R.C.; and Col. Charles Deide and Major Eduard Rist, of the French army Medical Department. A thorough inspection will be made of the big training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison. The party will then divide, some of its members going to Fort Riley and others to Des Moines. At Fort Benjamin Harrison representatives of all five of the medical officers' training camps will meet the party for a conference, with the purpose of securing further standardization of the work.

The training of graduates will be continued after they leave the medical camps in schools to be established in the divisional camps and cantonments. The courses will be expanded there until the troops leave for France. It involves much professional work, the study of war diseases and injuries that cannot be handled in the course in the training camps. Specialists from each camp and cantonment will be in charge of the instruction, which will be given in lectures, illustrated by slides and movies. The medical officers' training camps will not be discontinued; for although there are now as many surgeons as are needed for the Service, more will be required at the rate of 1,000 a month to meet the expansion of the Army as long as the war lasts.

G.O. 113, War Dept., which is printed under our regular Army head, makes provision, among other things, for the examination of applicants for the non-commissioned and enlisted grades of the Sanitary Corps. Rank, pay and allowances are to be the same as for corresponding grades in the Medical Department.

NOT FOR THE MARINES, THANK YOU!

General Barnett, Major General Commandant of the Marine Corps, has received a copy of an advertisement which appeared a few days ago in New York newspapers, signed "Chairman of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League, 509 Fifth avenue," which contained this statement: "Emergency Call; Knitters. An urgent call is made for 5,000 pairs of heavy winter service socks for the United States Marines now in France—which are desperately needed."

Lincoln Cromwell, chairman of the Knit Goods Committee of the Council of National Defense, sent a copy of the advertisement to General Barnett, who at once wrote a letter acknowledging receipt of the statement, and in his answer said: "To say that I am astonished at this advertisement is putting it mildly, for this office has not sanctioned any such procedure on the part of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League, nor had it any knowledge of it prior to the receipt from you of the copy of the advertisement. The use of the name of the Marine Corps in this matter is entirely unwarranted and unauthorized, and I can only express my regret at such a misleading advertisement having been published."

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The battleship of the United States Navy which went aground in home waters on Sept. 28 was floated Oct. 1. The sea was smooth and a large fleet of vessels pulled the warship off at high tide after she had been lightened.

The Government's school for ensigns that has been quartered at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology is to be moved to Harvard University, Holyoke House to be used as a barracks while a part of Dane Hall will be used for headquarters. The course of the school takes about six months and leads directly to engineers' commissions in the Navy.

The navy yard at Pensacola, Fla. was fortunately not greatly damaged by the West Indian hurricane of last week, although a number of merchant vessels were driven ashore and the storm was of exceptional violence. Damage to the navy yard was estimated at \$100,000. One building was unroofed at the naval station and some damage was done to stores at the station.

Secretary Daniels has commended Arthur Otis Radcliff, seaman, on board the U.S.S. Wadsworth, for gallantry in rescuing from drowning, on the afternoon of Sept. 3, 1917, a lad of eight years who had fallen overboard from a tug alongside and who had drifted away from the ship about seventy-five yards before Radcliff could reach him.

A letter of commendation has been sent James Robertson McGregor, fireman, third-class, attached to the training station at Newport, R.I. Mr. McGregor, hearing a cry for help, jumped into the bay at Newport, without waiting to remove his clothing, and notwithstanding darkness had set in, succeeded in rescuing an apprentice seaman who was in the water in an unconscious condition.

The Navy Department has sent instructions to all its main recruiting stations to make special efforts to obtain landmen for positions as quartermaster (aviation) and machinist's mate (aviation and motor boat). The landmen for quartermaster (aviation) should have experience in either cabinet work or fabric work and are to be drilled solely in handling and repairing aircraft although some may be given instruction in flying. The landmen for machinist's mate should be skilled mechanics and have experience with gas engines, both in operation and repair. All are to be sent to Pensacola to be trained in handling and repairing air craft or for duty on submarine chasers. Age limits for the above ratings are twenty-one to thirty-five years.

Five thousand sailors and marines marched through the matinee performance of the Biblical play, "The Wanderer," as guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, who arranged for this performance as an object lesson.

British and American bluejackets and marines had the jolliest kind of a time together in the Naval Y.M.C.A. at Norfolk, Va., Sept. 29. The rotunda, the galleries, counters and desks and benches were occupied by a happy crowd, brimful of fun, and containing many wrestling and boxing fans. The number was not far short of a thousand. The big mat was spread in the center of the rotunda and it served to stage a half dozen or so very lively wrestling and boxing bouts. In addition the band from the training station, under the direction of the very well-known Bandmaster Varalla, provided many lively and martial airs. There were songs also by Apprentice Seaman Paul Grover Cleveland and Lawrence Murphy. Both of the fellows were encored many times. They were accompanied by Stanley Wallace. Then there was the saxophone quartette composed of M. Roque, Frank Hoyt, L. Fromme and Culvert Wilcox. The jacks called it "a peach." Dozier, who won the lively preliminary bout at the Pickwick the other night, wanted someone 120 pounds

or under. No one volunteered. The various boxing and wrestling bouts drew much approval. The entertainment was in honor of the visiting British sailors and was under the direction of Religious and Social Work Secretary W. E. Herr, who is directing the physical department owing to the fact that there is now no director.

Rear Admiral Colby M. Crester, U.S.N., has been appointed Professor of Naval Science at Yale University and has arrived at New Haven to take up his duties under direction of the General Board of the Navy. Admiral Chester's work will be to develop a naval training course similar to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in artillery training. Prof. Mather A. Abbott has enrolled 200 men for the course, which will have the equivalent of three hours' scholastic work (per week) a year. Admiral Chester is a Connecticut man, and has had a son graduated from Yale.

For Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, orders, etc., see page 212.

SERVICE INSURANCE BILL.

The final debate was brief in the Senate on the Service Insurance bill before its passage on Oct. 4 by a vote of 71 to 0. As noted elsewhere, it carried as an amendment the important proviso establishing the rank of general for the Army.

As the bill was finally passed it contains an appropriation of \$176,000,000 and has the \$10,000 maximum insurance feature restored. Senator Smoot made another attack on the measure declaring that the Government, in going before the country on the bill, had concealed the fact that the policies would have no cash surrender value and that the rates were based on age instead of a flat \$3 per \$1,000 as declared by the bill's supporters. An amendment by the Senator, adopted 37 to 33, provides that \$25 a month shall be paid widows of Civil War and Spanish-American war veterans as well as to the widows of men who may be killed in the present war. This will mean an increased cost to the Government of \$3,500,000 annually and an advance of \$15 a month to 4,141 Spanish War widows and \$5 a month to 48,544 Civil War widows.

Reductions were made by the Senate in the House provisions for compensation paid for death or disability of soldiers and sailors or members of the Army and Navy Nurse Corps. Under the bill as it now stands a widow would receive \$25 a month compared to \$35 fixed by the House, while a widow with two children would receive \$47.50, a reduction of \$5. The other sections of the House bill were accepted with only minor changes, with the exception of the insurance section in which was inserted a provision which permits a soldier, not later than five years after the war ends, to convert his insurance without medical examination into any other form of insurance he may request.

URGENT DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS.

Conference agreement on the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill is noted on page 207. In addition to matters referred to there, we note at this time a few other items of the bill.

The conferees adopted the Senate amendment appropriating \$7,000,000 for increasing facilities for test of ordnance material and authorizing condemnation of land for proving grounds. A proviso was added that Sec. 355 of the Revised Statutes of the United States shall not apply to the expenditures authorized hereunder.

In nearly every case the various sums carried by the bill are those as increased in the Senate. The conferees adopt the Senate's item of \$489,000 for the Military Information Section, Office of Chief of Staff.

Under a Senate amendment adopted by the conferees the following persons only shall hereafter be entitled to the benefits of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, and may be admitted thereto upon order of a member of board of managers, namely: All honorably discharged officers, soldiers, and sailors who served in the Regular, Volunteer, or other forces of the U.S. in any war in which the country has been or is engaged, including the Spanish-American War, the Provisional Army (authorized by Act of March 2, 1899), in any of the campaigns against hostile Indians, or who have served in the Philippines, in China, or in Alaska, or in the Organized Militia or National Guard when called into the Federal service to enforce the laws, suppress insurrection, or repel invasion, who are disabled by disease, wounds, or otherwise and have no adequate means of support, and who are not otherwise provided for by law, and by reason of such disability are incapable of earning their living.

The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics is authorized to use \$40,000 of its appropriations in Naval bill of March 4, 1917, for completion of its research laboratory.

The House appropriation of \$6,000,000 for naval training camps stands instead of the Senate's \$12,000,000.

The naval emergency fund as passed by House and Senate places \$100,000,000 at the disposal of the President for speeding up construction in the Navy.

The camps now building near Hoboken, N.J., and Newport News, Va., in connection with the ports of embarkation at those points, have been named Camp Merritt and Camp Stuart, respectively, "in honor of men who contributed during their life to the development of the United States and the acquisition by American citizenship of its present status." The camp near Hoboken is named for Major Gen. Wesley Merritt, U.S.A., who served in the Civil War and commanded the first expedition to the Philippines in 1898. The Virginia camp bears the name of Major Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, of the Confederate Army, one of the leading Cavalry leaders of the Civil War.

The War Honors bill now before Congress has had an amendment added to it providing that the scope of the bill shall include the Navy as well as the Army, the amendment having been written and sent to the House Military Affairs Committee on Oct. 2 by Secretary Daniels at the request of Mr. Dent, chairman of the committee. It is reported from Washington that efforts will be made to have the bill passed before Congress adjourns, but Professor W. T. Hornaday, director of the New York Zoological Park, whose activities in this matter have already been noted in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, informs us that through the weariness and apathy of the members of Congress he is anything but hopeful as to the success of the bill at this session of Congress. Professor Hornaday has sent to the members

of Congress a printed appeal for action on this bill, pointing out that the United States is "fifty years behind the times" in its existing honor system for the recognition of heroism in war, and that it is "totally insufficient to meet the needs of the hour." Professor Hornaday states that "for sheer absurdity and rank injustice" nothing can beat our regulations which "forbid the wearing of any foreign decoration for gallantry by any man in our Army or who joins our Army." He might well have added that the regulations also forbid the accepting of such a decoration unless such a privilege is specially granted by Congress.

Announcement is made of the completion by the Baldwin Locomotive Works, of Philadelphia, of the first specially designed locomotive and box car for use in the European war zone. The engine was completed in twenty working days, the order being filed on July 18 and the finished locomotive tested on Aug. 9. This was in spite of the fact that the design was entirely new and contained the complicated "superheating" machinery. The locomotive is not so powerful as the type commonly used on American railroads. It weighs 166,500 pounds without the tender and has a driving wheel base of fifteen and a half feet. There are eight drivers. The tender has a tank capacity of 5,400 gallons and a fuel capacity of nine tons. The entire outfit is painted the battleship gray and bears the insignia "U.S.A. No. 1." The cars are of the open type with an inside length of thirty-six feet and are to be fitted with removable tarpaulin covers so that the contents may be protected from inclement weather. Coupling equipment is the same as on French lines, making complete interchangeability possible. Contracts have been signed for an additional number of these locomotives and for cars for the use of the Army.

Secretary Baker is quoted by the daily press as saying, on Oct. 1, that the troops of the American Expeditionary Forces now in France have five rifles for each man in the combatant forces and that there are more rifles than can be made use of. As a result, he said, it will not be necessary to send full equipment along this line for the next contingents which join Major General Pershing's forces. With respect to small arms ammunition Mr. Baker said that there would be an ample supply and that the War Department was not worried in this regard. Such great quantities have been shipped and are being shipped that the loss of a few ships laden with small arms ammunition would not seriously affect this Government's plans, Mr. Baker added.

The Secretary of War desires department commanders of the Army to call the attention of all their organization commanders to the great need of economy in the use of foods. "Efforts should be made by all," says the Secretary of War, "to reduce the wastage of food to a minimum. You will therefore take such steps as may be necessary to prevent wastage of food by your organizations. Conservation of food is of the utmost importance and will be impressed upon all. Kitchens and messes in your command will be under public observation and wastage of food will lead to much adverse criticism."

The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery of the Navy has given out a list of candidates who have successfully passed the examination for entrance to the Naval Dental Corps. Although they are to enter the regular corps of the Navy, nearly all of them will be enrolled temporarily in the reserve force in order to permit their immediate detail to service. In due course the following men will be commissioned as lieutenants (junior grade): H. A. Badger, J. M. Campbell, S. C. Clayton, W. E. Coverley, W. T. Davidson, W. A. Dorney, C. Hanson, P. F. Kennedy, H. J. Lehman, L. E. McGourty, H. Mann, J. W. Ridgway, H. A. Sturtevant and John A. Walsh.

The U.S. Government on Oct. 3 formally took over the splendidly equipped Columbia University Hospital, at Bainbridge avenue and East Gun Hill road in the Bronx, New York city. It is officially known as United States General Hospital No. 1. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of the university, represented that institution. He made a short address, which was answered by Col. Edward R. Schreiner, Med. Corps U.S.A., who represented the War Department. The military band from Fort Slocum played the national anthem, and several troops from Squadron A, N.Y.N.G., participated in the exercises.

Under the heading "How to Lose the War!" a correspondent epitomizes the following: "Keep the old soldier down. Intrust command to Greek scholars, rah-rah boys, and powderpuffers. Reduce the paper work (famous military joke). Revise the blank forms. Revolutionize the Quartermaster Corps. Tolerate the 'patriotic' war-grafters. Heed the advice of the Old Ladies Sewing Society. Trust in God—whether the powder gets wet or not."

The Marine School for Officers at Quantico, Va., on Oct. 15 will graduate a class of 288 student officers, and a new class will be formed to begin Nov. 1. All the members of these classes have received their commissions as second lieutenants. They include men from the enlisted force of the Navy, graduates of distinguished colleges and civilians who have shown exceptional aptitude and fitness for Marine Corps work.

The nomination of Col. Carl Reichmann, U.S.A., to be brigadier general was under consideration on Oct. 3 by the Senate sub-committee named to investigate the charges of pro-German utterances brought against Colonel Reichmann. Final action was postponed until Oct. 5, when an executive session was ordered for disposition of the case.

The Secretary of War authorizes a categorical denial of the article appearing in the daily papers of Oct. 1 which contained the statement that he is "practically an avowed candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency in 1920." Mr. Baker said: "I have no present or prospective interest in that subject."

The board of governors of the N.Y. State Nautical School have issued invitations to the commencement exercises of the school on board the schoolship Newport at the recreation pier foot of West 129th street, New York city, on Saturday, Oct. 13, at two p.m. prompt.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 4, 1917.

Capt. E. W. Eberle, U.S.N., Superintendent, spent Wednesday in Washington, conferring upon matters connected with the Academy.

Comdr. De Witt Clinton Redgrave, U.S.N., inspector for the Government at the Bethlehem Steel Plant at Sparrows Point, and the Baltimore Drydock Plant, at Lequest Point, is at the Naval Hospital here, recovering from a serious illness.

Capt. John Hood, U.S.N., and Mrs. Hood, who have been spending several weeks at Florence, Ala., have returned to their home, 40 State circle. Mrs. George B. Taylor, of Washington, was the guest of Instr. Carl H. Foster, Naval Academy, and Mrs. Foster for a few days. Miss Janet Paine, sister of Lieut. Roger Paine, U.S.N., spent the week-end with Mrs. Carl H. Foster.

Miss Letitia McKean Buchanan, daughter of the late Capt. Franklin Buchanan, the first Superintendent of the Naval Academy, died in Baltimore on Sunday. The deceased was eighty years old. She was born in Annapolis.

Comdr. D. W. Mullan, U.S.N., retired, is visiting Louisville, Ky. Dr. William N. Berkeley, chemist at the Naval Experiment Station, and family, who have been spending the summer at East Orange, N.J., have returned to their home on Murray Hill.

Instr. Allan F. Westcott has purchased from the James D. Murray estate a lot on Thompson street, bordering on Spa Creek, where it is understood the purchaser will shortly build an attractive bungalow. Leases have been executed by officers as follows: Dr. L. Martin, U.S.N., has leased the Vail Apartment, 18 Franklin street; Lieut. F. S. Carter, U.S.N., the residence of Mr. Joseph W. Duval, 25 Franklin street; Lieut. L. P. Blischoff, U.S.N., Mrs. Margaret Henry's residence, 240 Prince George street; Lieut. A. W. Brown, Jr., U.S.N., Miss Margaret A. Martin's dwelling, 77 Franklin street; Major Norman E. Borden, U.S.A., Dr. Harvey E. Stone's dwelling, 80 Duke of Gloucester street; Lieut. Henry G. Taylor, U.S.N., Mrs. H. H. Dutton's dwelling, 8 Oklahoma terrace.

A son was born here on Friday to the wife of Lieut. W. C. Wickham, U.S.N. A son was born here on Thursday to Lieut. William T. Alexander, U.S.N., and Mrs. Alexander.

Chaplain H. H. Clark, U.S.N., and Mrs. Clark, who have been spending the summer in Maine, have returned home. Comdr. John Blis, U.S.N., and Mrs. Blis were in Annapolis on Thursday.

The lifting of the ban on citizens attending the football games at the Naval Academy proved a successful venture. The crowd was handled to the satisfaction of the Academy authorities. The attendants on the game entered by gate No. 1, near the football field, and after the game retired in the same manner without any attempt to break the rules denying visitors the promenade of the grounds.

Gilmour Dobie, the Academy coach, has a record of having coached teams for ninety-seven games, plus last Saturday's of the Navy with Davidson, of North Carolina. Of the games played his teams have won ninety-four and tied four. The points made by his teams were 5,522, to 158 by opposing teams. The time covered a period of fourteen years. It will be a pity if the Army and Navy game is not played, to see if the sturdy generals cannot fight even against fate itself.

The Navy opened its football season here on Saturday with a game with Davidson College, of North Carolina. The visiting team was easily defeated, but in the last half there was some very spirited playing by the Tar-heels. The midshipmen outweighed the players of Davidson and tore through their line with great regularity, but occasionally the North Carolinians spruced and forced the Navy to punt. There was one spectacular play by Davidson. Flowers broke away from the Navy men and dodging all interference in a most skillful manner made a run of seventy yards and scored a touchdown. This was the Collegians' only score, for they failed at the try for a goal after the touchdown. The Navy players got through Davidson's line for several very good runs, but there was nothing anywhere near to the run of the visitors' right half back. The Navy made four touchdowns and three goals after back. The score of the game was: Navy 27; Davidson 6. The Navy players were: Graves, i.e.; Schilbauer, i.e.; Dulin, i.e.; Arthur, c.; Caldwell, r.g.; Scafe, r.t.; Ewing, r.e.; Ingram, q.b.; Roberts, l.h.b.; Butler, r.h.b.; Martin, f.b. Substitutes for the Navy—Perry for Scafe; Welch for Roberts. Samuel Mitchell, a pay clerk in the General Commissary Department at the Naval Academy, has been missing from Annapolis since Saturday. A board investigating the disappearance of the amount of \$2,000 were discovered. Mitchell is a resident of Annapolis, is about thirty-eight years old and has a wife and three children.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., Oct. 3, 1917.

The Japanese mission visited West Point on Saturday, coming up for a short time in the afternoon. The day could not have been a finer one, a mellow combination of early fall and late summer, and there were scores of motorists and tourists here for the review at two o'clock in honor of H.E. Viscount Ishii, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary on Special Mission, and the members of his suite, among whom were H.E. Mr. Aimaro Sato, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Washington; Commander Ando, Imperial Japanese Navy; Major General Lugano, Lieutenant Colonel Tanikawa; Mr. Maseno Hanahara, Consul General; Mr. T. Imai, Vice Consul; Mr. Matsuo Nagai, Secretary of Foreign Office; Commander Viscount Hotta, Assistant Naval Attaché, Japanese Embassy; Lieutenant Colonel Mirumachi, Military Attaché, Japanese Embassy; Major Hirose, Captain Watari; Mr. E. Unida, Third Secretary, Japanese Embassy; Mr. Owaku, Secretary to the Mission. They were also accompanied by Gen. James A. Irons, U.S.A.; Capt. W. W. Phelps, U.S.N.; Mr. A. B. Ruddock, Secretary of Embassy, Dept. of State; Mr. John Russell Kennedy; Mr. J. M. Nye, Dept. of State.

After the review Viscount Ishii said to Colonel Tillman: "I do not believe, sir, that any young soldiers in the world carry themselves with such spirit, with such high heart as these young men of yours. Their spirit impresses me even more than the perfection of their drill and tactics. Your country should be proud of these officers to be. They will make their mark."

Later on the same afternoon the annual meeting of the Martineer's Rock Association was held at Constitution Island. Mrs. Louis Fitzgerald, the chairman, presiding. Camp chairs were set in a semi-circle on the lawn and the members listened to an interesting report of the past year's work by Mrs. Charles E. Tracy, the secretary. The report mentioned the repairs done to the old dwelling house, the treatment to the trees surrounding the house, and the purchase of the glass cases in which are placed many small relics and curios belonging to the Misses Warner. Much of the original furniture of the house has been loaned by the legatees and has been replaced in the house, and the garden plots and borders are kept planted with the old-fashioned flowers so loved and tended by the Warner sisters. It is proposed to paint the house and do further needed repairs during the coming year, and to have executed a copy of the Stuart Washington portrait which Miss Warner bequeathed to the Corps of Cadets and which now hangs in the West Point Library. It is proposed to hang this copy over the mantel in the sitting room in the place formerly occupied by the Stuart painting. Dr. Partridge, of Cornwall-on-Hudson, in the absence of the Rev. Walter Thompson, the treasurer, read the latter's report, showing the receipts from dues of members and the expenditures. The constitution of the association was read for approval and was accepted. Mr. Calvert then told of the interesting explorations which he and several friends have made on the island, and of how they have discovered the ruins of fire-places used in the old Revolutionary barracks and camps and have thereby fixed the sites of those historic military encampments. Many buttons from Colonial uniforms were found in the earth, and these were framed and

placed on exhibition. The members of the association greatly enjoyed Mr. Calvert's talk and eagerly examined the relics which he had on view. The meeting then adjourned and tea was served in the quaint dining room of the house, Mrs. Wilcox presiding.

Miss Helena Fish, of Garrison, and Miss Betty Carson, who is identified with the Red Cross work there, visited the West Point Red Cross workroom on Wednesday morning, and Miss Fish gave a most interesting talk on her experiences in the work of the society in France. After the morning's work was finished Miss Fish, Miss Carson, Miss Tillman and Miss Fieberger were guests of Mrs. Stuart at luncheon.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Preston, of Princeton, were guests of Col. and Mrs. Wilcox over Wednesday night. Mrs. Albert L. Mills was the guest of Col. and Mrs. Fieberger on Wednesday night, as were also their cousins, Mrs. Peterson and Miss Grace Peterson, of Akron, Ohio. Mrs. W. C. Rivers, wife of Colonel Rivers, 19th Cav., at Fort Ethan Allen, has been visiting Col. and Mrs. Robinson. Major and Mrs. George B. Goethals have been visiting them. Mrs. Goethals' mother, Mrs. Howes, of Watertown, N.Y.

Capt. and Mrs. Morrison had dinner on Thursday for Col. and Mrs. Henry, Major and Mrs. Martin, Capt. and Mrs. Walhalla, Mrs. Dunwoody, sr., and Col. and Mrs. Halsey Dunwoody were guests of Col. and Mrs. Wilcox at luncheon on Sunday. Col. and Mrs. Dunwoody left on Monday, Colonel Dunwoody joining his regiment. They were much missed at the post. Mrs. Charles, wife of Col. Oscar J. Charles, now at Camp Meade, and who was adjutant of the Military Academy a few years ago, has been visiting Capt. and Mrs. Wilkes. Before her marriage Mrs. Charles was Miss Suzanne Glover, of Garrison.

Miss Keesbey, of New York, was the guest of Miss Tillman for over Sunday, when Miss Tillman asked Miss Fish, Miss Carson, and Miss Estlin, of Garrison, to leave Miss Keesbey at luncheon. Miss Charlotte Ingles is returning this week to the Cathedral School at Washington, was the guest of her cousins, Col. and Mrs. Wilcox, who entertained at dinner for her on Saturday before the hop, when other guests were Cadets Hubbell, John Hamilton and Tobin.

Mrs. Thomas H. Barber, of New York, and Major and Mrs. W. Miller were guests of Col. and Mrs. Tillman and Miss Tillman at luncheon on Monday. Major Miller, who is an officer of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, gave interesting military lectures to the officers of the post on Sunday and Monday evenings. Colonel Markham, who is on duty at Wrightstown, N.J., was a visitor at the post on Sunday. Roger Holt left last week to return to boarding school at Newton Centre, Mass.

Major Bowen, of the General Staff, is spending a few days here while superintending the taking of moving pictures of the cadets at drill, parade, etc. He is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Torrey. Mrs. Tillman and Miss Tillman were guests of Mrs. Harriman at luncheon at Arden on Tuesday. Mrs. James B. Ord has arrived at the post to join Captain Ord; they will live in No. 42, Bachelor Building.

Two French officers, Capt. Jacques Rouvier and Lieut. Montfort de Courtieron, have been spending several days at the post and have given a number of valuable talks to cadets and officers on technical subjects, one talk treating of their experiences at Verdun and the throwing of bombs. The Superintendent had luncheon at the club on Friday for Major Miller, Captain Rouvier and Lieutenant de Courtieron, and for Colonel Henry, Captains Garey, Ellis, Dixon, Torrey and Thomlinson. Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Hastings and Mrs. Sholes, of New York, were recent guests of Col. and Mrs. Wilcox, arriving on Monday evening.

A cadet hop on Saturday attracted a large crowd of visitors to the post for over Sunday, many of the guests staying at the hotel. Mrs. Henry received at the hop with Cadet Coogan. Guests of Col. and Mrs. Tillman at dinner on Monday were Captain Rouvier and Lieutenant de Courtieron. The children's Sunday school was reopened for the season last Sunday at the Cadet Chapel. A recent visitor at the post was Major J. L. Dunsforth. Moving pictures of "The Prince and the Pauper" were enjoyed by many on Saturday evening.

FORT OGLETHORPE.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Sept. 29, 1917.

Mrs. Rokenbach and Mrs. Ruggles entertained at dinner on Wednesday at the Hitching Post for Mr. and Mrs. W. T. James, Capt. and Mrs. Emil P. Larsson, Col. and Mrs. Geddings, Captain Woodbury, Major Parker and Major Wellborn. Col. and Mrs. Littlebrandt left Saturday for Fort Sill for station. Col. and Mrs. Andrus have gone to Fort Thomas for station. Captain Gauget entertained Saturday with a dinner party. Capt. and Mrs. Kromer have given up their quarters and are on Missionary Ridge for the present. Mrs. J. S. Young and children and Miss Hall will leave in a few days for Louisville to join Major Young. Mrs. P. G. Wilby, of Atlanta, who has been visiting Mrs. Young, returned to her home Saturday.

Major Parker entertained at dinner on Friday at the Hitching Post for Col. and Mrs. Geddings, Capt. and Mrs. Larsson, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. James, Mrs. Rokenbach, Mrs. Ruggles, and Mrs. W. E. James. Capt. Richard Kimball has been ordered from Fort Leavenworth to Washington. Mrs. Kimball and little daughter, who will come here to visit Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Montague en route to Washington, had just arrived in Leavenworth when Captain Kimball was ordered away.

Mrs. Jesse Ladd is at the Park Hotel. Captain Ladd is an instructor at the Reserve Officers' training camp. Mrs. J. J. Bellas, wife of Dr. Bellas, of the Medical Officers' training camp, is at the Park Hotel. Lieut. and Mrs. Richard B. C. Casley are at Fort Oglethorpe. Mrs. Richard was married in Highlands, N.J. Lieutenant Casley is attached to the 51st Infantry at this station. Lieut. and Mrs. J. D. Thomas have left the Park Hotel and have taken quarters at Fort Oglethorpe.

Col. Charles W. Penrose, recently appointed to command the war prison barracks at Fort Oglethorpe, arrived Thursday.

FORT SNELLING.

Fort Snelling, Minn., Sept. 3, 1917.

Mrs. Herman F. Kramer returned Thursday from Lincoln, Neb., where she was called by the fatal illness of her father. Capt. and Mrs. Louis Farrell, 36th Inf., recently arrived from Fort McPherson, Ga., have taken quarters 3, No. 9 Infantry. Capt. and Mrs. Fred Cook and family left Friday for Fort Crook, Neb., their future station. Capt. Louis F. LaGarde, Med. Corps, retired, of Washington, spent Tuesday at the garrison, the guest of Col. Henry S. Greenleaf. Lieut. Ogden Johnson, 10th Cav., is spending a few days at the garrison, the guest of his mother, Mrs. Arthur Johnson. Gen. William H. Carter, of Chicago, spent Wednesday at this post inspecting troops, barracks, etc. Mrs. William C. Whitener returned Tuesday from Indianapolis, Ind. Mrs. Whitener and small son will remain at this garrison during Captain Whitener's tour of duty abroad. Mrs. F. B. Carrithers will return Thursday from Fargo, N.D. Mrs. Hilden Olin will leave here shortly for Columbus, Ohio, to join Captain Olin, who is on duty there with the Q.M.C. Capt. and Mrs. Fred H. Baird entertained Tuesday at dinner for Gen. W. H. Carter, of Chicago, and Col. Almon L. Farmer.

The officers and their wives of the 40th Infantry entertained Friday in the gymnasium with a prettily appointed dancing party. In the receiving line were Major and Mrs. Edward Roche, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas Musgrave and Capt. and Mrs. Elliot Casiare, all of the 40th Infantry. Music was furnished by the regimental band. Lieut. and Mrs. Alvin K. Kupfer, Inf., left Friday for Fort Crook, Neb., their future station. Mrs. Arthur Johnson entertained Thursday at dinner in honor of Capt. Paul Chaffard, of the French army. Covers were placed for eight guests. Lieut. Delpha E. Thibault, 36th Inf., entertained Monday at dinner at the University Club. Mr. Paul, for Col. Almon L. Farmer, Capt. and Mrs. Fred Baird and Mrs. Tupper. Mrs. Joseph P. Janda will leave here Tuesday for Washington, D.C., where she will join Colonel Janda, who is on duty there. Col. Theodore Roosevelt spent a few hours on the garrison Friday. A review of all the troops was given in his honor, after which the Colonel spoke a few words

to the men. While here he was the guest of Col. A. L. Farmer and Col. J. F. Leitch. Mrs. John D. Milley, of Washington, D.C., who is the guest of her son, Capt. John D. Milley, and Mrs. Arthur Johnson, wife of Col. Arthur Johnson, will not return to Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Iowa, to visit the latter's son.

WITH THE TROOPS ON THE BORDER.

Fort Bliss, Texas, Sept. 30, 1917.

The 8th Cavalry, under command of Col. George T. Langhorne, left today for station along the border, with headquarters at Marfa, Texas. The command marched to Marfa, a distance of 200 miles, in the Big Bend district, and will relieve the 6th Cavalry. The 8th has been stationed at this post for two years, and during that time has had several commanding officers, the present commander having been promoted from a lieutenant colonel in the regiment just a few weeks ago. The medical supply depot in El Paso, which has been the headquarters for all supplies for the district for two years, was closed last week, and the officer in charge, Capt. Francis X. Strong, has been ordered to Washington for duty.

Col. George O. Cress, I.G. Southern Dept., and Col. John A. Hull, formerly attached to the Judge Advocate's Department of the Central Department, arrived this week for the trial of the 164 negro soldiers being held at this post for participation in the riots at Houston in August. The general court-martial begins Oct. 1.

Mrs. Daniel G. Morrisett and daughter have gone to Santa Barbara, Cal., where they will remain during Captain Morrisett's absence from command. Major William F. Godson, 8th Cav., who has been in charge of the stockade for some time, has been relieved and ordered East. Mrs. Donna Kluge, who has been in charge of the recreation end of the Red Cross work among the soldiers at this garrison and at the base hospital for the last year and a half, has recently been appointed in charge of the entire work at this point, with headquarters in the Chamber of Commerce. Major and Mrs. Victor M. Whitale were guests of honor at a dinner party on Monday at the Paso del Norte Hotel, of which Mrs. Guy L. Warren was the hostess. The affair was a farewell, as the honor guests leave at once for the East for station. Covers were laid for twelve. Mrs. A. D. Suris, wife of Captain Suris, 15th Cav., who is returning from the Philippines, is expected to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gaines, of El Paso, as soon as she arrives in the States.

FORT SAM HOUSTON.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Sept. 22, 1917.

Brig. Gen. George K. Hunter arrived in San Antonio Wednesday and is a guest at the St. Anthony Hotel. Major Gen. John W. Ruckman, N.A., commander of the Southern Department, and Col. Malvern-Hill Barnum, Chief of Staff, returned Sunday from an inspection trip to Fort Sill. Col. Charles J. Crane, who has been in command of the old recruit camp at Camp Travis, left Monday with Mrs. Crane for College Station, where he will be in charge of military instruction at Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Joseph A. Gaston entertained at a dinner Saturday at the Country Club, having as guests Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. O'Neill, Judge and Mrs. Kelo, Col. and Mrs. Mesdames S. P. Adams, John S. Winn, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Kelly, Mrs. Galbraith, Mr. Walsh, Colonels Beach and Harrison. Col. and Mrs. L. V. Coleman are recent arrivals from the Philippines, who have come to San Antonio, where Colonel Coleman is assigned to duty at Camp Travis. They are located at 103 West Ashby place. Miss Barbara Ripley, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Henry L. Ripley, has returned home, having recently graduated from Mt. Holyoke College. She has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. Hervey, on the Delaware River, and in Alton, Ill.

Col. and Mrs. George O. Cress entertained Thursday at dinner at the Menger Hotel for Gen. and Mrs. Mesdames Henry T. Allen, Joseph A. Gaston, General Ruckman, Col. and Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum, Mrs. Walsh, Miss Cornelia Cress and Captain Walsh. Col. and Mrs. Jacob G. Galbraith, who have been making their home on Woodlawn avenue, are at present located in Quarters No. 9, staff post, recently vacated by Col. and Mrs. P. E. Marquart. Miss Laura V. Adams, daughter of Col. and Mrs. S. P. Adams, will leave for Belmont Seminary, Washington, Oct. 3. Major and Mrs. A. S. Morgan are guests at the Argyle. Major Morgan is connected with the Adjutant's office.

Col. Wilson Chase, who has been commandant of Kelly Field, has been transferred to the 24th Infantry, with headquarters at Columbus, N.M. Miss Cornelia Cress will leave Monday for Madison, Wis., to enter the University of Wisconsin. Mrs. Peter E. Marquart left Thursday for Columbia, S.C., to join Colonel Marquart, who is stationed at Camp Jackson.

Capt. and Mrs. Walter Moore entertained at the Country Club Saturday at dinner, complimenting Major Gen. and Mrs. Henry T. Allen, N.A. Mrs. Charles J. Austin will leave Wednesday for California to join Captain Austin, stationed at San Diego. Mrs. Everett Collins is in the city, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. William Cassin. Mrs. Collins is en route to meet Captain Collins, 14th Cav., in Eagle Pass. Major Arthur S. Guthrie, who has reported at 90th Division Headquarters, was assigned to duty as assistant to the division adjutant, Lieut. Col. E. V. D. Murphy.

Lieut. Tobin Rote entertained Saturday with a buffet supper at the Spencer Ranch, in honor of Col. and Mrs. E. H. Hartman and Mrs. D. M. Smith, of the 2d Battalion, 357th Inf., and the officers of the battalion. Lieut. Col. W. D. Chitty, who has been with the 12th Cavalry at Columbus, N.M., has arrived and will be in command of Kelly Field, succeeding Colonel Chase. Major Gen. and Mrs. H. T. Allen pleasantly surprised the officers of the staff Wednesday by dining with them in the headquarters mess hall. The General has been coming with the officers each day, but the visit of the "first lady of the command" came as a most agreeable surprise. Because no one knew of Mrs. Allen's coming, everything was just as it has been for every meal since the mess was opened, but it was evidently pleasing, for she complimented the officers highly.

Col. and Mrs. Sterling P. Adams entertained with a theater party to see "Peggy O'More" at the Grand, followed by a buffet supper in their quarters. Col. and Mrs. J. D. Baker entertained at the dinner-dance at the Country Club, honoring their daughter, Miss Rita Baker. The guests included Misses Patty Smith, Dorothy Laubach, Hilda Wals and Elaine Wals, Major and Mrs. Helms, Capt. and Mrs. Miller, Capt. and Mrs. Martin, Colonel Halloran, Lieutenants Kraft, Morie, Howe, York, McDonald, Noyes and Evans.

A full regiment, made up of eight squadrons, left Kelly Field Sunday, having been ordered to other places. School planes alone are in use at Kelly Field, and fighting machines at present are available only at other fields. The squadrons which left are the 49th, 21st, 52d, 53d, 55th, 56th and 57th. Each squadron has 150 men, making a total of 1,200.

Capt. L. R. Morrison arrived in San Antonio Monday from Aransas Pass, and is a guest at the Menger Hotel. Mrs. Lee Brewer, who has been spending the past month in New York with Lieutenant Brewer, returned Monday and will be with her parents, Judge and Mrs. P. H. Swearingen.

"Camp Stanley" will be recommended to the War Department by the Southern Department as the new name for Camp Funston. The request for the recommendation of a new name was received here last week in order to avoid confusion of the two Camp Funstons. "Camp Stanley" is suggested honoring the memory of the late Gen. David Stanley, a distinguished officer of the Civil War, who for many years was commandant of the Southern Department.

Approximately 1,800 enlisted men are to be added to the Quartermaster Corps, National Army, in the Southern Dept. to supply the auxiliary remount depots that are to be established in connection with the National Army cantonments and the National Guard camps. Although there will be no additional remount station for Camp Travis, a force is to be stationed here also to care for the work for Camp Travis at the present remount station. The personnel for each will have

one quartermaster sergeant, senior grade; eight quartermaster sergeants; eight sergeants, first class; thirty-six sergeants; thirteen corporals; five cooks; ninety-one privates, first class, and thirty-six privates, all Quartermaster Corps.

Work already has started on a warehouse for the Engineer Department upon a part of the land that has been bought and other depot buildings for the Engineer, Signal Corps, Medical and Quartermaster Corps are to go up when the sites have been cleared of the present buildings. They probably will be larger than any similar construction of the sort yet done to care for the Army supplies. Arrangements are to be made there for supplies for all departments except the Ordnance Department. Plans for these depots were submitted yesterday to Department Headquarters.

Occupying a tract which separated Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston reservation, thirty-eight frame houses occupying lots to be used by the Government depots were sold Wednesday at auction by Capt. Adolph Schneider, of the real estate division, Quartermaster Corps, for a total of \$6,756.

Two tracts of land, each from fifteen to twenty miles square, will be purchased or leased by the War Department in the Southern Department for intensive training in modern warfare. On these tracts there will be work similar to the training now being given the first American expeditionary forces in France. One tract is to be used as a school for arms and one as a machine gun school. Cantonments will be built and from 25,000 to 30,000 men will be trained at a time. A viewing board consisting of Col. M. McFarland, General Staff Corps, Major Frederick W. Lewis and Capt. Paul C. Potter left on a ten days' tour to inspect sites that have been located at various places in Texas and Oklahoma.

Camp Travis Post-office, the fourth and largest military post-office in the environs of San Antonio, has been opened.

Having undergone a special course of gymnastics and bayonet exercises, sixteen second lieutenants recently graduated from Camp Funston have been assigned to take charge of that branch of instruction in the National Army here. Six of the men will be assigned to each Infantry brigade, three to the depot brigade and one to the Artillery brigade.

Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College will be made the training point for a Reserve depot, company of the United States Signal Corps. Laboratory barracks and other facilities of the institution have been placed at the disposal of the Government by the Texas institution. Our technical institution in each state is to be selected for special training. A depot company such as that to be trained at Agricultural and Mechanical College is analogous to a depot brigade in the new Army formation. It is used to supply men trained and equipped for all branches of that particular service as need exists or is created for them.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Sept. 29, 1917.

Brig. Gen. J. P. O'Neil, of the 90th Division, Camp Travis, left Tuesday for Fort Sill, School of Arms, for temporary duty. Capt. and Mrs. John Keliher arrived from Laredo on Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. N. S. Graham. Captain Keliher will be an instructor at Leon Springs. Mr. and Mrs. William Aubrey announce the engagement of their daughter, Jean Deering, to Lieut. John Wells Bulkley, U.S.R., the wedding to take place Oct. 6. Mrs. W. S. Hendrick is the guest of Mrs. A. B. Weakley during the absence of Colonel Hendrick.

Capt. and Mrs. G. Van S. Quackenbush entertained Capt. C. Pieret, 7th French Art., with a luncheon on Monday and dinner Tuesday. Captain Pieret will instruct the Artillery fire at Fort Sill. Major R. B. Ellis, N.A., arrived Thursday from Camp Dodge, to join the 90th Division at Camp Travis. Capt. William D. Geary, 22d Cav., is here on leave from Fort Sill, staying at 104 new Army post.

Col. and Mrs. Malvern-H. Barnum entertained at dinner Saturday at the Country Club, honoring Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. P. O'Neil, when they had as additional guests Col. and Mrs. S. P. Adams, Capt. and Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Galbraith, Misses Mitchell and Wood, Lieutenants Selby and Mitchell and Captain Wheeler. Col. and Mrs. S. P. Adams and Miss Laura V. Adams entertained Wednesday with a box party at the Grand Opera House and a dance at the Travis Club. About forty guests were present. Mrs. William A. Cavanaugh entertained at luncheon Friday at the Travis Club, complimenting Mrs. Harry W. Gregg. Covers were laid for Mesdames Gregg, Howard, Laubach, Baker, Allen, Holmes, Miller, Price, Bradley, La Motte, Cook, Richardson, Pruyn and Miss Walz. Miss Christine Z. Ryan, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. H. L. Mulliken, has returned to her home in Fort Riley.

Mrs. Herbert S. Clarkon was hostess at an attractively appointed "knitting tea" Tuesday, honoring Miss Jean Aubrey, a bride of the coming month. Major Paul L. Ferron, Department aviation officer, left Tuesday for Fort Worth, to visit the three flying fields that have been established there for the American and Canadian flying forces. Major Harold M. Clark has been ordered to Fort Kamehameha, H.T., to assume command of the 6th Aero Squadron.

Capt. and Mrs. A. F. W. Macnaman and son are located at 115 East Elmira street. Major E. K. Sterling arrived from Fort Sheridan this week and has been assigned to the 90th Division at Camp Travis. Lieut. Richard H. Schubert has arrived to join the 20th Field Artillery at Leon Springs. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. H. W. Gregg leave today for Mount Clemens, Mich., aviation field. Major Isaac Jones, in charge of the squadron, is in the city, the guest of Lieut. Robert J. Hunter. He is en route to the Pacific coast, lecturing on the Aviation Service. Lieutenants Wilson and Gagnall left Kelly Field Wednesday, flying in a Curtiss military tractor for Camp Scurry, Corpus Christi, and made the trip of 155 miles in two hours and forty minutes. They will return to San Antonio on Friday.

Captain Pieret, French artillery officer, lectured Thursday to a large audience at the post Chapel for the officers at the post and Camp Travis. Fifty men from the Quartermaster Corps here were sent to Camp Cody, N.M., Friday, to act in connection with the National Guard training camp there.

Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, N.A., commanding the 90th Division, on Tuesday received a case of the new Enfield rifles being manufactured in this country for the National Army.

The 23d and 46th Aero Squadrons left Kelly Field this week and have gone to Minola, Long Island, the 23d for permanent station as school squadron and the 46th as Signal Corps depot supply squadron. Members of the 3d Aero Squadron, recently stationed at Kelly Field, are now at the school for aerial observers that is being conducted at Fort Sill. A detachment of men from the Aviation Section, Signal Enlisted Reserve Corps, have also been sent to Austin, reporting there at the School of Military Aeronautics. New type telephone switchboards, known as "aviation boards," will be established by the Signal Corps at Kelly Field. One switchboard, having a capacity of 200 lines, is to be placed at each field. The switchboards do not provide connection by radio with machines, but are a peculiar type adapted to aviation headquarters, which have many outlying stations.

Two cantonment buildings are being erected by the Post Quartermaster Department for the Signal Corps depot company. Part of the depot company now is in tents. The new buildings are near the post guard house.

Recruits of the 90th Division at Camp Travis on Friday enjoyed their first afternoon of leisure and received passes to go to "town." Practically everyone of them who has his uniform complete availed himself of the permission, and jitneys and buses going downtown were crowded to capacity. It was the first time any of them have been permitted to leave the cantonment.

Major Herman J. Koehler, master of the sword and head instructor of calisthenics at West Point, has arrived at Camp Funston for a stay of two weeks. He will instruct embryo officers in military calisthenics, in details of twenty-five men from each organization, including a commissioned officer.

Lieut. Col. J. J. Kingman, chief of staff of the 90th Division, received a unique map from a company which wishes the officers of the camp to give it a trial. The map, which comes in a huge box, is what is known as a contour map, and will be used for working out military problems. It is in six sections, each of which can be shifted about so that the problem becomes different with each move. There are a city, many hills and valleys, a few creeks and rivers and a lake. It is possible to move the squares, and the continuous flow of the rivers and creeks is not interrupted. The map itself is made of plaster of paris and is several inches thick to allow for the

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contour rises and falls. Even trees and fields and fences are shown. The map shows whether the fields are planted and what they are planted with, or of what formation the ground is. With the novel map it will be possible to work out hundreds of military problems for the benefit of the division officers. "Troops" are shown by card slips and colored tacks and can be stuck in the map or moved at will without injury.

An improved gas mask, which does not require the wetting needed by gas masks adopted in Europe to counteract the effects of German gas attacks, is being provided for the American troops. This mask, which fits over the head and has a tube through which the air for breathing is drawn, will operate effectively just as it is. Lack of water will not prevent its use, and there is no delay such as is required with masks that must be wet. Gen. J. W. Ruckman, commander of the Southern Department, gave the American gas mask a personal test at Fort Sill upon the occasion of his visit to that post. Wearing one of the masks he went into the gas house that is used for testing purposes and experienced no discomfort.

The 90th Division fire fighters have moved into their new quarters. The two new fire trucks have been given a thorough test and have proven highly satisfactory. Quantities of supplies have also been received, including fire hose, hand chemicals and hand hose reels. These will be placed at the different regimental headquarters, where volunteer fire organizations will be formed. The apparatus is entirely new and up-to-date throughout, and when the organization is complete Camp Travis will have one of the most efficient fire fighting bodies in the state.

The Camp Travis team, with General Allen, a seasoned and very clever player, already has turned out for practice sessions. Only one game was played in the polo session at Fort Sam Houston, that being a practice engagement of six chukkers with mixed teams. Despite the hard work of the sprinklers, the dust was very bad, making play at times dangerous and always uncertain. It is hoped soon to stage another tournament for the National Army forces here are expected to contain some good polo players.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 30, 1917.

Mrs. George Wiczorek and children, en route from Fort Bliss, Texas, to Fort Omaha, Neb., to join Major Wiczorek, are guests of Mrs. Wiczorek's mother, Mrs. Joseph Giacomini, in Leavenworth, for a short while. Mrs. Jesse Holmes, who has spent six weeks with her mother, Mrs. E. F. Neely, in Leavenworth, during the absence of Captain Holmes at the School of Musketry at Fort Sill, returned Monday with Captain Holmes to El Paso.

Col. and Mrs. Sedgwick Rice and Mrs. Anne Gaylord Smith, of Denver, attended the military ball in Kansas City Saturday evening during the festivities of Old Glory week. On Sunday evening Col. and Mrs. Rice and Mrs. Smith were special guests at a handsome dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Moore at the Country Club in Kansas City. Mrs. O. B. Meyer will come in the near future from Del Rio to visit her mother, Mrs. R. E. Thomas, in Leavenworth, and sister, Mrs. William Trimmer, of Salt Lake, Utah, who is also her guest.

Major Henry Gibbins and small son have returned from a ten days' visit with his mother in Knoxville, Tenn. Miss Sybil Barling has returned to her home in Muskogee, Okla., after a visit with Mrs. Willey Howell. Mrs. W. A. Shunk has been quite ill for two weeks at her quarters in Sumner place. Mrs. Ralph Hospital and little daughter have returned to Fort Riley, Kas., after a week's visit with her parents, Col. and Mrs. C. F. Craig.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gempie, of Leavenworth, entertained Sunday with a family dinner in honor of their son, Lieut. Eugene Gempie, who left Monday for Columbus, N.M., and their nephew, Ensign William Scott, U.S.N., who is visiting his mother, Mrs. William Scott. Miss De Witt has arrived from Virginia Beach, Va., to be guest of her aunt, Mrs. Clement Flagler, and Colonel Flagler. Mrs. Kent Nelson and family left last week for Columbia, S.C., to join Colonel Nelson, who is in camp there.

Col. and Mrs. Clement F. Flagler honored their niece, Miss De Witt, of Virginia Beach, Va., at a supper Sunday, their guests including Major and Mrs. Godfrey, Major and Mrs. Watkins and Captain Finley. Real, Bradson and Smiley. A number of tennis enthusiasts at Fort Leavenworth gave a tennis tournament on the summer place court Saturday, the

proceeds going to the American Red Cross Society to purchase wool. The tryouts were played, Capt. S. Whipple and Miss Lottie Fuller playing against Miss Alfred Scales and Capt. E. L. Taylor. Miss Scales and Captain Taylor won, 6-3 and 6-3. Other matches were played by Major Watkins, Mrs. S. C. Godfrey, Captain Godfrey and Mrs. Whipple, Mrs. Watkins, Captain Finley, Mrs. A. W. Smith and Capt. H. O. Olson. Each contestant and all those attending the matches were taxed for the Red Cross. After the finals a tea for the benefit of the Red Cross, at the quarters of Major and Mrs. Whipple, was attended by a large number of the officers and ladies of the post. Tea was served by Mrs. H. L. Taylor and Miss Trotter; Mrs. Godfrey and Miss Fuller assisted.

Mrs. A. B. Warfield entertained twenty-six of the little folks of the garrison Saturday in celebration of the seventh anniversary of her son, Lamoreaux. In entertaining she was assisted by Miss Ellen Warfield and Miss Charlotte Buckner. Miss Mary Fuller was the week-end guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Cyrus J. Wilder at Fort Riley.

The first consignment of the new Enfield rifles to reach Fort Leavenworth arrived last week, having been consigned to Capt. E. S. Knox, supply officer for the provisional officers' battalion. Twenty guns were in the shipment. The guns will be used for training purposes in order that the men may become acquainted with the mechanism. The rifle has been modified so that it uses the same ammunition as the Springfield service rifle. Captain Bowen, construction Q.M., left Saturday for St. Joseph, Mo., his home, to spend ten days.

Fifty men of the Signal Corps, in charge of Private 1st Class Albert B. Low, left Friday for Camp Kelly, San Antonio, for duty with the aeronautical organizations. Sgt. S. W. Knuth, Army Service School Detachment, has received an appointment as temporary second lieutenant of Infantry and is awaiting assignment to his regiment. He has been located at the post for some time, the last detail being that of sergeant major, battalion of provisional officers. Mrs. Willey Howell left last week for Atlanta to spend several weeks with Colonel Howell, who is at Camp Gordon.

Lieut. H. Turner Lewis, Signal Corps, camp and battalion adjutant, has been relieved and goes to Washington to be with the Chief Signal Officer. Lieutenant Lewis came to Fort Leavenworth from Chicago, where he was department signal officer. Lieutenant Lewis was commissioned last February after eleven years' enlisted service. He will be succeeded as camp and battalion adjutant by Lieut. M. F. Jones, formerly sergeant-major, 8th Field Art.

Capt. E. S. Knox, Inf., who has been acting as camp, range and supply officer for the provisional officers' battalion, has received his commission as major and was appointed instructor at the Service Schools. His place with the provisionals is to be filled by Lieut. John A. Edmondson, as property and supply officer, while Lieut. E. P. Wooten will assume the duties of mess officer.

No more clothing will be sold to the officers at the clothing depot for some time, according to an order from the War Department last week. Ever since the mobilization of the Army started there has been a shortage of clothing, and this has become so acute that it was necessary to conserve everything in the way of clothing for the enlisted men. It has been a common practice among many officers to purchase clothing at the depot, take the articles to a tailor and have them remodeled. This will now cease. At the clothing depot it was stated that they did not know how long the order would be in effect.

Capt. William V. Carter, son of Major General Carter, has assumed the duties of secretary of the Army Service Schools here, succeeding Capt. A. W. Smith, relieved two weeks ago, having been appointed a major in the National Army.

"Stray Shots" is a paper of four pages, which is issued by the Disciplinary Barracks. Chaplain John T. Axton, 20th Inf., is the editor. Mrs. Joseph O. Mauborne has received word of the arrival in San Francisco of her parents, Gen. and Mrs. B. A. Moore, and their son. The party had a most thrilling trip to the States, having encountered the dreadful typhoon off the coast of Japan. They were seventy-two hours without food and for two days and nights wore life preservers. The transport was obliged to return to Nagasaki for repairs, having to remain a fortnight. General Moore will be with the National Army at Little Rock, and en route to their new station will be guests of Major and Mrs. Mauborne for a short while before the latter leave for Washington, where Major Mauborne will be on duty with the large radio station.

Mrs. W. A. Miller, of Excelsior Springs, Mo., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Willey Howell. The total strength of the garrison Saturday was 4,060 men, this number being slightly less than a short time ago by reason of the departure of the third provisional officers' training class. In the post there are 2,947 enlisted men, the largest body being the 7th Engineers. The regiment now numbers forty officers and 1,117 enlisted men. The Signal Corps also is well filled, there being 451

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officers and 1,465 enlisted men. There are 451 men in the provisional lieutenants' class and 505 in the Engineer officers' training camp. The rest of the strength of the garrison is made up of the Colored Detachment, Quartermaster Corps and Bakery. The soldiers on duty at the Disciplinary Barracks, ever 300, are not included in the above.

The fifth class of provisional officers are expected at the post the middle of October. The provisional lieutenants began to take their riding lessons last week under direction of Capt. Ben Lear, one of the most efficient riding instructors in the world. Student officers of the Signal School last week took up the study of French under instruction of Lieut. P. H. A. Flood, an excellent linguist, brought here from the East by Col. C. H. Hartmann, of the Signal Corps.

Thirteen motorcycles are "somewhere in the United States," just where the post authorities do not know. The car in which they were shipped from the factory arrived at the post Saturday, but the seal had been removed and all the machines disappeared. Tracers were sent out.

Mrs. H. E. Comstock has returned to Eagle Pass, Texas, after an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. Bailey, who was ill for several months with typhoid fever. Mrs. Bailey has entirely improved and is able to be out. Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Bailey's daughter, has arrived from Little Rock, Ark., to be the guests of Col. and Mrs. Bailey.

THE NAVY.

NAVY GAZETTE.

During the past week the following officers have been detailed to sea or to shore duty as indicated below:

To sea duty—Comdr. E. McCauley, jr.; Lieut. Comdr. S. L. H. Hazard, O. Hill and F. G. McCrory; Lieuts. A. Claude and L. H. Maxfield; Lieut. (J.G.) F. P. Culbert; Ensigns W. James (T) and V. F. Le Verna (T); Asst. Surgs. R. S. Shea, P. R. Hook, T. S. Royter, F. F. Lane, W. S. Scott, A. L. Lindall, M. L. Marquette, L. L. Adamkiewicz, S. B. Solhaug, B. E. Belcher, G. E. Katter, L. F. Robinson, R. M. Hayes, J. C. Pedon; Asst. Paymrs. B. B. Huff and J. N. Harriman; Act. Chap. J. T. Casey.
To shore duty—Capt. M. E. Trench, P. N. Olmsted; Lieut. Comdr. J. O. Townsend and J. S. Dowell, jr.; Lieuts. H. H. Morton and A. H. Guthrie; Lieut. (J.G.) T. C. Slingluff; Ensigns P. R. Fox (T) and H. J. Johnson (T); Asst. Surgs. B. Groesbeck, jr. and W. A. Neill; Paymr. N. W. Grant and Asst. Paymr. H. N. Hartley.

MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

OCT. 1.—Major E. B. Miller ordered to Marine Barracks, Quantico, instead of Marine Barracks, Philadelphia.
Capt. H. K. Pickett to Marine Barracks, Puget Sound, Wash.
Capt. C. C. Riner to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, Cal.
Second Lieuts. G. H. Martin, jr., Carleton Hill, K. K. Boynton and R. A. Stoner detached Marine Barracks, Quantico; to Marine Barracks, Philadelphia.
Capt. W. B. Sullivan detached office of J.A.G.; to Marine Barracks, Philadelphia.
OCT. 2.—Second Lieuts. J. G. E. Kipp, D. B. Cowles, W. S. Feague, E. R. Brewer, H. T. Dunn and K. S. Day detached Marine Barracks, Quantico; to Marine Barracks, Philadelphia.
Second Lieut. A. V. Parker detached Marine Barracks, New York; to Marine Barracks, Quantico.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

SEPT. 27.—Second Lieut. of Engrs. Alex. Dennett, retired, to resume retired status.

OCT. 1.—Second Lieut. W. P. Kain from ship to shore.
Second Lieut. E. M. Webster from ship to shore.

OCT. 3.—First Lieut. P. H. Brereton, retired, assigned to active duty ashore.

PROMOTIONS OF ENLISTED MEN.

SEPT. 20.—Act. Electr. 3d Class William A. Collins, Comanche, rated electrician, third class.
Seaman Franklin R. Lawrence, Mackinac, rated quartermaster.

COAST GUARD NOTES.

Vacancies exist in the U.S. Coast Guard for men of good character, between eighteen and thirty-six years, who are qualified for the following positions: Electrician, first-class (1); electrician, second-class (3); electrician, third-class (3); ship's writer (1); machinist, first-class (1); oiler, second-class (2); coxswain (2); seaman (1); firemen (16); bugler (1); cook (1).

The retirement of Senior Capt. Howard Emery, U.S. C.G., on Oct. 2 for age will promote Capt. J. C. Cantwell

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to senior captain, 1st Lieut. W. J. Wheeler to captain, 2d Lieut. T. A. Shanley to first lieutenant, and 3d Lieut. T. F. J. Gorman to second lieutenant.

The following cadets were confirmed by the Senate on Oct. 3 to be third lieutenants in the Coast Guard of the United States, to take effect from date of oath: George Walton McKean, Andrew Clement Mandeville and John Teebes, jr.

A former U.S. coast guard cutter on patrol duty was rammed and sunk off an Atlantic port on Oct. 1 by a tramp steamer. The cutter was sunk through a misunderstanding in signals. She was stove below the water line. Her wireless calls brought two scout patrol boats and they took off the 125 men on board her and landed them. The work of raising the sunken vessel will commence at once.

NAVY CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate on Oct. 2 confirmed all the Navy nominations of Sept. 29, appearing on pages 216-218.

MARINE CORPS CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate on Oct. 2 confirmed all the Marine Corps nominations of Sept. 29, appearing on page 218.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BORN.

ALEXANDER.—Born at Annapolis, Md., to Lieut. and Mrs. William D. Alexander, U.S.A., a daughter.

BAKER.—Born at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 16, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. Wilder D. Baker, U.S.N., a daughter, Constance Kathryn Mary.

BISCHOFF.—Born at Annapolis, Md., Oct. 1, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. L. P. Bischoff, U.S.N., a son, Lawrence Phillip Bischoff, jr.

COWIN.—Born at Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 26, 1917, to Lieut. Col. and Mrs. W. B. Cowin, U.S.A., a daughter.

DAVIS.—Born at Marblehead Neck, Mass., Aug. 26, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. H. P. Davis, U.S.N., a son, Francis Curtis Davis.

DAVIS.—Born at Lancaster, Pa., Sept. 26, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. Henry B. Davis, M.C., 4th Pa. Inf., a daughter, Margaret Elizabeth.

JACOBS.—Born at Saranac Lake, N.Y., Sept. 19, 1917, to Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. W. F. Jacobs, U.S.N., a son, Walter Frederick Jacobs, jr.

McKAY.—Born at Fort Monroe, Va., Sept. 26, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. William G. McKay, M.R.C., a son, Donald Neal McKay.

REYNOLDS.—Born at Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 24, 1917, to Capt. and Mrs. B. O. Reynolds, Field Art., N.G., a daughter, Mary Elizabeth.

RIDDLE.—Born at Brooklyn, N.Y., Sept. 22, 1917, to Comdr. and Mrs. W. K. Riddle, U.S.N., a son, William Russell Riddle.

TURNER.—Born at Washington, D.C., Sept. 30, 1917, to Capt. and Mrs. Frank Asbury Turner, 7th Field Art., U.S.A., a daughter.

VESTAL.—Born at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 24, 1917, to Capt. and Mrs. Marion P. Vestal, 65d U.S. Inf., a daughter, Marjorie Eloise Vestal.

MARRIED.

APPLETON—REATH.—At St. Davids, Pa., Oct. 3, 1917, Lieut. John Adams Appleton, N.Y.N.G., and Miss Elsa Reath.

BARNHART—LOVELL.—At Fort Clark, Texas, Sept. 25, 1917, Lieut. Frank Henry Barnhart, 17th U.S. Cav., and Miss Mary Adeline Lovell.

BLAKELOCK—BRENNER.—At Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 15, 1917, Lieut. David Hazen Blacklock, 17th U.S. Cav., and Miss Lulu Ann Brenner, of Ithaca, N.Y.

BRAMBILA—MISNER.—At Seattle, Wash., Sept. 11, 1917, Lieut. Col. R. M. Brambila, Nat. Army, and Miss Doris Misner.

BRYANT—KIRKBY.—At Racine, Wis., Sept. 26, 1917, Capt. Richard Goodale Bryant and Miss Marita Kirby.

BUTZ—JOYNER.—At Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 22, 1917, Lieut. Gerald Robinson Butz, U.S.A., and Miss Elizabeth Wheaton Joyner.

CROWL—JENSEN.—At St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 22, 1917, Lieut. Harry C. Crowl, 40th U.S. Inf., and Miss Minnie Jensen, of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

GIBSON—MASLIN.—At Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 27, 1917, 1st Lieut. William Lynch Gibson, U.S.A., and Miss Virginia Maslin.

HARRIS—BARTON.—At Calvert, Texas, Sept. 19, 1917, Capt. William Washington Harris, jr., U.S.A., and Miss Mary Ella Barton.

JONES—BABCOCK.—At New York city, Oct. 2, 1917, Capt. Reginald L. Jones, S.O.R.C., and Miss Marion E. Babcock.

McPHERSON—McDONALD.—At San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 22, 1917, Mr. John McPherson and Miss Lila McDonald, daughter of Col. John B. McDonald, U.S.A.

PRETTYMAN—GOUBERT.—Recently, Lieut. G. W. L. Prettyman, U.S.A., and Miss Natalie Goubert, of Englewood, N.J.

RINEHART—MUDGE.—At First Unitarian Church, Riverwood, Md., Sept. 8, 1917, Lieut. Evan Erner Rinehart, U.S.N., and Miss Priscilla Mudge.

SAPORTAS—SCOVEL.—In Honolulu, H.T., Sept. 13, 1917, Lieut. William F. Saportas, U.S.A., of Schofield Barracks, and Mrs. Frances Cabanne Scovel, of St. Louis, Mo., Rev. Father Ignatius Fealy, chaplain of the 1st Field Art., U.S.A., officiating; witnesses—Mr. and Mrs. George K. French.

SEIM—STIMSON.—At Syracuse, N.Y., Aug. 14, 1917, Lieut. Paul S. Seim, 15th Field Art., U.S.A., and Miss Ethel Stimson.

TREVOR—PARKER.—At San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 27, 1917, Lieut. D. Haldane Trevor, U.S.A., and Miss Israel Parker.

WHITE—NELSON.—At the Bellevue-Stratford, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 24, 1917, Major Andrew J. White, Inf., Nat. Army, and Miss Dena Tyrl Nelson.

WOOD—FITZGERALD.—On Sept. 22, 1917, at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, New York, Lieut. Leighton Wood, U.S.N., and Angela Fitzgerald.

DIED.

ALLEN.—Died at sea, P.A. Surg. David G. Allen, U.S.N.

DARR.—Died at St. Davids, Pa., Sept. 27, 1917, Mrs. Josephine Darr, widow of Brevet Brig. Gen. Francis Darr, U.S.A.

DEARING.—Died at 1008 Massachusetts avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C., Sept. 25, 1917, George T. Dearing, grand-father of Mrs. Percy L. Jones, wife of Lieut. Col. P. L. Jones, Med. Corps, U.S.A.

FINK.—Died at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 18, 1917, Elizabeth Fink, wife of Capt. Frederick L. Fink, Q.M.R., mother of Frank L. Fink, Lillian Wayne Ables and Beatrice L. Fink, native of California, aged forty-five years.

KENDALL.—Died at Portsmouth, N.H., Aug. 21, 1917, Asst. Naval Constr. Charles S. Kendall, U.S.N.

MALLOY.—Died in Paris, France, Sept. 27, 1917, Capt. Marvin E. Malloy, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A.

SEIFERT.—Died at Fort Mills, P.I., Aug. 21, 1917, Ernest Seifert, ordnance sergeant, Ord. Dept., U.S.A.

WOODS.—Died at San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 26, 1917, Lieut. Comdr. Edward C. Woods, U.S.N., retired.



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THIRTY-FIFTH INFANTRY CAMP.

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 29, 1917.

Mrs. Woods and her young daughter have recently joined Dr. Woods. They are occupying the house vacated by Dr. and Mrs. Allen. Capt. and Mrs. Balsam and little son arrived Monday from Yuma, where Captain Balsam has been stationed. Mrs. Kerbow and Mrs. Fanning have moved out to camp. Lieut. and Mrs. Fanning are in Major Foucar's old house and the Kerbows in Captain Ladd's quarters.

Lieut. James H. Frier, who has just finished a course of instruction at Fort Sill, took a ten days' leave to visit his parents, Col. and Mrs. Frier. In compliment to Lieutenant Frier, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Titcomb, of Nogales, gave a dinner on Wednesday for twelve. After dinner many of the younger set came in for dancing. The dinner guests included Col. and Mrs. Frier, Capt. and Mrs. Anding. Those invited for dancing were Captain Mangan, Lieutenants Hamilton, Hill, Moore and Lieutenants Marsh and Myers, from the 24th Infantry; Mrs. Thompson, wife of Captain Thompson, and a number of town people. Mr. and Mrs. Littlejohn, of Nogales, entertained at dinner Tuesday for Lieutenant Frier.

STATE GUARDS.

Brig. Gen. Charles H. Sherrill, The Adjutant General of New York, is now acting in the dual capacity of commander of the New York state forces and as The Adjutant General. This is going back to old days, when The Adjutant General of New York exercised all the functions of a general of the line. General Sherrill has announced the appointment of a staff as follows: Lieut. Col. Arthur F. Schermerhorn, of New York city, to be Chief of Staff and Assistant Adjutant General; and Major Louis M. Greer, of New York; Capt. Howard G. Smith, of New York, and Capt. George W. Burleigh, of New York, aids. Colonel Schermerhorn has served in every capacity in the National Guard, from private to lieutenant colonel. Major Greer served at one time in Squadron A, and as the staff of Major General Roe. Captain Smith was a member of Squadron A for six years, and Captain Burleigh has been on active service in the aqueduct region.

Plans for organizing a state guard for New Jersey, to take the place of the National Guard, have been perfected. There will be seven battalions each, commanded by a major, and range in size from 325 men to 500 men. The commands will be as follows: First Battalion—Companies from Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, Salem and Gloucester counties; 450 men. Second—Camden, Mount Holly, Trenton, Flemington and Somerville; 325 men. Third—Lakewood, Asbury Park, Red Bank, New Brunswick and Perth Amboy; 450 men. Red Bank will furnish machine gun companies of 50 men each. Fourth—Union, Morris, Warren and Sussex counties; 425 men. Fifth—Newark, Orange and Bloomfield, five companies, totaling 500 men. Sixth—East Orange, Union Hill, Bayonne, Hoboken and Jersey City; 375 men. Seventh—Bergen and Passaic counties; 375 men. There will be a provisional battalion of negroes consisting of one company of 75 men from Atlantic City and one from Jersey City.

Major Louis L. Babcock, N.Y.N.G., retired, of Buffalo, has been commissioned brigadier general to command the 2d Brigade of New York Guard. General Babcock's military experience began as a private in the 65th Infantry in 1890. He was last on duty as judge advocate of the 4th Brigade.

The appointment of William C. Barry, of Rochester, as major of Squadron B, New York Guard, was announced on Oct. 5.

The 13th Regiment of the Massachusetts State Guard, Col. L. A. Frothingham, has forty officers and 300 men. It was reviewed on Sept. 30 at Framingham, Mass., by Major Gen. Butler Ames, commander of the State Guard, in the presence of 10,000 spectators. The 13th is the first regiment of the new State Guard to mobilize as a unit.

Major De Witt C. Falls, of the 7th New York Guard Battalion, has four completely organized companies, which are now drilling regularly. One company has been performing duty in guarding a part of the aqueduct. Most of the officers and men are composed of ex-members of the 7th and are prepared to render efficient service.

Governor Keith Neville, of Nebraska, has been appointed a colonel of the new 7th Infantry, Nebraska N.G.E., now being formed. The appointment was made by Acting Governor Edgar Howard on Sept. 29 during the Governor's absence at Washington.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer. Questions are answered as soon as possible, but no particular time can be given for replies. We do not answer questions by mail.

INDEX.—No, no, we did not say we had compiled a volume of 1,769 pages, containing a digest of the contents of the Army and Navy Journal for the past fifty-four years, and that this compilation would be sent free to all who asked. We tried to tell you that the annual index was ready, the index to the contents of Volume LIV., covering the year from Sept. 2, 1916, to Aug. 25, 1917, and that this index of eight pages

will be sent without charge to all who apply for it. We incidentally compared the size of our first volume (August, 1863-September, 1864), 660 pages, with that of the past year, 1,768 pages, just to remind you that we are growing some, and that the readers of the Journal are getting more and more for their money every year, and this despite the increased cost of everything that enters into the makeup of a newspaper.

S. D. G.—The results of the July examinations for appointment as provisional lieutenants have not been announced. As soon as the list is ready it will appear in our columns. Individual members of the successful class are frequently notified direct before the complete list is given to the press.

F. J. W.—All applications for commission should be addressed to The Adjutant General. A third training camp is to open in January, and it may be that you could qualify then for temporary or provisional commission.

F. R. E.—Those non-coms. who qualified for temporary commission and have not yet been appointed must be patient. They will be appointed as their services are needed. In some cases this will take longer than in others, according to needs of the Service and location of troops to be officered.

H. W.—Apply to any recruiting office to be enlisted in the Ambulance Section of the Medical Department.

N. Y. Z. asks: N. S. was appointed provisional second lieutenant, U.S.A., June 14, 1917; accepted commission Aug. 26, 1917. All the officers appointed on this date, and even on later dates, have been promoted to first lieutenant; have heard nothing of promotion of N. S. so far. Please give me some information on this. Answer: Promotion of N. S. is noted in nominations this week.

H. J.—We announced in our issue of Sept. 8 that the War Department had notified commanders of R.O.T. camps that applications will be accepted from Reserve officers for transfer to camps where troops from their homes are being trained.

RESERVE: Your service on U.S.S. Dixie, September, 1900, to March, 1901; Alabama, March, 1901, to about July, 1902; at Brooklyn Navy Yard, July, 1902, to October, 1902; on Detroit, October, 1902, to Sept. 3, 1904, does not entitle you to a badge of any kind.

P. E.—There is no doubt that the non-coms. with the Expeditionary Forces will have equal opportunity with those at home to work up to a temporary or provisional commission—perhaps better opportunity.

S. H.—A temporary lieutenant is appointed for the emergency only, while a provisional lieutenant is commissioned for two years provisionally and on passing satisfactory examination in two years receives a permanent commission. See Special Regulations No. 1 for information regarding commissions in the Regular Army.

SPRINGFIELD.—The second lieutenant does not wear a shoulder bar; a first lieutenant does.

J. P. S.—The nomination of your son for promotion may be in the long lists of Navy nominations in this issue.

J. F. M. asks: (1) I was discharged from the Regular Army for convenience of the Government Aug. 14, 1917, to accept a temporary appointment in the Regular Army as second lieutenant. Ordinarily a man receives travel pay at the rate of three and one-half cents per mile to his place of enlistment. I did not. Why not in this case? (2) My commission states I rank from June 30, 1917. Can you tell me where I stand on the list, and what are my chances for promotion? Answer: (1) You were not discharged at termination of an enlistment period; therefore were not entitled to enlistment man's travel pay. (2) As final lists are not published now, it is not possible to answer this query. Up to this time we have not noticed any promotions of temporary second lieutenants, although most of the provisional lieutenants have gone up.

C. T. J.—Casualty lists as announced by the War Department from time to time, when casualties occur among our Expeditionary Forces, will be published in this paper. As in former wars, the enlisted men's names will be included. Immediate relatives are informed directly by the War Department. A soldier who has lost his campaign badges should apply to The Adjutant General for authority to purchase duplicates.

G. D. D.—No action has been taken concerning commissions for non-commissioned officers of the Medical Department. There is no officers' training camp at Santa Rosa.

INTERESTED asks: A retired soldier ordered to active duty on recruiting service is relieved. Is he entitled to transportation the same as the original retirement, or to the place he was living when ordered to active duty? Answer: To station from which called to active duty.

W. B. M.—Hat cords for Army field clerks may be purchased through military uniform and supply houses that advertise in this paper.

A. B.—The way for you to find out whether or not a first class sergeant in the Quartermaster Reserve Corps, with three years' experience in the practice of law, would have any chance to secure a commission in the Judge Advocate General's Office or the Adjutant General's Office is to apply through the channel.

J. D. D.—It is the custom for armies that use ground belonging to other than the enemy, to pay for the occupation of and any damage to the property. This is not tribute; it is common equity.

F. L. F.—Man who was examined for promotion to grade of sergeant-major, Q.M.C., and was placed on the list of eligibles May 12, 1915, should apply through the channel to learn where he stands.

E. L. D.—There has been no decision on the question as to whether officers in the Officers' Reserve Corps are entitled to count service in the Organized Militia and National Guard either as officers or enlisted men in computing longevity pay.

J. V. asks: Kindly give the number of the bill authorizing a first sergeant at each main recruiting station. Answer: H.R. 5249 and S. 1786, neither of which has been passed.

G. G. S.—See Army Regulations, Par. 1344, regarding gunner's qualification pay in Field Artillery. We recommend to your attention "Instruction for Gunners' Examination in the Field Artillery," by Captains Hammond and Olmstead, U.S.A. It is published by E. P. Dutton and Company, New York.

J. E. A. asks: I enlisted on the U.S.S. Bear as ordinary seaman Nov. 20, 1897, and was discharged from the Bear Jan. 31, 1899. Is this service of any value to me in my longevity as an officer and on service for retiring age? Answer: Service as an enlisted man in Army and Navy counts in determining the longevity service of an officer.

M. K. G. asks: (1) What is the effect of an acceptance of a commission in the O.R.C. by an officer of the National Guard who has not been recognized as such by the Militia Bureau? Does this acceptance vacate his commission from the state? (2) Does the acceptance since Aug. 5, 1917, of a commission in O.R.C. vacate an appointment in the National Guard under which appointee had been mustered in Federal service? (3) Is there any law to prevent an officer of the Army or drafted National Guard traveling upon a railroad pass? (4) Is there any legal distinction in the status or condition of the Regular Army and the drafted National Guard, or in the legal status or condition of a man enlisted for the emergency in the Regular Army and one enlisted in the National Guard and drafted? Why is a distinction between them preserved in the numbering of organizations and prescribing a different collar ornament. (5) An officer of the National Guard is drafted in the "Army of the United States"; subsequently he becomes physically disabled by disease in line of service. Can he be retired on a pay status? What will be the procedure in such a case? (6) What is meant by the term of "depot brigade," and what function is performed by it? (7) In the recent appointment of general officers, the appointees were, some of them, officers in the Regular Establishment, and others general officers of the National Guard. Is there any difference except that of seniority in the status of these officers and that of general officers heretofore appointed? Answer: (1) The needs of the nation come first. (2) Yes; unless the officer had been drafted into service with the Guard. (3) See the Interstate Commerce laws on this question. (4) The same reason that a man has for giving his children different names, for ease of referring to them. The Regular Army is a permanent organization, while the National Army and the National Guard, as parts of the Army of the United States, have only temporary status. (5) Retirement privileges do not belong to officers of the National Guard drafted in the Service of the U.S. Pensions are payable for disability in line of duty. (6) A depot brigade is a reserve brigade which is used to fill up depleted organizations

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as may be needed. (7) All the officers who have received temporary appointments to the National Army hold rank in their National Army grades from date of Aug. 5. This applies equally to the general officers appointed from the Regular Army and to those appointed from the National Guard.

ANXIOUS asks: If a man of draft age is drafted, called, examined, pleads industrial exemption, claim is allowed and he is exempted, what steps are necessary for him to enlist in the Army, at his option, or to accept a commission in the Reserve Corps? Answer: He might ask that the order granting his exemption be reconsidered, and that he might take his place in the draft. He cannot enter the Officers' Reserve Corps at the present time. The next training camp will be for men from the Regular Army, National Guard and National Army and graduates of "distinguished" colleges.

F. A. W.—Apply to The Adjutant General as to the possibility of your early appointment in the Philippine Scouts.

E. W.—We published in our issue of Sept. 22, on page 125, an article on the relative rank of officers. This should answer your query.

INTERESTED.—Will any temporary commissions as lieutenants (senior) be issued to lieutenants (junior grade), members of the Naval Academy Class of 1912, from E. B. Morrissey down? Answer: Yes; these nominations were submitted to the Senate on Sept. 29, as noted on another page, and run from Morrissey, No. 1480, in lieutenants (j.g.) list, to Swift Riché, No. 1734, in the ensigns list.

M. C. F.—Senate bill No. 1783 has not been considered by Congress. The dependents of families will be provided for in the War Risk Insurance bill, which may or not become a law before adjournment of this extraordinary session. The regular session of Congress convenes on the first Monday in December next.

R. A. P.—Apply to the Bureau of Navigation regarding opportunities for pay clerks in the Navy.

W. G. asks: Can an enlisted man, who cannot support his family with straight soldier pay, get his discharge from the Service at present? Answer: Speak to your C.O.

W. C. C. asks: (1) Was furloughed to Reserve Dec. 8, 1916; recalled to service July 12, 1917, reporting July 21. Only received \$3 per month as reservist pay. Am I entitled to extra \$2 per month, and how can I get it? (2) What period pay am I entitled to? Answer: (1) No; as you were furloughed after passage of National Defense Act. (2) You are entitled to pay of next period when you have served four years of your seven-year contract.

J. C. R.—As we have already stated the non-commissioned officers recommended and not yet appointed temporary officers will get theirs in time. The National Army is not yet all in cantonments, and the need for all the company officers is not immediate.

ENQUIRER.—The letters L.D.O., after the name of an officer in the Naval Militia, mean that this officer is qualified without further examination for line duties only.

E. J. B. asks: (1) When will the next examination for officers for the Philippine Scouts take place? (2) What does the examination include (subjects)? (3) Having served one year, eleven months and seven days, first enlistment, in O.A.C., discharged by purchase, should I draw re-enlistment pay? (4) Am I entitled to a Service stripe for dress uniform? Answer: (1) No announcement has been made. (2) Write to The Adjutant General for a circular of information. (3) No. (4) No.

W. E. asks: (1) Does Reserve Corps officer just graduated from some recognized officers' training camp, upon acceptance of his commission, receive pay of same at once, or only when detailed to duty. I mean pay of rank he receives commission

for? (2) What does the examination a young man must take to try for entrance to West Point consist of? Answer: (1) Receives pay from date of obeying order to duty. (2) Write to The Adjutant General for a circular of information.

G. P. B. asks: (1) Information is requested as to what chance there is for a transfer from Coast Artillery (National Guard in Federal service) to the Field Artillery (heavy), both as an organization and for the officers individually. (2) The three officers of this company have all had over ten years' service in the National Guard. Are we entitled to increased pay on that account? If so, when will the Quartermaster Corps be notified so that we may be able to collect the same. (3) As all three of the officers of this company are efficient and capable of holding higher rank, is there any chance of their securing promotions, and if so, when and how? (4) Can an officer in the National Guard in Federal service be transferred or rather assigned to duty with the National Army for foreign service, and if so, how may the transfer or assignment be secured? Answer: (1) Numerous transfers are being made from Coast Artillery to Field Artillery, and we advise you to apply through the channel. (2) Yes; state the facts of your service to the Q.M.C. (3) It is not possible to say when promotions are liable to take place, but there is a constant flow as the mobilization progresses. (4) Officers of the National Guard are available for transfer for duty with any one of the three parts of the Army.

M. A. S. asks: What was the relative strength of the first four leading navies of the world during the period 1906-1912? Answer: (1) 1912—Great Britain, 2,478,152; Germany, 1,124,257; United States, 898,345; France, 806,729; Japan, 444,903. In 1908 the order was: Great Britain, 1,871,176; France, 801,188; United States, 770,468; Germany, 693,599; Japan, 613,724.

W. P. S. asks: Having had a little experience in the federalized National Guard last year, I feel that I should be in the Service now, and that I could obtain a commission in the Field Artillery if I know the proper procedure. (1) I would like to know the list of subjects covered in the ordinary examination for a Reserve commission in the Field Artillery; whether such an examination may be taken without previous attendance at an officers' training camp. (2) Whether it is possible to enlist in the conscription army in a different state from the one in which the person is registered, or if all enlistment must be in Regular Army. I am registered in Porto Rico, but would like to get with the States troops. The first drawing has not as yet been made for Porto Rico, but may be within a month or two. (3) I might get exemption because of work in experiment station, should the drawing be made while I am in Porto Rico. I would like to know if such exemption would bar me from future enlistment, or from taking an examination for a commission? (4) If I could take such an examination I should like to enlist immediately afterward and brush up a little with real training, if such would not interfere with the chances of getting the commission or delay the same. Would it make any such difference if I should do this? (5) I have heard that the future officers' training camps are to be held from the ranks. Will there be any exceptions to this, and if so, under what conditions, and in that case when will the next training camp be held? (6) Will there be a greater opportunity for a man in the conscription army to attend one of these camps than for a man in the Regular Army? (7) Finally, as I wish to be in the service only during the present war, I would like to ask for what length of time one may enlist, and if it is possible to enlist for the period of the war only. (8) With the idea of studying for an examination for the Reserve Corps, I have ordered the following books from the War Department: The Manual of Field Artillery Drill, Gunnery for Field Artillery Officers, Field Service Manual, Small Arms Firing, and Army Signals. Will you kindly indicate whether any others



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will be needed for such an examination. Answer: (1) See page 35, Special Regulations No. 43, for the Officers' Reserve Corps. (2) Enlistments may be made anywhere. (3) No. (4) This would be unusual. (5) The next camp will probably be in January and will be for candidates from the various branches of the Army and the National Guard. (6) No. (7) All enlistments are for the period of emergency. (8) You will need a Manual of Guard Duty and Infantry Drill Regulations.

COAST DEFENSES OF THE DELAWARE.

Fort Du Pont, Del., Sept. 24, 1917.

Mr. William Gage, of Detroit, spent a few days this week with his brother, Capt. P. S. Gage. On Wednesday the new officers gave a return dance to the officers and ladies of the post. Music was furnished by an orchestra from the 1st Co., N.J. Nat. Guard. The guests were entertained during the evening by very clever vaudeville acts between the dances by enlisted men of the National Guard. Guests from away were Miss Hilles, Miss Bancroft, Miss Rees, of Wilmington; Mrs. F. C. Rees, of Hampton, Va.; Mrs. and Miss Jefferson, Mrs. William Reynolds, Miss O'Neill, Mrs. Mildred Davidson, Miss Helen Clark, Miss Eva Mulligan and Mrs. D. M. Ashbridge, of Delaware City; Major and Mrs. Raymond, Lieut. and Mrs. Warren, Lieut. and Mrs. King, Lieutenants Van Brook, Spangole and Thompson. Before the dance Mrs. Donovan entertained Captain Stewart, Lieutenants Herr, Weaver, Koffard and Morrison and Mrs. Farmer and Miss Nolan at dinner.

Thursday the officers of the post gave a dinner at the Hotel Du Pont, Wilmington, to Capt. Ward G. Duval, whose marriage to Miss Emma Stells Carr takes place Oct. 4. Mrs. G. C. Farmer left Thursday for Hachita, N.M. On Friday Captain Gage left for his new station at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. The officers and ladies of the post were entertained at tea Saturday by Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Du Pont at their Delaware country home, "The Old Mill." Those who accepted the invitation were Colonel Harris, Messdames Bennett, Guthrie, Rees, Wilson, Miss Nolan, Captain Stewart, Lieut. and Mrs. Holmes, Lieutenants Melberg, Sunvely and Koffard. Mrs. Donovan spent the week-end at Bryn Mawr as the guest of Miss Dorothy Mallen. Saturday afternoon they were joined by Lieutenant Lowry and attended the Bryn Mawr Horse Show.

Mrs. Renstrom returned Saturday from Washington, where she has been with her husband, who underwent a successful operation at Walter Reed Hospital. On Saturday Mrs. Bennett

entertained Miss Nolan and Lieutenant Koffard at dinner at the Hotel Du Pont. Mrs. Wilson and children spent the week-end in Wilmington as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Gladden.

FORT OGLETHORPE.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Sept. 23, 1917.

The Y.M.C.A. in the officers' training camp is being enlarged. Lieut. Col. F. C. Baker has been assigned as instructor at the M.O.T.C. Colonel Kirkpatrick, who has been camp surgeon and instructor at the Medical training camp, has been assigned as post surgeon. Lieut. J. N. Dalton and Lieut. E. G. Hammond, 55th Inf., reported to Major Anderson for duty at the training camp this week.

Capt. George Ellis, Q.M., U.S.R., has arrived from El Paso. He is assistant to Captain Dalton, Q.M. Capt. J. P. Adkins also arrived on Thursday from Del Rio and is assigned to duty with Captain Dalton in the Q.M. Dept. Col. and Mrs. Pickering motored to Atlanta for the week-end. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Foreman and daughter, Estelle, left Friday for Petersburg, Va., where Colonel Foreman has been ordered. Capt. and Mrs. Weissheimer were dinner guests of Capt. and Mrs. Dalton on Thursday.

An informal hop was given by the officers of the post at the gymnasium, on Friday night. Receiving were Col. and Mrs. Pickering, Capt. and Mrs. Dalton, Lieut. and Mrs. Scott, Capt. and Mrs. Weissheimer. There are to be a series of dances this winter given by the officers, this being the initial one. Major Haverkamp, Captain Weissheimer and Lieutenant Scott are on the hop committee.

Captain Blunt entertained at Signal Mountain Inn Tuesday night in honor of Miss Mugge and Miss Dabney; the other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Guild and Captain Probasco. Capt. and Mrs. Emil P. Laurson gave a dinner on Friday for Miss Mary Condon. Major Young has been ordered to Louisville, Ky., and appointed colonel in the National Army. Mrs. Young will join him in a few days.

A large dance was given on Signal Mountain Saturday night, the guests numbering about 600. The porch was reserved for the Army people, the place of honor being the table for the French officers, Captain Loriot and Lieut. G. De Loroche-Vernet. Other guests at the table were Col. and Mrs. Bloum, Mrs. Martin, wife of Colonel Martin; Colonel Tayman, Major Anderson, Major Welborn. The dance at the Country Club was well attended by Army people. A number of the men from the training camp attended.

The 4th Battalion came out of the trenches at the training camp yesterday, having stayed in them since Friday morning at seven o'clock. The 3d Battalion will take the trenches on Monday and stay two days and a night.

During the past week seventy-five students arrived at the Medical officers' training camp. The enrolment now at the camp is 1,144 officers and 2,313 men. A concert given at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium in Chickamauga Park on Sunday afternoon was largely attended.

PHILADELPHIA NAVY YARD.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 29, 1917.

Mrs. W. P. Barba, of Germantown, is closing her house for the winter and has taken an apartment at the Arlington, in Washington, in order to be with Major Barba, who is at present stationed there. Mrs. Preston B. Haines, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Gray, is spending some time at the Astor, in New York. Paymr. Manning H. Philbrick, U.S.N., is spending some time in Philadelphia, where he will meet Mrs. Philbrick and his two small daughters, who have been spending the summer at Rye Beach, N.H. They will be located in Washington this winter.

Mrs. A. B. Court and Mrs. Adam S. Conway spent the week-end as guests of Mrs. Calvin Satterfield, at Cape May, where they went for the wedding of Miss Phoebe Satterfield and Capt. Thomas G. Peyton, U.S.A. Major and Mrs. Alexander S. Williams have returned from a two-year stay in Haiti and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Beebe, at Wallingford. Lieut. and Mrs. Frew Hall, of 2312 South Twenty-second street, have been spending some time at Cape May as guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Harding. Mrs. Dallas B. Walnwright is at 322 South Eleventh street for the present.

Major and Mrs. A. A. King were guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Henry H. Porter over the week-end while en route for Fort Ethan Allen. Mrs. John Hall, of 2331 South Twenty-first street, has leased her house for the winter to Lieut. and Mrs. E. F. Friedell and has taken a house in Augusta, Ga., where she will be near Major Hall. Paymr. and Mrs. Charles O'Leary are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Naval Constr. and Mrs. A. B. Court entertained at dinner and a theater party on Tuesday night for Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Scott, of Malvern, Iowa, and Naval Constr. and Mrs. Allan J. Chantry, jr. Mrs. Homer H. Norton spent a few days in Philadelphia the past week. She has an apartment in Brooklyn, N.Y., at the Graydon, where she will spend most of the winter.

Mrs. Herbert Allen, Master Jack and Miss Alice Allen have returned from Sea Isle City, N.J., and are guests of Mrs. Alice Findar, 2415 South Twenty-first street. Dr. Herbert Allen spent the week-end with his family. Comdr. Raymond S. Keyes is spending a few days with his family at their home, 2102 Shunk street.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 25, 1917.

Last week the enlisted men had a dance on the Richmond, which was beautifully decorated with flags, bunting and evergreens. A feature was the blending of the Allies' flags, forming a canopy which extended the length of the dancing deck. Many of the officers and their wives and families attended and the sailors had a fine time. Among their guests were sailors from the British ships (a cruiser and two submarines) now at the yard. Mrs. Vaughn V. Woodward and son, guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Rodgers, near Chatham, N.J., have returned to their home, Redgate avenue. Major and Mrs. Rittenhouse, who have been spending the summer at Leesburg, Ga., have returned to Mrs. L. Maigne's, Freeman street, where they spent part of last winter.

Lafayette Park on Sunday was the scene of the first sangfest to be held in Norfolk, in which the Patriotic band took part, and the singing was furnished by hundreds of enlisted men in all branches of the military service. The beautiful pine grove in which it was held was packed with soldiers, sailors and civilians, and the music was enjoyed by several thousands in and around the park. Afterward many of the men were taken to the homes of the residents of Park place and given refreshments—indeed, there were few homes in the vicinity of the park that did not keep "open house" for them, later taking them to the different churches for evening services. These open-air concerts will be held every Sunday afternoon as long as the weather is fine.

Ensign C. B. Hughes, Mrs. Hughes and little son have taken an apartment in the Stratford, Ghent, for the winter. Lieut. and Mrs. J. D. Maloney have returned to their home in Mowbray Arch after an extended motor trip through the mountains of Tennessee. Mrs. Brats Mayer, guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kelly, Brookline, Mass., has returned to her home, Graydon avenue. Paymr. and Mrs. J. A. B. Smith and little daughter have left for Cleveland, where Paymaster Smith has been ordered for duty. Mrs. B. S. Bullard has left for Catonsville, Md., to be the guest of her father, Mr. Henry William, after spending several weeks at Miss Smith's, Willoughby Beach.

Med. Dir. and Mrs. George Pickrell and Miss Dorothy Pickrell have left for their new home in Philadelphia, where Medical Director Pickrell has been ordered for duty. Mrs. Paul Patterson, guest of her parents, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Walter McLean, has returned to her home in Baltimore. Med. Dir. and Mrs. L. W. Sprattling and family have moved to the Naval Hospital, where Medical Director Sprattling has relieved Medical Director Pickrell. Asst. Surg. and Mrs. John B. Pollard

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are guests of Mrs. Pollard's mother, Mrs. Gaither, at her home on the Severn River, Maryland. On their return they will occupy an apartment in the Weyanoke, Norfolk. Naval Constr. Harry G. Knox has returned from a short leave spent with relatives in Annapolis.

Last Tuesday, at Hampton Roads naval base, a Navy flyer with Lieutenant Johnson fell into the Roads, dropping from 150 feet. Lieutenant Johnson was unaccompanied and succeeded in extricating himself before it struck water, otherwise he would have drowned. On examination at the hospital his injuries were found to be negligible.

Major Gen. Peter C. Hains, U.S.A., retired, has arrived to assume his duties as Army engineer in charge of the Norfolk District, relieving Major Edward D. Ardery, ordered elsewhere. Mrs. Duncan M. Wood has returned from Jamestown, R.I., where she has been some time, and will spend the winter with her sister, Miss Esther Reed, Middle street, Portsmouth. Mrs. F. E. P. Ueberroth and little son and Mrs. Clifford Millard have returned to their home, Colonial-Fairfax avenues, after spending the summer at Asbury Park. Mr. and Mrs. Wynne, of Atlanta, are guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Herbert Evans, in Boieseville avenue.

Lieut. Julian C. Smith, jr., U.S.M.C., has left to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julian C. Smith, at their home as Long Island. Mrs. Lawrence P. Treadwell, guest at Virginia Beach for several months, has returned to Norfolk for the winter.

Mrs. Alfred H. Miles and little son are guests of Mrs. Miles's parents, Prof. and Mrs. John L. Tyler, Williamsburg, Va. Mrs. Halsey Powell is the guest of Miss Anne Brown Kimberly, Old Point, for a few days. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Walter McLean had a dinner last evening for Med. Insp. Frank L. Pleadwell, who has just relieved Med. Dir. L. W. Sprattling at the yard.

Mrs. J. C. Townsend and Miss Martha Townsend have closed their cottage at Virginia Beach and are at Peggy Stewart Inn, Annapolis, for the next few weeks. Mrs. H. M. Wall had a knitting party yesterday for the recently organized American Red Cross Woman's Volunteer Aid in the yard. Mr. Montgomery A. Stuart and little son, who have been spending the summer with Mrs. Stuart's mother, Mrs. C. E. Christian, in Detroit, have returned to their home in the Weyanoke apartment.

Major Gen. George Barnett, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Barnett, of Washington, spent the week-end at their country place, Wakefield Manor, Virginia, entertaining a small house party. Mrs. Charles Eldredge and Miss Marjorie Eldredge, who have been spending the summer in the North with relatives and September at Old Point, have returned to Norfolk Oct. 1 and have taken a house in Pelham place. Mrs. Robert Reed, of Swisshale, Pa., is the guest of Miss Esther Reed, Portsmouth. Mrs. A. H. Scales and the Misses Scales, who have been spending the summer at their cottage, Jamestown, R.I., will return this week to their home, Albemarle Court.

Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus was the guest last week of Rear Admiral and Mrs. A. C. Dillingham. Lieut. and Mrs. Michael Hudson, who have been spending some time at Pechontas Cottage, Virginia Beach, have taken the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. G. De Bree Taylor, in Albemarle Court, for the winter.

Mrs. Henry N. Manney, jr., and little daughter, who have been spending several weeks at Quantico to be with Captain Manney, have returned to their cottage, Willoughby Beach.

CAMP DEVENS.

Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., Sept. 26, 1917.

The drafted men are coming in by the thousands daily and are under the able leadership of Major Gen. H. F. Hodges—who, by the way, was one of the guiding geniuses in the building of the Panama Canal. He is credited with drawing the general plans and it is partly due to this fact that the Panama Canal was constructed. The drafted men, under the direction of Lieutenant Colonel Stewart, chief of staff; Major Hodges, divisional adjutant; and the regimental commanders and officers, are rapidly being whipped into line. It is a wonderful performance, simply beyond belief, the results that have been attained in such a short period of time, when we consider the material on hand, all races and creeds, the poor

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Major Reginald Barlow, who made the stadium at Plattsburg famous throughout the United States, has been giving the lieutenants a course of bayonet exercises which they will transmit later to the drafted men. In his lectures he emphasizes the fact that this is not play, but grim war. You must learn how to fight with the bayonet to kill; it is up to officers to instill the fighting spirit in the men; they must be full of fight all the time. Major Barlow has also established the Redpath Theater at Camp Devens, somewhat on the same principle as the stadium that he made such a success of at Plattsburg. The drafted men and officers have hailed this with delight. As there is no other source of amusement within fifteen or twenty miles from the camp, it can readily be seen that it was absolutely necessary to have some form of innocent amusement for the men at this particular time when they need it most. Major Barlow deserves great credit for the interest he has taken in the drafted men. In this respect it would be interesting to know what the Fiedick Committee at Washington intends doing in regard to building some suitable form of structure at the camps. At Camp Devens the theater is a flimsy tent which is not at all appropriate. We understand here that funds to the amount of \$3,000,000 have been collected for the purpose of erecting buildings and furnishing amusement for the soldiers and sailors in the various camps throughout the country. The Fiedick Committee should attend to this at once. Fifty per cent. are in the camps and forty per cent. are expected in by Oct. 8. We hope the proper officials will look into this and start something; new is the time that it is needed, not when the men leave the camps.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS.

Washington Barracks, D.C., Sept. 29, 1917.

Col. William W. Harts, C.E., assumed active command of the 6th Engineers on Sept. 26, at the same time relieving Major John Neal Hodges, C.E., who has been acting post commander since departure of Gen. Henry Jervoy.

The 20th Engineers (Forestry) has been organized at Camp American University and is under command of Col. William A. Mitchell, C.E. Major Earl J. Atkinson, recently attached to this regiment from commanding the Engineer Train of the 6th Engineers, is second in command and has had the organization and formation of the 20th in charge. Majors Wolsey Fennell, E. E. Hartwick, E. H. Marks and W. S. Sheets are all serving with the 20th Engineers.

Capt. and Mrs. Irving J. Palmer are getting settled in quarters No. 5, with Master Palmer, Jr., and little Miss Palmer. Since the school year began a bus leaves this post every morning and goes at the end of the school day, carrying the children to and from the High, Force and other schools of the city. Capt. and Mrs. Robert S. A. Dougherty have been entertaining at their home, 1933 Irving street, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Patis, from Wichita Falls, Kas., who arrived on Sept. 23 and left yesterday for their home in the Sunflower State. The 1st Battalion, 6th Engineers, that has been at Belvoir for

several weeks, is back at station. At the parade on Tuesday the entire regiment of the 6th Engineers was present. Mrs. Henry Jervoy will leave the city early next week to join General Jervoy at Camp Greene, N.C. Mrs. Edwin O. Kelton returned on Friday from a visit to Belvoir.

Mrs. John N. Hodges is president of the Comforts Committee, taking Mrs. Henry Jervoy's place on her departure from this post. A large order for woolen yarn has been placed and the good work that was commenced by Mrs. Jervoy is progressing nicely under Mrs. Hodges's direction, assisted by all the ladies of the post.

There will be dress parade twice a week at this reservation. The days have been changed to Tuesday and Friday afternoons at five o'clock. Major John N. Hodges, C.E., will command the parades, acting as lieutenant colonel of the 6th Engineers. Capt. and Mrs. Clarence H. Knight anticipate taking a flat for the winter on California street, in the city. Capt. and Mrs. Edwin O. Kelton are entertaining as their house guests Captain Kelton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kelton.

Yesterday there was a tea-dance at the commanding officer's quarters, which is vacant just now, as Colonel Harts has not moved down yet. Tea and refreshments were served by Mrs. Hodges, assisted by all the ladies of the line. An orchestra from the Engineers band played for dancing just after the dress parade. Capt. and Mrs. Robert S. A. Dougherty and family take possession of apartments at Beverly Court on Oct. 1.

FORT MYER.

Fort Myer, Va., Sept. 18, 1917.

Capt. and Mrs. Harvey M. Hobbs have taken the quarters formerly occupied by Capt. and Mrs. Robert M. Barton. Lieut. N. C. Rogers, of the Field Artillery, has arrived from Toronto, Canada, for duty here. Major and Mrs. Frederick B. Hennessy have taken the quarters formerly occupied by Col. and Mrs. Edward R. Schreiner. Major and Mrs. Clemens W. McMillan and son Ambrose were visitors on the post last week from New York city.

Major and Mrs. Conrad S. Babcock and their two sons moved to the city last week, as Major Babcock has been assigned to the Inspector General's Department. Capt. Alexander L. James, Jr., 2d Cav., made headquarters at the training camp here, has been joined by his wife, and they have taken quarters formerly occupied by Major and Mrs. Joe B. Brabson. Mrs. Pitney, wife of Lieut. John B. Pitney, left last week for Baltimore, Md. Miss Bradley, of Columbus, Ohio, is house guest of Capt. and Mrs. Harvey M. Hobbs.

Fort Myer, Va., Sept. 25, 1917.

Miss Blanchard Scott, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Hugh L. Scott, has sailed for France, where she will do duty in the refreshment stations which the American Red Cross is establishing over there.

Capt. Paul D. Carlisle, of the 3d Field Artillery, is recovering from his accident, but is to remain at Walter Reed Hospital for some time. Mrs. McMillan, wife of Major Clemens W. McMillan, and their son Ambrose are at present house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Smith. Mrs. McMillan will remain in Washington during her husband's absence abroad.

Capt. and Mrs. L. E. Atkins have taken quarters formerly occupied by Major and Mrs. Conrad S. Babcock. Miss Houston Scott, youngest daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Hugh L. Scott, will leave this week for Toronto, Canada, where she will attend school. Lieut. Lewis E. Goodrich has arrived on the post for duty. Capt. and Mrs. N. B. Briscoe have taken quarters formerly occupied by Major and Mrs. George F. Hamilton.

Miss Margaret Gates, representing a group of Washington girls, presented Captain Hudnut, 2d Battery, 6th Field Artillery, which is stationed here, with an American brown bear cub on Sunday. The cub is to be the mascot of the battery and has been named Miss Liberty. The bear is to accompany the battery when it leaves.

Surg. Thomas Miller, who is a tuberculosis specialist, has arrived at the training camp here for duty.

The people of the post and thousands of people from Washington and vicinity who had gathered at the polo field in Potomac Park, were thrilled when the great Caproni bombing airplane arrived in Washington from the Langley Field, Newport News, Va. The machine carried ten people and made the trip of 120 miles in less than two hours. Two small battle planes accompanied the large machine on its trip and upon their arrival over the polo field did some daring and thrilling air feats. All the machines were piloted by officers of the Italian Aviation Corps, who are in the United States as instructors. Many high officials of the Army Signal Corps witnessed the exhibition.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Sept. 22, 1917.

Lieut. and Mrs. Garth Goodlett, who have been with Capt. and Mrs. Joseph W. Byron while Lieutenant Goodlett has been a member of the provisional class of lieutenants, left last week for Fort Douglas, Utah, for station. Miss Bernice Fiske, daughter of Major and Mrs. H. B. Fiske, left last week for St. Louis, to attend school at the Sacred Heart Convent. Mrs. Anne Smith has arrived from Denver to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. Sedgwick Rice, and Colonel Rice.

Lieut. James Lysle, of the provisional class, left Monday for New York, to spend a short while with his mother, Mrs. E. D. Lysle, before going to Fort Myer to join the 12th Field Artillery. Miss Helen Ferguson and Miss Anne Pappard, of Kansas City, Mo., were guests of Capt. and Mrs. Joseph W. Byron for the ball given Thursday evening by the young officers. Major and Mrs. Arthur G. Black have taken quarters at No. 7 Scott avenue. Little Miss Gertrude Brown, of Denver, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Sedgwick Rice.

Mrs. Harry La T. Cavanaugh, who arrived Monday from Fort Sheridan, was the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Ben Lear, en route to American Lake, Wash., to join Colonel Cavanaugh, who commands a regiment of the National Army. Lieut. and Mrs. Simmons, who have been at the garrison for the past three months, left Saturday for Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

The farewell ball given Thursday evening by the 3d Provisional Officers' Battalion at Pope Hall was attended by all the officers and ladies of the garrison, the young society people of Leavenworth and neighboring cities, numbering about 500. The hall was handsomely decorated and the music for dancing was furnished by Professor Reilly's orchestra, of Kansas City. The guests were welcomed by Col. Charles Miller, commander of the Service Schools, Mrs. Miller and Lieut. Francis T. Bonesteel, president of the class. The patrons and patronesses included Gen. and Mrs. Eben Swift, Col. and Mrs. William Shunk, Col. and Mrs. Sedgwick Rice, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Charles Miller, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. A. B. Warfield, Major and Mrs. J. R. McAndrews, Major and Mrs. E. H. Teall, Capt. and Mrs. Ben Lear, Capt. and Mrs. R. S. Knox, Capt. and Mrs. C. L. Mitchell, Capt. and Mrs. Murchison, Capt. and Mrs. William Muldoon, Lieut. and Mrs. C. A. Rockwood, Lieut. and Mrs. Philip Newberry and Mrs. J. B. Irwin. The class officers were: Lieut. F. T. Bonesteel, president; Lieuts. J. E. Allison, S. Fairchild and J. D. Hill, vice-presidents; Lieut. H. H. Meyer, treasurer; Lieut. W. F. Scooby, secretary. The dancing committee included Lieuts. R. P. Mortimer, S. H. Ryder, E. J. Roe, A. J. Tittinger, V. K. Burris, T. G. Hanson, J. G. Goodlett, T. L. Alexander and C. H. Lee.

Mrs. Minot Scott was elected a director of the President Association of Leavenworth at the annual meeting held last week. Lieut. and Mrs. Tuttle and the latter's sister, Miss Ricketson, left last week for St. Paul. Capt. Coleman Jenkins, C.A.O., and Mrs. Jenkins left last week for Fort Sill, after

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a visit with Mrs. Jenkins's sister, Mrs. E. J. Paules; and Captain Paules.

FORT MOTT.

Fort Mott, N.J., Sept. 24, 1917.

A number of people from Salem and Fort Du Pont attended the hop on Monday night. Allen D. Raymond, Jr., son of Major Raymond, has gone to Washington, where he will be in school this year.

Mrs. Hines, of Salem, entertained the officers and ladies of the post with a delightful tea at the Country Club on Saturday. After the band concert on Monday Mrs. Raymond entertained at tea. Those present were Mesdames MacDonald, Hines, Wilson and Miss Anna MacDonald, of Salem. Captain Hannibal, Mrs. King, Lieut. and Mrs. Underwood, Lieutenants Spanogle and Thompson.

Captain MacDonald, M.R.C., has been relieved from duty at Fort Mott and goes to one of the new regiments as regimental surgeon. First Lieut. J. M. Dix, M.R.C., has reported to relieve him.

MARE ISLAND.

Mare Island, Cal., Sept. 19, 1917.

Several of the officers and ladies of the yard went down to Berkeley on Saturday to attend the football game between the Marines and the University of California team, the Marines winning 27 to 0. Never was a better team seen on California Field than that which is representing the Marines this year and some 2,000 of their mates, marines and sailors alike, cheered them on to victory.

Pay Dir. and Mrs. Cheatham had as guests over the week-end the former's sister-in-law, Mrs. Frank Cheatham, wife of Colonel Cheatham, who is now chief quartermaster of the first U.S. division serving in France. During his absence she is making her home in San Francisco. On the trip to the yard she was accompanied by her three children and her mother, Mrs. James Denman. Mrs. L. W. Hoyt entertained at a tea in Vallejo last week for Mesdames Lincoln Karman, Frederick L. Bradman, Brown, J. W. McClaskey, Talbot, T. D. Barber, Lambert, Floyd, L. M. Harding and Chamberlain.

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been making their home at the Sevel Apartments, in Vallejo, for some time, have left for the Washington Navy Yard, to stay during Lieutenant Kelley's duty on the East coast. Mrs. Kelley's parents and brother, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Parmelee and Archie Parmelee, came up from San Diego for a week's visit prior to her departure. Archie Parmelee is awaiting his commission in the Coast Artillery. Another brother, Lieut. Harold P. Parmelee, is in the Navy. Asst. Paymr. and Mrs. Josiah Merritt, of San Diego, have been entertaining Miss Allie Kavanaugh, who has just returned to her home in Vallejo. Miss Christine Gawne, daughter of Naval Constr. and Mrs. J. O. Gawne, joined the list of Navy sponsors last week, when she christened one of the small boats launched here.

Another enjoyable hop was given at the yard last week, many appearing in yama-yama costumes for the occasion. Miss Elizabeth George has returned to the yard after spending the week-end as guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Breeden, at Burlingame. Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. A. N. Mitchell are again at the yard after a few days visit with relatives in Oakland. A week ago they visited at Palo Alto for a few days. Mrs. Henry M. Gleason and her nephew and niece, Allan and Elizabeth Shapley, are spending ten days at Lake Tahoe. Naval Constr. J. L. Ackerson, who recently came out from Washington and is now living in San Francisco, came up to the yard for a short visit this week. Mrs. Ackerson, who accompanied him to Washington when he went East early in the summer, is still in the National Capital.

Mrs. Walter C. Cowles, who has been visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Lieut. and Mrs. Leo Sahn, has left for Redlands, where she and Rear Admiral Cowles are erecting a handsome home. Capt. and Mrs. L. M. Harding, who have been living at the Sevel, in Vallejo, are to take the bungalow on the yard just vacated by Lieut. and Mrs. Floyd. Lieut. J. V. Kaufmann has engaged apartments at the Sevel, in Vallejo, in preparation for the arrival of Mrs. Kaufmann from the East.

A little daughter was born to the wife of Lieut. R. T. Keiran on Saturday in San Francisco, where she is visiting her mother, having come out from the East coast a few months ago. Mr. and Mrs. H. Scriver have been visiting their son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Marcus Miller, at the yard. Mrs. Scriver will remain here some time. Mden. Rodney Harding left Sunday for Annapolis, to resume his studies at the Naval Academy, after spending a furlough with his parents, Capt. and Mrs. L. M. Harding. On Saturday night Miss Elizabeth Webb entertained at a hearts party for him at the home of her parents, Surg. and Mrs. U. R. Webb. Present: Miss Ruth Hascal, Miss Margaret Olney, Miss Mary Pegrum, Lieut. Archie Olney, Joseph Reeves, Robert Webb and Capt. and Mrs. Harding. Asst. Surg. and Mrs. Kris have returned from San Francisco and have taken apartments in Vallejo. Dr. and Mrs. Heacock are also in Vallejo again, after a month's stay in San Francisco. Asst. Paymr. E. J. Schnitzler has been visiting at the yard, preparatory to reporting for duty on this coast. He arrived this week from Washington.

Mare Island, Cal., Sept. 26, 1917.

Chaplain and Mrs. J. F. Fleming left in their car last week for the Santa Cruz Mountains, the Captain having been granted a three months' sick leave. Lieutenant Floyd, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Floyd left the yard last week, the Lieutenant for the East coast and Mrs. Floyd for Los Angeles, where she will be the guest of relatives indefinitely. Mrs. L. M. Harding, who, with Captain Harding, is to take up quarters at the yard, was hostess at bridge last week for Mesdames J. F. Fleming, Emma Whitmore, L. W. Hoyt, C. A. Carlson, P. E. Chamberlin, Marcus Miller, J. W. McClaskey, Frézert and T. D. Parker. Mrs. C. A. Carlson gave a knitting party in honor of Mrs. Frézert, mother of Mrs. Marcus Miller, last week. Mr. Leo Sahn entertained at bridge for Mesdames Webb, Hilyard, Elliott, Gawne, Cutts, Chamberlin and Cheatham. Yesterday she entertained at a second affair for Mesdames Harding, Miller, Carlson, Toas, Heron and Miss Pegrum.

A dance in honor of the sailors at the San Francisco Naval Training Station was given at the Fairmont Hotel, San Francisco, Monday night, when the grand march was led by the

commandant, Capt. Edward H. Durell, and Mrs. Durell. There was a long list of sponsors, the Service people being Col. and Mrs. Walker C. Graves, Capt. and Mrs. Junius Pearce, Col. J. T. Haines and Capt. L. L. Pondleton.

Misses Ethel and Ruth Perkins are up from their Oakland home for a week's visit to their uncle and aunt, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. A. N. Mitchell, who last night gave an informal dinner for them. Others present: Miss Elizabeth George, Dr. Castro, Lieut. P. Wilson, U.S.M.C., and Lieut. E. Johnson, U.S.M.C. Professor Milton Updegraff returned recently from Reno, where he has spent some time for the benefit of his health. He and Mrs. Updegraff are now preparing to leave for Arizona, where he will spend an extended sick leave. They have lived in Vallejo for about three years.

Mrs. U. R. Webb gave a bridge party yesterday for Mesdames Woodward, L. W. Hoyt, William Small, McCorkindale, T. J. J. See, T. D. Parker and R. G. Coman and Miss Edith Woodward. Mrs. E. G. Morsell was a bridge hostess this week for Mesdames Almy, Cheatham, Doran, Williams, Small, Reed, Hillyard, Van Mater and Woodward. Mrs. Almy, house guest of Mrs. Morsell, entertained at a luncheon and theater party in San Francisco yesterday for Mesdames Morsell, Chamberlin and Cheatham. A three-table bridge party was given last week by Mrs. R. K. Van Mater.

P. A. Surg. and Mrs. H. W. B. Turner have taken an apartment in San Francisco for the winter. Richard Cutts, who has been out from school in New York to spend vacation with his mother, Mrs. R. M. Cutts, and grandmother, Mrs. Emily Cutts, left to-day for the East, to resume his studies. Sunday night he gave a farewell dinner, entertaining Misses Elizabeth Webb and Alice Cutts, Richard Carlson, Allan Shapley and Joseph Reeves.

Classes have been started on the yard for the benefit of enlisted men desiring to pursue their studies and at least 100 marines are now endeavoring to qualify for commissions. The attendance from the sailors' ranks is equally large. The classes were originally started at the Navy Y.M.C.A. in Vallejo, but were later ordered transferred to the station, the teachers from that city coming here for the accommodation of the pupils.

In an effort to have Capt. Harry George raise the ban which has resulted in enlisted men being denied liberty to visit Vallejo, except under a guard, for several weeks, a committee of the merchants of that city called upon him Monday and was told that the only relief would be to close all saloons; that unless the city did this it would be forced to do so by the Federal authorities. The following afternoon a meeting of business men was held and although many believed that the saloons, twenty-two in number, would perhaps ultimately go, it was decided to take no action. Even those who favor the plan believe that the Government should not force on the Vallejo business men the task of legislating their colleagues out of business because they are proprietors of saloons; that if any action is taken it should be Federal. The employment of detectives to secure evidence of any infractions of the law such as Captain George charges, however, was authorized.

THIRTY-FIFTH INFANTRY CAMP.

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 21, 1917.

A battalion of the 24th Infantry, under the command of Captain Andrews, arrived here on Sept. 2. They are camped on the ridge beyond the 35th camp.

The officers of the 35th have organized a baseball team. Several games have been played with the company teams. Last Monday they played Company M. After the game Mrs. Prior invited the members of the team for cake and lemonade; also Mr. and Mrs. Littlejohn, Mrs. Ladd, Mrs. Anding, Miss Keizer and the Misses Georgia and Josephine Titcomb. The officers included Captain Mangon and Lieutenants Melasky, Irving, Halsey, Whitman, Steel, Bailey, Moore and Christianberry.

We are losing a great many of our officers, and it is with deep regret we see them go to another station. In the past two weeks Major and Mrs. Foucar and little Ann went to Columbus, N.M., Major Foucar to be in charge of the camp hospital there; Lieutenant Melasky to San Francisco; Lieutenants Irving and Wood to Fort Ogilthorpe, where Captain Ladd has also been sent as an instructor. Mrs. Ladd accompanied her husband.

On Saturday Major and Mrs. Foucar entertained Capt. and Mrs. Anding at dinner. Friday night a hop was held at camp. Many friends of the officers came out from town to attend. Capt. and Mrs. Kobes were dinner guests of Col. and Mrs. Prior at the mess Sunday. A number of officers and their wives attended a reception and dance given for the drafted men of Santa Cruz on Tuesday night. They included Col. and Mrs. Prior, Capt. and Mrs. Anding, Capt. and Mrs. Barzynski, Captains Mangon and Connolly, and Lieutenants Hamilton, Hill, Cummins, Allison, Moore and Myers.

On Wednesday night the 24th Infantry opened its Y.M.C.A. building. Captain Barzynski presided, and a splendid program of instrumental and vocal numbers was arranged. Addresses by Colonel Prior, Mrs. Curtis, who represented the mayor of Nogales, and Mr. Hardy, also of Nogales, were received with great applause. The hall was packed to overflowing, and if only a little of the night's enthusiasm lasts the Y.M.C.A. of the 24th Infantry will be a great success.

General Oregon, who is making a three months tour of the United States, crossed the international line on Thursday to begin his trip from Nogales. Mr. Lawton, the American consul, escorted him to the American side, where Colonel Prior welcomed him officially to the United States. An escort of one battalion of the 35th Infantry, commanded by Captain Connolly, and two troops of the 10th Cavalry, under Captain Kobes, led by the 35th Infantry band, marched through the principal streets of Nogales and then to the railroad station.

WITH THE TROOPS ON THE BORDER.

Fort Bliss, Texas, Sept. 22, 1917.

Lieut. Col. A. C. Dalton has been assigned to duty here as constructing quartermaster. He comes from the Eastern Department. Major William D. Chitty, 15th Cav., recently promoted to lieutenant colonel and ordered to San Antonio for duty, left this week for his new station. Col. Ernesto V. Smith has returned to the El Paso district from a tour of duty in Georgia.

Brig. Gen. Robert E. L. Michie is in the district to observe the Cavalry test ride to be made soon between two troops starting from here and two troops starting from a point in Arizona. The idea is to test the two different makes of Cavalry saddle for use in the Army. Major Edward P. Orton has arrived for duty as assistant depot quartermaster. Major Gen. Augustus P. Blockson, in command of Camp Cody, Deming, N.M., is en route to the East, where it is expected he will be given another command. Mrs. W. H. Raymond and children, family of Colonel Raymond, this week went to Deming, N.M., to join Colonel Raymond. Mrs. Raymond was in a wreck on the Southern Pacific, but escaped without injury. J. P. Nash, for a number of years terminal superintendent of the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad, recently received a commission as captain and was given a farewell dinner by fifty employees of the railroad, who also presented the new captain with uniform. He will serve in the Engineer Reserve Corps, railroad section, and has left for the East.

Brig. Gen. Frank G. Mauldin, from Fort Slocum, N.Y., has assumed command at Deming, N.M., relieving Major Gen. Augustus P. Blockson. The entire 5th Nebraska Infantry has taken station at Camp Cody, Deming. The regiment is filled to its quota numbering nearly 2,500 men. When the troops passed through each section was met at the station by a Cross workers, the canteen committee furnishing coffee and sandwiches and the magazine committee supplying each car with magazines and all of the men with two or three postals each. Later the Red Cross secretary collected at least three thousand postals.

Col. E. A. Lewis gave an informal dinner at his quarters at the garrison on Monday evening. Covers were laid for sixteen. Extensive plans are being made for a "Festival of the Allies,"

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to be given by the El Paso Red Cross Chapter the first week in October, to raise funds for the local work. Much interest is being taken by the Chinese residents of the city, who will have a Chinese booth.

A train carrying 115 bakers passed through El Paso on Sunday from New Mexico, going to stations in the East. The El Paso Red Cross Chapter is congratulated that all its work sent to division headquarters has been accepted with only a minor suggestion or two. Much of this credit is due the inspectors, who include Mr. Charles T. Mencher, wife of General Mencher, and Miss Evelyn Sherman Logan. Large and comfortable quarters have been donated to the local chapter for the sewing and knitting committees and the surgical dressing experts, but as yet there is no place in the city where the entire work of the chapter can be concentrated.

The Army motor truck shops at this garrison have been enlarged to allow of trucks from San Antonio to Yuma, Ariz., being repaired at this point. All civilian mechanics who have been working at the shops have been called to enlist, and as soon as possible they will be graduated and sent across the water.

Major Harvey W. Moore, district quartermaster, detailed to accompany Gen. Alvaro Obregon, former minister of war in Carranza's cabinet, on a tour of the United States, left El Paso on Wednesday for Nogales to meet the Mexican general. Major Moore speaks Spanish fluently, as he was formerly a Spanish instructor at West Point. The purpose of General Obregon's tour was not disclosed.

The Willing-Sales Company, of El Paso, will build portable houses at Camp Cody, Deming, for the use of officers and their families who would otherwise have no accommodations. One hundred and sixty student officers from the training camp at Leon Springs passed through El Paso on Thursday en route to San Francisco for duty. They were served coffee and sandwiches by the canteen unit of the Red Cross.

NAVY NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate Sept. 29, 1917.

PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS IN THE NAVY.

Lieut. Comdr. H. H. Royall: comdr., July 1, 1917.
Lieutenants to be lieutenant commanders July 1, 1917: I. G. Bogart, J. H. Collins, L. D. Cansey and S. A. Taffinder.
Lieutenants (junior grade) to be lieutenants June 5, 1917: H. V. McCabe and J. B. Oldendorf.
Ensign C. T. S. Gladden: lieut. (j.g.), June 6, 1917.
Med. Insp. L. L. von Wedekind: med. dir., July 1, 1917.
Surg. H. D. Wilson: med. inspr., July 20, 1914.
Surgeons to be medical inspectors May 25, 1917: E. Thompson and W. M. Garton.
Surgeons to be medical inspectors July 1, 1917: F. H. Furlong, G. L. Angeney, H. E. Odell, J. S. Taylor and J. A. Murphy.

P. A. Surg. G. L. Wickes: surg., Aug. 29, 1917.
P. A. Surg. W. N. McDonnell: surg., Jan. 11, 1917.
P. A. Surg. H. L. Brown: surg., March 20, 1917.
Assistant paymasters to be passed assistant paymasters from dates noted: A. H. Eddins, Aug. 22, 1915; J. J. Gaffney, Sept. 23, 1915; J. A. Byrne, March 15, 1916, and E. C. Edwards, Aug. 29, 1916.

Civil engineers, with rank of lieutenant commander, to be civil engineers, with rank of commander, from July 1, 1917: R. E. Bakenhus, E. R. Gayler and A. L. Parsons.
Lieutenants to be lieutenant commanders from July 1, 1917: J. H. Towers, I. C. Kidd and C. O. Hartigan.
Lieut. (j.g.) T. H. Winters: lieut., June 5, 1917.
Ensign H. P. Samson: lieut. (j.g.), June 6, 1917.
Mach. P. J. Solon: chief mach., Jan. 5, 1917.
Pharm. F. Fulton: chief pharm., Aug. 30, 1917.

Passed assistant surgeons to be surgeons from May 23, 1917: H. W. Smith, A. B. Clifford, E. A. Vickery, B. A. Warner, P. R. Stalnaker, E. O. Eyrings and C. B. Munger.
Passed assistant surgeons to be surgeons from July 1, 1917: F. H. Brooks, J. B. Mears, G. S. Hathaway, P. H. Sellers, E. H. H. Old, E. C. White, T. W. Reed and E. U. Reed.
Assistant surgeons to be passed assistant surgeons from April 10, 1917: C. R. Baker, C. O. Wilson and G. W. Calver.
Asst. Surg. J. T. Borden: p. a. surg., Sept. 30, 1916.
Assistant surgeons to be passed assistant surgeons from

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TEMPORARY PROMOTIONS IN THE NAVY.

Surg. J. T. Kennedy: med. inspr., temporary, Aug. 31, 1917.
Naval constructors, rank commander, to be naval constructors,

rank captain, temporary, from Aug. 31, 1917: R. M. Watt, J. D. Beuret, D. O. Nutting, Jr., W. P. Robert, T. G. Roberts, L. S. Adams and S. F. Smith.

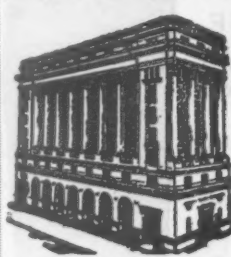
Naval constructors, rank lieutenant commander, to be naval constructors, rank commander, temporary, from Aug. 31, 1917: H. M. Gleason, W. McEntee, J. A. Spilman, J. A. Furer, S. M. Henry, L. B. McBride, J. W. Woodruff, C. M. Simmers, R. P. Schlabbach, J. L. Ackerson, R. D. Gatewood, I. I. Yates, G. C. Westervelt, W. B. Fogarty, C. W. Fisher, Jr., H. C. Richardson, J. H. Walsh, E. C. Hamner, Jr., and E. S. Land.

Lieutenants to be lieutenant commanders, temporary, from Aug. 31, 1917: L. B. Anderson, H. F. Emerson, R. C. Grady, A. S. Rees, H. M. Cooley, A. W. Fitch, F. F. Rogers, R. V. Lowe, H. Jones, E. A. Wolleson, R. W. Cabaniss, C. B. Mayo, H. B. Kelly, J. B. Rhodes, G. H. Bowdley, F. C. Starr, J. S. McCain, M. E. Manly, R. L. Walker, A. Sharp, Jr., W. C. I. Stiles, E. D. Washburn, Jr., W. E. Clark, J. B. Morrison, C. A. Bonvillian, G. K. Davis, W. B. Howe, H. F. Glover, G. L. Caskey, A. C. Read, R. T. Theobald, W. L. Beck, G. L. Schuyler, C. F. Russell, J. A. Monroe, F. N. Eklund, W. W. Bradley, Jr., R. A. Spruance, H. K. Hewitt, W. C. Barker, Jr., W. P. Beehler, A. A. Garcelon, Jr., J. W. W. Cumming, R. LeC. Stover, C. A. Dunn, J. J. Manning, R. R. Mann, C. C. Gill, A. T. Beauregard, R. S. Crenshaw, H. S. Babbitt, B. Bruce, R. Jacobs, R. S. Edwards, C. E. Robinson, R. C. Needham, I. H. Mayfield, L. H. Maxfield, A. W. Atkins, C. A. Jones, G. W. Kenyon, L. F. Kimball, H. M. Bemis, J. M. Schelling, W. O. Wallace, B. R. Ware, Jr., W. S. Farber, A. W. Brown, Jr., G. E. Baker, W. F. Newton, D. A. Scott, M. A. Libbey, E. F. Johnson, F. X. Gygas, G. E. Davis, L. M. Stevens, J. S. Evans, C. R. Clark, C. H. J. Keppeler, J. W. Lewis, C. G. Davy, H. T. Dyer, R. W. Matthews, D. E. Cummings, W. G. Child, W. H. Lee, W. P. Williamson, V. V. Woodward, R. T. S. Lowell, R. C. O. Clayton, J. H. Hoover, R. F. Frelsen, P. H. Hammond, H. Campbell, A. B. Farquhar, H. W. McCormack, E. D. McWhorter, B. E. Taylor, F. R. King, C. T. Osburn and A. D. Turnbull.

Officers (lieutenants, j.g., and ensigns) to be lieutenants for temporary service from Aug. 31, 1917: E. R. Morrissey, W. G. Greenman, H. J. Peirce, H. C. Frazer, J. A. Crutchfield, C. P. Mason, G. B. Whitehead, C. D. Edgar, W. S. Haas, D. W. C. Ramsey, R. E. Schuman, A. C. Ten Eyck, F. E. M. Whiting, J. K. Richards, Jr., S. G. Womble, P. S. Theiss, J. Wilbur, R. E. P. Elmer, G. S. Gillespie, H. V. La Bombard, E. H. McKitterick, L. R. Brown, L. N. Linsley, H. L. Abbott, E. L. Woodside, G. B. Davis, P. H. Dunbar, Jr., R. H. Wakeman, C. E. Hoard, C. N. Ingraham, A. v. S. Pickhardt, P. A. Stevens, G. W. Wolf, R. B. Daughtry, W. Seibert, R. H. Knight, H. L. White, N. C. Gillette, T. Shine, N. H. Geisenhoff, L. R. Gray, G. D. Hull, S. H. Geer, C. C. Todd, Jr., P. Canard, W. E. Henry, C. T. Hull, E. F. Zemeke, E. O'Keefe, H. V. Bryan, W. L. Ruble, J. Le V. Hill, R. H. Grayson, J. L. Hall, J. H. Strong, S. B. Robinson, H. H. Little, H. Harlow, T. S. Boyd, D. E. Barbey, J. J. Brown, C. K. Martin, H. P. Curley, J. P. Bowden, B. F. Poe, C. K. Osborne, I. C. Sowell, C. A. Lockwood, Jr., W. H. Burtis, H. Ertz, A. S. Merrill, C. S. Alden, C. F. Greene, G. Hulings, C. W. McNair, O. M. Forster, L. R. Ford, W. H. P. Blandy, J. C. Jones, Jr., H. E. Keisker, B. G. Leighton, R. J. Wilson, O. E. Moore, R. C. Van Valburg, T. M. Shuck, S. F. Bryant, K. R. R. Wallace, W. B. Jupp, W. I. Causey, Jr., F. L. Johnston, G. L. Greene, Jr., R. S. H. Venable, J. A. Brownell, R. Dudley, L. Wild, H. K. Fenn, J. E. Brenner, P. Hendren, H. M. Briggs, J. Y. Dreisonstok, J. M. Kates, T. G. Berrien, G. M. Tisdale, W. L. Wright, E. L. Vanderkloot, J. R. Palmer, H. C. Davis, T. B. Thompson, L. T. Du Bose, A. G. Robinson, F. W. Dillingham, H. B. Page, G. B. Junkin, J. McC. Miller, H. R. Gellert, L. E. Dowell, S. E. Pfaff, E. H. Quinlan, L. H. Lewis, S. N. Moore, S. E. Bray, A. S. Walton, A. W. Dunn, Jr., P. C. Ransom, J. A. Lee, H. A. Seiler, A. H. Donahue, J. D. Jones, W. Masek, E. S. McCawley, L. D. Pickering, A. L. Haas, F. B. Conger, Jr., L. B. Ard, J. H. Hoffman, R. D. Kirkpatrick, D. R. Lee, R. J. Valentine, A. Schulze, F. G. Kutz, N. Davis, C. H. Jones, C. B. Carey, C. F. Bryant, A. P. H. Tawressey, J. H. Buchanan, J. E. Redman, F. G. Percival, T. D. Ruddock, Jr., A. H. Addams, J. D. Black, W. H. Porter, Jr., R. H. Quinlan, W. E. Maloy, J. M. O'Leigh, E. W. Burrough, G. F. Neiley, B. B. Rulston, H. J. Ray, J. G. Moyer, B. F. Clark, A. N. Offley, R. L. Conolly, T. I. Nash, W. A. Teasley, A. E. Willis, H. L. Ingram, A. R. Early, V. A. Clarke, Jr., P. W. Yeatman, W. J. Hart, Jr., W. E. Doyle, K. E. Hintze, W. W. Meek, E. Davis, C. J. Parrish, P. P. Powell, H. H. Lingo, L. J. Roth, C. Withers, T. A. M. Craven, W. G. B. Hatch, S. S. Thurston, V. Wood, L. H. Thebaud, L. L. Babbitt, J. R. Webb, H. W. Pillsbury, W. Craven, J. B. Kimbucke, Jr., L. W. Clarke, M. Hudson, G. Hutchins, H. F. Floyd, R. Asserson, L. R. Agrell, J. H. Smith, H. P. Parmelee, F. Hindrolet, R. Martin, M. Case, W. W. Bayley, C. D. Fry, H. P. Samson, W. J. Larson, T. N. Vinson, H. A. Spanagel, F. L. Lowe, T. D. Westfall, Z. W. Wickes, A. G. Berry, Jr., G. B. Wilson, W. K. Harrill, A. H. Balesy, G. W. Dugger, Jr., C. D. Swain, A. H. Hooks, R. E. Perry, S. L. Wilson, C. E. Rosendahl, R. W. Hayler, T. W. Sterling, H. A. Ward, W. A. Corn, E. T. Short, J. B. W. Walker, R. L. Vaughan, T. J. Doyle, C. F. Martin, K. O. Christian, S. G. Moore, J. L. Vaiden and S. Riche.

Ensigns to be lieutenants (j.g.), temporary, from July 1, 1917: H. M. Mullinnix, R. E. Davison, R. S. Berkeley, G. F. Hussey, Jr., O. B. Hardison, R. S. Hitchcock, W. C. Sutherland, A. C. Miles, F. W. Wead, C. A. Krez, T. Ketcham, H. K. Lyle, S. E. Dudley, E. M. Major, P. R. Glutting, W. E. Borden, Jr., A. C. Geisenhoff, W. F. Boyer, W. A. Kitts, 3d, C. W. Hamill, C. H. Davis, E. E. Dugue, F. E. Balesy, G. W. Mackey, S. F. Kalk, G. H. Roper, A. J. Selman, M. O. Carlson, N. P. Earle, D. P. Moon, R. C. Bourne, T. J. Keliher, Jr., H. Schmidt, C. E. Braine, Jr., L. F. Safford, W. M. Fechteler, R. A. Awtrey, C. S. Baker, D. M. Carpenter, G. F. Bogan, L. S. Fiske, W. F. Loventhal, H. M. Horne, A. T. Emerson, G. C. Klein, B. G. Furey, B. J. Rodgers, J. A. Terhune, L. W. Bagby, L. K. Swenson, G. Morgan, G. F. Bunnell, T. A. Solberg, E. P. Starr, J. H. Carson, E. J. Caney, A. W. Radford, A. A. Vincent, B. R. Alexander, F. B. H. Craver, S. E. Earnhardt, J. E. Williams, W. M. Thompson, L. R. Vail, P. S. Goen, H. V. Baugh, A. De G. Mayer, C. G. Halpine, J. W. Watters, Jr., W. W. Webb, H. L. Phelps, A. W. Webb, J. E. Reinburg, C. J. Wheeler, J. A. Sternberg, S. P. Ginder, V. H. Ragsdale, R. J. Walker, H. L. Grosskopf, H. N. Fallon, M. Cole, H. J. White, G. W. Summers, F. D. Kirdland, A. D. Burhans, A. B. Root, P. W. Rutledge, A. M. Rhudy, C. T. Dugan, J. A. Scott, J. E. Miller, D. C. Woodward, A. C. Rogers, D. P. Price, J. B. Ryan, S. W. Kirtland, J. H. Lawson, R. E. Webb, C. T. Gilliam, T. V. Cooper, N. T. Lawrence, Jr., M. B. Stonestreet, R. H. Jones, L. Herndon, L. F. Brown, H. J. Grassie, I. Parker, C. E. Evans, G. D. Price, C. Craig, J. P. Compton, F. W. Connor, D. Wait, J. E. Ostrander, Jr., H. L. Maples, A. I. McKee, R. E. Dees, P. W. F. Huschke, C. W. Johnson, F. G. Fahrion, N. B. Rawlings, F. H. Dean, H. S. Klein, L. Wainwright, D. B. Duncan, G. F. Martin, B. F. Jenkins, E. L. Ericsson, R. R. Clinghorn, J. M. Bloom, J. L. Kenworthy, Jr., A. E. Schraer, W. R. Casey, A. E. Fraser, D. L. Ryan, A. H. Bateman, C. T. Joy, A. H. Moore, N. N. Gates, B. R. Holcombe, C. G. Berwind, W. L. Keady, T. T. Patterson, G. P. Brewster, H. B. Broadfoot, J. Wilkes, R. B. Twining, W. P. Bacon, W. W. Feineman, B. P. Flood, O. W. Erickson, H. C. Merwin, J. M. Steele, C. K. Blackburn, T. D. Warner, T. De W. Carr, C. P. Cecil, H. W. Zirolli, J. W. Simms, G. F. Chapline, W. J. Forrester, J. S. Roberts, N. Wynkoop, W. W. Scholtz, W. B. Cowles, S. G. Mayfield, Jr., E. F. Cochrane, G. C. Hoover, W. S. Carrington, R. K. Jones, H. J. Redfield, L. Cooper, A. C. McFall, H. S. Jones, R. N. Kennedy, C. H. Hilton, J. K. Davis, C. Young, K. McGinnis, G. G. Robertson, R. J. Miller, F. E. Haeblerle, E. E. Brady, Jr., G. W. McIver, Jr., H. R. Oster, C. Campbell, T. L. Schumacher, D. W. Che, A. Noble, I. N. Kiland, E. A. Mitchell, A. D. Douglas, H. N. Wallin, S. J. Wynne, E. E. Muschitz, J. L. Woodruff, D. C. Fox, S. P. Fullinwider, W. P. O. Clarke, J. K. Allen, S. R. Wooster, G. F. Howard, R. L. Randolph, Jr., T. M. Waldschmidt, A. P. Schneider, R. R. Org, H. B. Salada, G. R. Fairlamb, Jr., J. R. Cruise, R. F. Collins, P. P. Shortridge, J. J. Twomey, H. St. C. Sasse, C. F. Holden, K. Dunwoody, V. J. Moore, J. H. Conyne, F. W. Neilson, A. I. Price, B. K. Presnell, R. W. McReynolds, Jr., H. Avery, L. Doughty, Jr., H. E. Ely, Jr., R. U. Hyde, R. Wyman, G. C. Cummings, G. M. Keller, E. J. Moran, J. H. Keefe, F. W. Benson, V. F. Grant, F. T. Spellman, C. L. Hansen, B. H. Wyatt, W. F. Davis, W. O. Clark, G. A. Poindexter, R. W. Fleming, W. J. Murdock, K. Keller, E. E. Keating, J. H. Walton, E. G. Hanson, W. G. Ludlow, Jr., L. B. Aust, J. H. Jenkins, E. Topp, D. R. Evans, F. J. Hanafey, J. G. M. Stone, C. O. Ward, T. D. Ross, J. V. Murphy, P. H. Park, K. Floyd-Jones, W. H. Ball, S. Cook, C. N. Perkins, B. O. Wells, H. W. Jackson, R. B. Dashiell, J. O'D. Richmond, A. G. Shepard, L. F. Small, E. B. Caldwell, N. Vytalci, E. B. Rogers, C. L.

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Reserve officers to be ensigns, temporary, from Sept. 15, 1917: F. H. McAdoe, J. A. Burbank, C. E. Cobb, Jr., A. C. Maynard, R. L. Dodge, T. W. Mather, J. L. Day, R. L. Watrous, W. D. Faria, C. L. Nichols, J. S. Brayton, Jr., C. Wait, C. R. Westbrook, R. M. Curtis, G. T. Jarvis, 2d, A. O. Saxe, S. E. Raymond, E. R. Dick, Jr., H. M. Corae, A. W. Ford, W. L. Worsham, S. Dillon, F. A. Merrill, W. F. Kurfess,

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Pay clerks to be assistant paymasters, temporary, from Sept. 12, 1917: A. G. King, E. H. Littlefield, W. R. Parker, S. B. Caldwell, M. C. Hoff, B. H. White, E. R. Walter, E. K. Brooks, Jr., L. A. Dyckman, W. E. Morton, W. C. Colbert, F. G. Lackland, F. J. Farber, O. Tagliand, G. E. Lord, P. J. Hutchison, M. E. West, T. C. Edgington, S. Mitchell, M. A. Mackie, M. E. Throneson, H. S. Stubbs, C. B. Fuller, F. E. Herbert, W. R. Ryan, W. T. Cronin, N. E. Dishrow, F. C. Masters, O. M. Johnson, J. F. Fells, A. J. Marshall, W. E. Lund, J. Flynn, A. D. Turner, J. G. Stanton, W. E. Todd, A. S. Freedman, L. A. Klausner, J. O'Reilly, H. H. Reynolds, W. H. McKenna, W. A. Thomas, O. D. Foutch, E. W. Paynter, B. W. Jennings, H. H. Lowry, LeR. Moyer, E. R. McKenzie, W. J. Smith, B. Berkowitz, P. J. McCloskey, E. H. Gale, H. W. Johnson, M. T. Scanlan, J. B. Daniels, M. J. Dambacher, H. E. Stengle, R. C. Vasey, W. H. Abbey, H. C. Lassiter, W. C. Jahnke, H. P. Tichenor, M. J. Kirwan, A. P. M. Shock, J. H. E. Everette, C. W. White, J. H. Theis, H. W. Crider, P. J. Pen-

ner, W. D. Chace, J. E. Roberts, C. H. Jernigan, C. A. Mile, A. Riggan, B. A. Morrow and W. R. Lowther.

MARINE CORPS NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate Sept. 29, 1917.
PROMOTIONS IN MARINE CORPS.

Dates of rank, March 26, 1917.

Col. C. A. Doyen to be a brigadier general (subject to examination).

Capt. R. B. Putnam, assistant paymaster, to be an assistant paymaster, with rank of major.

Lieutenant colonels to be colonels: M. J. Shaw, W. N. McKelvy, J. H. Russell (exam.), L. J. Magill (A.A.I.), with rank of colonel.

Majors to be lieutenant colonels: F. M. Wise (exam.), W. J. Powell (asst. paymr., to rank col.), L. Feland, W. Hopkins (exam.), D. P. Hall, C. H. Lyman, C. C. Carpenter (exam.), L. McO. Little (exam.).

Captains to be majors: R. B. Putnam, E. P. Fortson, J. F. Dyer (exam.), J. J. Meade, R. B. Creech, D. B. Wills (asst. paymr., to rank major), P. D. Kilgore, W. P. Upshur, E. W. Banker (asst. q.m., to rank major), W. M. Small, E. L. Bigler, C. R. Sanderson (asst. q.m., to rank major), W. N. Hill.

First lieutenants to be captains: G. A. Stowell, H. L. Larsen, J. C. Foster, W. H. Rupertus, K. E. Rockey, E. T. Lloyd, A. H. Hurnall, G. W. Hamilton, D. H. Miley, M. H. Kingman, J. De Carro, C. S. Baker, J. F. S. Norris, A. Kingston, S. L. Howard, L. H. Miller, R. J. Mitchell, R. O. B. Burwell, L. R. de Roode, J. A. Minnis, DeW. Peck, A. F. Howard, R. R. Wright, R. M. Burstan, P. A. del Valle, O. E. O'Neill, W. H. Sitz, W. G. Hawthorne, O. R. Cauldwell, E. C. Fuller, A. W. Jacobsen, E. H. Jenkins, A. C. Dearing (exam.), J. L. Underhill and C. Murchison.

A. A. Gladden, of Maryland, to be a second lieutenant for probationary period of two years from Aug. 15, 1917.

TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS IN MARINE CORPS.

Captains to be majors in Marine Corps, temporary, from May 22, 1917: P. A. Barker, E. B. Cole, W. T. Hoadley, A. M. Watson, E. P. Moses, H. F. Wirgman, J. A. Russell, C. B. Vogel, E. H. Conger, H. N. Manney, Jr., F. B. Garrett, S. W. Bogan, C. B. Matthews, A. E. Randall, A. Racicot, F. A. Gardener, T. D. Barber, E. W. Sturdevant, A. B. Drum, V. I. Morrison, M. E. Shearer, H. G. Bartlett, C. A. Lutz, C. Ancrum, D. M. Randall, H. M. Smith, J. R. Henley, H. S. Green, R. L. Shepard, C. S. Baker, J. F. S. Norris, A. Kingston, S. L. Howard, L. H. Miller, R. J. Mitchell, R. O. B. Burwell, L. R. de Roode, J. A. Minnis, DeW. Peck, A. F. Howard, R. R. Wright, R. M. Burstan, P. A. del Valle, O. E. O'Neill, W. H. Sitz, W. G. Hawthorne, O. R. Cauldwell, E. C. Fuller, A. W. Jacobsen, E. H. Jenkins, A. C. Dearing (exam.), J. L. Underhill and C. Murchison.

Assistant quartermasters, rank of captain, to be asst. q.m., rank of major, temporary, from May 22, 1917: J. R. Horton, B. Puryear, Jr., and R. H. Davis.

First lieutenants to be captains, temporary, from May 23, 1917: R. S. Hunter, G. D. Miller, B. H. Clarke, P. T. Case, W. G. Sheard, C. A. Wynn, T. E. Watson, R. W. Peard, T. T. Taylor, H. Rosenzweig, P. Brown, C. A. Howell, J. D. Nevin, C. P. Gilchrist, L. L. Leach, G. C. Hamner, J. M. Bain, H. S. Fassett, K. I. Buse, J. R. Martin, G. Karow, J. H. Fugate, Jr., S. A. Woods, Jr., R. Griffin, H. C. Cooper, P. C. Geyer, Jr., J. E. Davis, J. T. Moore, W. C. Byrd, G. B. Reynolds, D. H. Owen, J. E. Brewster, N. Old, Jr., B. T. Cripps, L. W. Whaley, J. M. Arthur, J. E. Jeffords, J. M. Pearce, Jr., G. W. Watt, T. P. Cheatham, T. E. Bourke, W. C. James, D. E. Campbell, W. B. Black, M. G. Holmes, C. C. Gill, J. E. Betts, N. S. Hinman, G. P. Adams, W. Woodworth, J. W. Webb, J. M. Tildale, Le R. P. Hunt, L. E. Woods, E. R. Rhodes, H. K. Cochran, D. R. Fox, W. McN. Marshall, G. H. Scott, A. Galt, P. R. Cowley, A. W. Harrington, Jr., B. M. Coffenberg, E. F. C. Collier, E. O. Ames, S. M. Muckleston, W. H. Davis, R. N. Platt, W. E. Williams, W. W. Scott, Jr., F. A. Hart, G. F. Adams, G. W. Spotts, B. W. Muller, E. W. Skinner, J. J. Burke, W. LaF. Crabbe, H. E. Major, E. L. Morris, W. P. Richards, E. G. Hagan, T. B. Gale, T. F. Harris, C. M. Jones, L. L. Gover, W. Elmore, A. H. Turner and R. C. Swink.

First lieutenants to be captains, temporary, from June 3, 1917: L. L. Dye, L. W. Wright, R. B. Price, G. P. Doane, J. W. Mueller, J. F. McVey, J. T. Baugh, H. H. Rethman, W. J. Green, J. E. Reich, C. S. Schmidt, J. F. Burnes, C. Ubel, C. C. St. Clair, J. Waller, H. Halladay, E. L. Pelletier, O. Salzman, H. V. Shurtliff, F. G. Patchen, W. F. Beattie, E. F. Pierce, H. W. Gamble, L. G. Melville, E. P. McCauley, R. F. Slinguff, R. Arnett, F. C. Cushing, C. L. Eickmann, T. Quigley, P. W. Guilfoyle, F. Z. Becker, N. E. Landon, E. L. Mullahy, R. H. Shiel, J. J. Mahoney, A. J. Phillips, J. Jacobowitz, J. McCoy, A. B. Hale, W. E. McCaughtry, W. O. Corbin, T. J. Curtis, J. P. McCann and M. A. Willard.

First lieutenants to be captains, temporary, from June 16, 1917: H. A. Ellsworth, C. B. Hobbs, W. C. Barnaby, M. C. Gregory, J. T. Allen, G. F. Bloedel, J. Strong, W. A. McGinley, T. Dwight, J. J. Haley, W. Wooding, F. D. Creamer, W. Mills, R. E. Williams, H. E. Horner, R. W. Maxwell, W. F. Thalheimer, T. F. Carney, B. F. Fogz, H. Cobb, C. Dunbeck, T. F. Joyce, C. Grimm, W. F. Brown, J. W. Lattin, H. A. Riekers, A. T. Lewis, E. McEvoy and C. D. Meginness.

First lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from May 23, 1917, to correct dates of present rank: A. H. Turner and R. C. Swink.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from June 2, 1917: L. L. Dye, L. W. Wright, R. B. Price, G. P. Doane, J. W. Mueller, J. F. McVey, J. T. Baugh, H. H. Rethman, W. J. Green, J. E. Reich, C. S. Schmidt, J. F. Burnes, C. Ubel, C. C. St. Clair, J. Waller, H. Halladay, E. L. Pelletier, O. Salzman, H. V. Shurtliff, F. G. Patchen, W. F. Beattie, E. F. Pierce, H. W. Gamble, L. G. Melville, E. P. McCauley, R. F. Slinguff, R. Arnett, F. C. Cushing, C. L. Eickmann, T. Quigley, P. W. Guilfoyle, F. Z. Becker, N. E. Landon, E. L. Mullahy, R. H. Shiel, J. J. Mahoney, A. J. Phillips, J. Jacobowitz, J. McCoy, A. B. Hale, W. E. McCaughtry, W. O. Corbin, T. J. Curtis, J. P. McCann and M. A. Willard.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from June 15, 1917: H. A. Ellsworth, C. B. Hobbs, W. C. Barnaby, M. C. Gregory, J. T. Allen, G. F. Bloedel, J. Strong, W. A. McGinley, T. Dwight, J. J. Haley, W. Wooding, F. D. Creamer, W. Mills, R. E. Williams, H. E. Horner, R. W. Maxwell, W. F. Thalheimer, T. F. Carney, B. F. Fogz, H. Cobb, C. Dunbeck, T. F. Joyce, C. Grimm, W. F. Brown, J. W. Lattin, H. A. Riekers, A. T. Lewis, E. McEvoy, C. D. Meginness, J. Keeley, E. B. Mims, W. H. Stevens, H. Baptist, F. Fisk, R. W. Williams, P. Conachy, C. E. Mills, W. G. Gunn, J. Blanchfield, C. E. Clark and A. J. Stout.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from June 30, 1917: J. T. Wright, A. E. Creech, A. H. Page, Jr., D. Curtis, J. L. Perkins and S. J. Bartlett.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from July 25, 1917: C. N. McClure, M. Kenney, E. H. W. Holt, B. G. Brostrom, K. Green, A. Wilson, F. Luaders, C. Hansen, C. S. Beale, R. F. Dirksen, W. J. Eddington, Jr., F. Whitehead, J. P. Smith, F. E. Verner, N. M. Shaw, J. Watson, A. E. LeBlanc, O. A. Dow, J. P. Harris, W. Borghart, J. F. Duffy, W. R. Perry, W. J. Holloway, B. Pearson, H. H. Couvrette, H. Stone, H. T. Rodenhoffer, P. Patterson, C. G. Knoechel, C. F. Merket, E. S. Evans, J. A. McDonald, R. W. Jeter, A. J. Grimes, C. H. Medary, R. W. Howell, R. W. Putnam, S. F. Drew, C. F. Finger, W. S. Robinson, E. G. Huefe, J. Kearns, J. H. McGan, J. E. Snow, H. L. Jones, H. O. Martin, R. J. Woodrich, H. Paul, W. Workman, A. J. Daigler, J. W. Hingle, A. Aiken, A. G. Rome, W. Merrill, J. Jackson, C. C. Snyder, W. J. Borden, E. C. Nicholas, F. F. Zissa, M. J. Kelleher, M. Canavan, J. M. Swinerton, L. G. Wayt, C. A. Smith, R. W. Winter, E. P. Oliver, C. O. Thompson, M. Cox, W. H. Haggerty, W. J. White, E. S. Tuttle, T. L. Edwards, C. M. Lott, J. Reardon, R. A. Presley, W. L. Erdman, E. L. Russell, F. N. Gilmore, W. J. Flanagan, J. F. Robertson, W. F. Becker, C. H. Martin, R. A. York, C. F. Kienast, H. B. Mims and E. B. Hammond.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from July 28, 1917: C. G. Haas and C. E. Rice.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from Aug. 1, 1917: M. A. Smith, T. J. Holland, V. E. Healy, C. D. Sniffen, W. A. Powers, W. H. Abrams, E. G. Chamberlain, C. E. Nelson, G. H. Martin, Jr., B. DeW. Knapp, R. J. Archibald and G. D. Jackson, Jr.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from Aug. 7, 1917: P. D. Cornell, N. Best, A. A. Acree, W. A. Worton, J. H. Platt, J. F. Rorke, C. McK. Krause, A. V. Parker, J. F. Horn, R. W. Davidson, G. E. Hayes, E. L. Riesner, R. L. Duane, L. B. Coovert, R. A. Kennedy, J. F.

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Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from Aug. 11, 1917: K. E. Schwinn, D. E. Root, M. B. Curtis, C. T. Brooks, J. L. Denham, H. Hardy, R. B. Buchanan, B. E. Arent, W. H. McCormick, D. R. Kiduff, J. A. Connor, E. W. Jacobsen, H. McFarland, W. D. Shelly, B. A. Bone, C. B. Maryland, C. F. Dietz, O. P. Smith, H. Shippey, J. G. Ward, B. Barthe, S. R. Vandenberg, R. C. Thaxton, J. D. McLean, T. S. Whiting, R. Blake, H. D. Linscott, J. G. E. Kipp, W. T. Clement, R. E. West, E. D. Howard, A. H. Noble, K. E. Kinyon, H. Peffer, F. D. Strong, L. Passmore, L. W. Bartol, D. Kenyon, C. O. Henry, J. Selton, J. T. Smith, H. R. Mason, H. P. Mason, C. S. Wallace, G. B. Lockhart, J. D. Macklin, J. S. Hart, O. T. Pfeiffer, B. S. Pendleton, D. B. Milner, R. A. Parcel, D. A. Holladay, P. P. Snow, S. W. Freeny, J. C. Cogswell, W. H. Harrison, C. H. Brown, F. W. Clarke, Jr., E. P. Norwood, E. R. Brecher, T. T. McEvoy, W. H. Price, L. G. Merritt and H. C. Savage, Jr.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants, temporary, from Aug. 16, 1917: J. Frost, G. F. Smithson, J. F. Adams, H. E. Chandler, O. E. Barrie, E. E. Eller, H. D. Shannon, R. M. Johnson, L. R. Jones, R. J. Bartholomew, B. B. MacArthur, C. A. Larkin, M. C. Overton, E. Mehlman, W. B. Crooks, L. R. Long, G. D. Hatfield, A. R. Shinkle, B. Gootes, Jr., G. H. Morse, Jr., M. C. Ducote, W. W. Walker, L. B. Freeman, L. W. Burnham, W. K. Snyder, S. Ladd, R. M. Montague, A. C. Cramp, J. T. Yarrowborough and J. A. Willis, Jr.

ARMY NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate Sept. 29, 1917.

APPOINTMENT IN THE NATIONAL ARMY.

GENERAL OFFICER.

To be brigadier general, with rank from Aug. 5, 1917.

Brig. Gen. Randolph A. Richards, Wis. N.G.

Note.—Above officer was nominated under name Randolph W. Richards on Aug. 15, 1917, and confirmed Aug. 20, 1917.

This is submitted for purpose of correcting error in name of nominee.

TEMPORARY PROMOTION IN THE ARMY.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Major George R. Pillsbury, C.E., to be lieutenant colonel from July 14, 1917, vice Burgess, appointed colonel of Engineers in National Army.

This is submitted for purpose of correcting error in date of rank of nominee. He was nominated Aug. 10, and confirmed Aug. 20, 1917.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS BY PROMOTION.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

First lieutenants to be captains, dates of rank as noted, vice officers promoted.

June 3—M. D. H. Kolyn, v. Ehrnbeck.
June 4—W. P. Burn, v. Hetrick; D. L. Neuman, v. Downing.
June 5—L. R. Lohr, v. Loving; T. M. Curry, Jr., v. Downing; F. M. S. Johnson, v. Daley; S. T. Hoyt, v. Finch; C. M. Fuller,

v. Ardery; H. A. Skerry, v. Steese; J. F. McSweeney, v. Alexander; G. B. La Guardia, v. O'Connor; F. C. Albert, v. Watkins; D. R. Cather, v. Humphrey; S. E. Nortner, v. Park; J. R. Donaldson, v. Sultan; J. G. Guiteras, v. Edgerton. July 13—G. D. Fish, v. Hall.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENT, FIRST LIEUTENANTS, BY TRANSFER.

FIELD ARTILLERY ARM.

S. Marshall, Inf., to Field Artillery June 14, 1917.

CAVALRY ARM.

J. G. Goodlett, Inf., to Cavalry June 16, 1917.

INFANTRY ARM.

M. A. Lowenberg, Cav., to Infantry June 16, 1917.

R. N. Getty, Jr., Field Art., to Infantry June 14, 1917.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENT IN THE ARMY.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

S. Medine, New York, to be second lieut., original vacancy.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY.

CHAPLAINS.

To be chaplains, with rank of first lieutenant, to fill original vacancies, dates in 1917.

Revs. J. T. Kendall, Wis., Sept. 12; J. W. Daily, D.C., Sept. 12; J. A. Manley, N.C., Sept. 13; E. T. Reilly, N.Y., Sept. 13; E. W. Weber, N.Y., Sept. 19; G. F. Rixey, Mo., Sept. 7; H. V. Darley, Colo., Sept. 7; J. L. Tierney, N.Y., Sept. 8.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY.

MEDICAL CORPS.

First Lieut. N. F. Curtis, M.R.C., to be first lieutenant in the Medical Corps from July 11, 1917, to fill an original vacancy.

DENTAL CORPS.

To be dental surgeons, with rank from Sept. 17, 1917.

W. D. Vail, Mo.; R. K. Thompson, D.C.; L. S. Harlan, Ind.; N. J. McCollum, Ill.; C. J. Gaynor, Mo.; W. A. Rose, Ohio; M. R. Eiche, Wis.; G. Krakow, Ill.; E. A. Smith, Md.; J. L. Frische, Minn.; C. J. Wright, Mich.; M. A. Price, Minn.; W. H. Hoblitzell, Ohio; F. M. Tench, N.Y.; A. E. Anthony, Md.; W. J. R. Akeroyd, Ohio; F. D. Rhodes, Mo.; W. B. Caldwell, Ohio; L. W. Maly, Utah; A. T. Burchill, Pa.; G. Johns, Texas; R. H. Fisher, Ga.; F. W. Herms, Cal.; H. J. Parker, N.Y.; L. D. Baskin, S.C.; C. W. Hallam, D.C.; J. E. Dean, Okla.; H. L. Hogan, Ky.; J. C. Campbell, Ore.; L. S. Wilson, Ore.; B. H. Dean, Ky.; D. S. Gray, Mo.; W. B. Stewart, Mo.; J. L. Bishof, Ill.; C. H. Brummell, Mo.; J. A. Rowe, Nev.; W. T. Williams, Ky.; H. O. Lindsey, La.; A. D. Danheiser, Ala.; J. B. Conner, Ky.; R. L. Strickland, Conn.; R. R. Newman, Md.; B. L. Smith, Mo.; A. G. Holmes, N.C.; R. R. Kennebeck, Iowa; A. M. Smith, Jr., Tenn.; H. R. Finley, Cal.; C. R. Hays, Ohio; R. C. Starr, Pa.; H. S. Embree, Cal.; C. L. Andrews, Kas.; B. S. Purviance, Cal.; J. L. Boyd, La.; J. L. Rahm, Ky.; C. R. Jacobson, Minn.; N. M. Mackenzie, Cal.; R. P. Thompson, Mo.; H. H. Collins, Wash.; W. A. Moore, Kas.; A. C. Ragan, Mo.

PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMY.

[All dates of rank are in 1917.]

MEDICAL CORPS.

Lieut. Col. H. S. Greenleaf, col., Sept. 11, exam., v. Bushnell.

Major E. G. Bingham, lieut. col., Aug. 11, v. Ragan.

Major J. D. Heysinger, lieut. col., Aug. 17, exam., v. C. C. Billingslea, who died Aug. 16, 1917.

Major L. L. Smith, lieut. col., Sept. 11, v. Greenleaf.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Capt. G. R. Goethals, major, Aug. 22, v. Grant.

Capt. J. W. N. Schulz, major, Sept. 2, v. Robert.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Lieut. Col. H. M. Lord, col., Sept. 9, exam., v. Goodman.

Major T. B. Hacker, lieut. col., Sept. 9, exam., v. Lord.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

Lieut. Col. S. A. Kephart, col., Aug. 22, v. Ketcham.

Majors to be lieut. cols.: M. G. Spinks, July 9, v. Carmichael; J. C. Johnson, Aug. 22, v. Kephart; R. E. Wyllie, Aug. 22, v. Johnson; W. Fors, Aug. 22, v. Wyllie.

Captains to be majors: G. T. Perkins, July 9, v. Spinks; J. B. Murphy, July 17, v. Mitchell; J. A. Moore, July 17, v. Zellars; F. B. Edwards, July 18, v. Carpenter; H. C. Merriam, July 24, v. Morgan; H. W. McCauley, July 24, v. Stopford; R. W. Collins, July 24, v. Merriam.

First Lieut. W. O. Foote, capt., July 9, 1917, v. Perkins.

This is submitted for purpose of correcting errors in dates of rank and succession of nominees. The officers named herein were nominated Aug. 6, 1917, and confirmed Aug. 20, 1917.

Captains to be majors, C.A.C., from dates in 1917 noted.

July 24—W. A. Covington, v. J. S. Johnson.

July 25—E. G. Abbott, v. Glasgow; E. M. English, v. Merriam; A. Hasbrouck, v. Wilbur; J. M. Dunn, v. McMillan; T. H. Koch, v. Moore; J. L. Long, v. Monroe.

Aug. 13—R. M. Mitchell, v. Ralston.

Aug. 20—F. L. Dengler, v. Chappelas.

First lieutenants to be captains, C.A.C., from dates in 1917 noted, vice officers transferred or detailed.

July 24—C. L. Kilburn, v. Harris; R. D. Brown, v. McDonald; E. O. Halbert, v. Kennedy; H. L. King, v. Miles.

July 25—A. M. Prentiss, v. Lomax; R. A. Osmun, v. Prentiss; L. E. Moreton, v. Berry; L. R. L. Stuart, v. Burt; J. A. Brooks, v. Stanton; A. R. Rockwood, v. Furnival; F. L. Hoskins, v. Lockwood; J. H. Joubert, v. De Sombre; J. D. McCain, v. Joubert; J. Villard, v. Taylor; R. H. Hannum, v. Barkley; H. F. Loomis, v. Currier; L. Stanford, v. Brown; J. C. Waddell, v. Stanford; R. B. Paddock, v. Stuart; C. C. Griffith, v. Paddock; J. B. Haskell, v. Pierce; J. P. Hogan, v. Frank; G. Packard, v. Keene; G. P. Anderson, v. Kimberly; A. E. Potts, v. Gorham; H. S. Aundand, v. Cooper; H. E. Small, v. Walker; H. B. Saylor, v. Loughry.

July 26—A. H. Varren, v. Corbin.

July 27—J. E. Kahle, v. McNeill.

July 28—R. Melberg, v. Sloan.

July 30—C. B. Lindner, v. Ryan.

Aug. 4—J. H. Cochran, v. Pfeil; L. W. Series, v. Geiger.

Aug. 7—J. K. Meneely, v. Richardson; J. J. Teter, v. Steese.

CAVALRY ARM.

Captains to be majors: J. A. Baer, Aug. 15, v. Sills; C. F. Martin, Aug. 18, v. Lott; W. V. Morris, Aug. 24, v. Babcock.

First lieutenants to be captains: J. M. Tully, Aug. 14, v. Roscoe; P. H. Hemphill, Aug. 15, v. Baer; H. Mitchell, Aug. 22, v. Sheridan; R. Le G. Walsh, Aug. 24, subject to exam., v. Morris.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants from dates in 1917 noted.

Aug. 9—V. M. Shell, v. Cullum; E. L. Abeles, v. Peabody; J. C. Longtin, v. Hayes; W. F. Fride, v. Krayenbuhl; E. P. H. Gempel, v. Donaldson.

Aug. 14—C. B. Swent, v. Tully.

Aug. 15—J. M. Sanderson, v. Hemphill.

Aug. 22—C. W. Walton, v. Mitchell.

Aug. 24—J. V. McConville, v. Walsh.

INFANTRY ARM.

Lieut. Col. R. Alexander, col., Aug. 28, v. Hirst.

Major A. H. Martin, lieut. col., July 29, v. Burkhardt.

Major C. F. Crain, lieut. col., Aug. 6, v. Ely.

Captains of Infantry to be majors from Aug. 3, 1917.

F. H. Burton, v. Rucker; G. B. Sharon, exam., v. Burton; A. E. R. Christie, v. Sharon; G. H. White, v. Martin; H. Pendleton, Jr., v. Arrasmith; W. G. Fleischhauer, v. Pendleton; H. G. Davis, v. Fleischhauer; E. V. D. Murphy, v. Wheeler; H. Qlin, v. Leonard; G. Goedecke, exam., v. Shaffer; A. W. Foreman, exam., v. Curtis; W. S. Mapes, exam., v. Jordan; S. A. Price, v. Gibson; F. E. Smith, v. Huguet; P. L. Smith, v. Sheldon; H. L. Cooper, v. Smith; W. S. Sinclair, v. Taylor; R. Smith, v. Halstead; C. L. Willard, v. Knight; R. H. Sillman, v. Willard; R. B. Clark, v. Harris;

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A. P. Watts, v. Clark; T. B. Seigle, v. Macnab; W. A. Carleton, exam., v. Parrott; L. W. Caffry, v. Carleton; W. S. Faulkner, v. Catlin; E. H. Agnew, exam., v. Knabenshue; R. O. Ragsdale, v. Cummins; A. A. Parker, v. McCook; C. M. Gordon, Jr., v. Price; F. Van S. Chamberlin, v. Pond; W. N. Hughes, Jr., v. Cooke; S. Bonaffon, v. Hughes; R. C. Humber, v. Powers; J. C. Brady, v. Humber.
Aug. 6—J. H. Page, Jr., v. Crain.
Aug. 20—P. Hitt, v. Conley.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS, BY PROMOTION.

INFANTRY ARM.

Second Lieut. N. Szilagyi: first lieut., June 14, 1917, original vacancy.

CAVALRY ARM.

Second Lieut. J. D. B. Lattin: first lieut., Nov. 26, 1916, existing vacancy. This is submitted for purpose of correcting error in date of rank of nominee. He was nominated April 19, 1917, and confirmed May 19, 1917.

PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY.

CAVALRY ARM.

Corpl. J. R. Evans, Co. D, 2d Tel. Batln., Sig. Corps, to be second lieutenant of Cavalry, rank Sept. 20, 1917.

INFANTRY ARM.

Corpl. M. W. Paxton, Co. G, 36th Inf., to be second lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

U. Stephens, of Texas, to be second lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy.

ARMY CONFIRMATIONS.

Nominations confirmed by the Senate Sept. 29, 1917.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE ARMY.

Cadets to be second lieutenants, with rank from Aug. 30, 1917.

[The Military Academy graduating class of Aug. 30, 1917.]

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Herman Henry Pohl, Thomas Dodson Stamps, Gerald Alfrod Counts, Bartley Marcus Harloe, Hiram Baldwin Ely, Starr Clifton Wardrop, Kenneth Mason Moore, Girard Blakeley Troland, Charles Dashiell Harris, Llewellyn Mason Griffith, Edmond Harrison Levy.

CAVALRY ARM.

Grayson Cooper Woodbury, Frank Leslie Carr, Duncan Gregor McGregor, Frank Edmund Bertholet, Thomas Jackson Heavey, Marion Carson, Wallace Francis Safford, Rossiter Hunt Garity, Joshua Ashley Stansell, Frank Charles Jedlicka, Raymond E. S. Williamson, Leo Buffington Conner, David Chas. George Schlenker, John Boersig Saunders, Harry Tremaine Wood, Arthur Burnola Curtis, Earl Frank Knob, Desmond O'Keefe, Robert Earl Symmonds, Hal Marney Rose, John Richard Wilmot Diehl, Frederick John Durrschmidt, Rudolf Daniel Delehanty, Milton Wickers Davis, Wm. Henry Whiting Reinburg, John Bellinger Bellinger, Jr., Elmer Hugo Alquist.

FIELD ARTILLERY ARM.

Thurston Elmer Wood, Theodore Leslie Futch, John Michael Johnson, Russell Luff Meredith, William Oliver Reader, William Innes Wilson, William Karl Kolb, Harold Allum Conney, William Robert Gerhardt, John Thornton Knight, Jr., Theodore Earl Buechler, Miles Andrew Cowles, Frederick Edwin Tibbetts, Jr., Lawrence McConney Jones, Samuel Durand Ringsdorf, Gordon Graham Heiner, Jr., Redmond Francis Kernan, Jr., Edward Joseph Wolf, Jr.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

Dean Ingersoll Piper, Willard Merrill Hall, Otto Max Jenk, Tracy Campbell Dickson, Jr., Herman Uth Wagner, Robert Wilson Hasbrouck, Philip Stevens Day, Howard Patterson Faust, George Walter Hirsch, John Taylor de Camp, Forrest Clifford Shaffer, Wallace Duncan Collins, William Riley Deebler, Jr., Sargent Prentiss Huff, Frank Fenton Reed, William Henry Donaldson, Jr., John Will Coffey, Henry Maria Black, Frank Celestine Meade, Willard David Murphy, Lawrence Dwight Palmer, Council Bryan Palmer, Everett Thurston Brown, John Claron Hawkins, Clyde Hobart Morgenthaler.

INFANTRY ARM.

Joseph Isadore Cohen, William Wallace Jenna, Henry Anson Barber, Jr., William Richard Fleming, Robert Alston Willard, Paul Wallace Cole, John Marcus Erwin, Francis Porter Simpson, William Beggs Carswell, Jr., Harry Cooper Barnes, Jr., Wilson Gunning Bingham, Robert John Hoffman, Charles Cope Bartley, Clara Wallace Woodward, Robert MacDonald Graham, John Stevenson Mallory, Rudolph Francis Whitelegg, Frederick Dent Sharp, Loyd Van Horne Durfee, William Sydney Barrett, John Henry Norton, Paul Ryan Goode, William Winchester Pace, Harry Niles Rising, John Ter Bush Bissell, Josephus Benjamin Wilson, Charles Aloysius Mahoney, Henry Cornelius Demuth, George Senseny Eyster, Lowell Meeker Riley, Henry Richard Anderson, Edwin Clark Maling, William McCaskey Chapman, George Draper Watts, Kenneth Paul Murray, Emil Krause, Roger Walton Stambidge, Robert Lynn Bacon, Norman McNeill, Walker Gibson White, Glen Henry Anderson, Earle Everett Sarcka, Bryant Edward Moore, Edwin Jacob House, Leo Vincent Warner, Arthur Charles Purvis, Howard Alston Deas, James Jackson Hoa, Henry William Robrink, Edgar Bruce Mooman, Onslow Sherburne Rolfe, Frank Sidney Long, Louis Armistead Freeman, Carlisle Britannia Wilson, Henry Perkins Gantt, William Edward Whittington, Jesse Brooke Matlack, Harold Lewis Milan, Julius Earl Schaefer, Robert Amedee Bringham, Theodore Desmond Schmidt, Horace Harding, Parry Weaver Lewis, Earle Adams Billings, Edward Wrenne Timberlake, Royal Harry Place, Vincent Nicholas Taylor.

FIELD ART. PROMOTIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS.

The promotion and assignment to regiments of the following officers of Field Artillery are announced in S.O. 224, Sept. 26, War D.:

Lieutenant colonel to be colonel.

June 22, 1917: R. H. McMaster, Field Art.

Captains to be majors; new assignment not announced.

May 15, 1917: N. B. Rehkopf, F.A. D.O.L.; M. W. Howze, 7th F.A.; H. S. Kilbourne, Jr., 10th; L. J. McNair, 4th; G. R. Allin, F.A., D.O.L.; J. R. Kelly, 4th.
June 4, 1917: P. D. Glassford, 5th.

First lieutenants to be captains, old and new assignments same, except Bradburn.

May 15: W. Spence, 18th; J. W. Rafferty, 8th; R. B. McBride, Jr., 2d; P. V. Kane, 13th; W. H. Cureton, 18th.
May 19: F. B. Prickett, 13th; R. P. Shugg, 19th; C. Krayenbuhl, 4th; C. E. Bradburn, 8th, to 7th.

The officers assigned to regiments will join regiments to which assigned unless subject to other orders.

CAVALRY PROMOTIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS.

Par. 1, S.O. 223, Sept. 25, War D., issued this week, announces promotions and assignments of officers of the Cavalry arm. We give in the following lists present assignment or detail, which is not changed by the order except in two cases noted—where former and new assignments are given separated by a dash. The numbers are those of Cavalry regiments.

Captain to be major.

From May 15, 1917: G. V. Heidt, U.S.A., retired.

First lieutenant to be captain.

From Sept. 1, 1914: E. S. West, U.S.A., retired.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants.

From June 16: R. T. George, 6th; T. C. McCormick, 24th; E. A. Franklin, 21st; R. D. Thompson, Jr., 23d; J. E. Maher, 18th; J. E. Selby, 16th; A. L. Marek, 22d—5th; H. E. Watkins, 11th; R. L. Newton, 17th; W. R. Irvin, 14th; A. L. Baylies, 3d; L. H. Collins, 7th; R. B. Skinner, 25th; C. A. Wilkinson, 9th; J. A. Hittinger, 18th; G. A. Goodyear, 8th; P. H. Morris, 6th; F. E. S. Turner, 22d; G. D. Thompson, 17th; G. A. Parsons, 20th.
July 13: M. R. Rice, 21st.

Aug. 7: P. C. Clayton, 23d; H. E. Kloepper, 21st; E. A. Everitt, Jr., 18th; H. A. Myers, 14th; N. N. Rogers, 13th;

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T. E. Ridgely, 21st; H. W. Maas, 24th; P. T. Cox, 19th;
 F. H. Bouche, 17th; W. H. Sweet, 22d; L. Cansler, 5th;
 W. Van D. Ochs, 8th; R. N. Mather, Cav.—16th; L. L. Elias,
 1st; O. G. Fowler, 4th; H. Foster, 13th; A. C. Strecker, 6th;
 D. Hughes, Jr., 22d; W. R. Stickman, 7th; L. W. Biggs, 14th;
 W. C. Bart, 6th; H. L. Sommerhauser, 11th; H. E. Dickinson,
 16th; A. B. C. Smith, 2d; R. S. Ramey, 20th; C. T. Colt, 8th.

Aug. 8: R. M. Herrington, 18th; C. B. Malone, Jr., 25th;
 J. B. Taylor, 2d; R. A. Burditt, 19th; R. H. Ballard, 12th;
 J. D. Hungerford, 10th; J. C. Short, 20th; A. D. Edmunds,
 3d; F. J. Simons, 1st; L. W. Wyant, 13th; T. L. Sogard, 3d;
 J. C. Howard, 23d; C. J. Hancock, 24th; J. T. Duke, 10th;
 H. F. Plummer, 17th; T. W. Ligon, 5th; E. H. Brooks, 18th;
 W. B. Augur, 17th; W. B. Bradford, 16th.

Aug. 9: G. Laguardia, 11th; T. M. Hagar, 3d; W. Shafroth,
 14th; W. D. Savage, 5th; R. R. Lytle, Jr., 20th; H. C. Gilbert,
 1st; H. E. Atwood, 10th; J. C. Taliaferro, 25th; M. W. Tucker, 12th.

The officers named herein who are not subject to other orders will join regiments to which assigned.

THE ARMY.

(Continued from pages 200-203.)

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. T. H. BLISS, CHIEF OF STAFF.

The retirement of Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, U.S.A., from active service on Sept. 22, 1917, is announced. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The sick leave granted Lieut. Col. F. E. Lacey, Jr., G.S.C., is extended one month. (Sept. 7, H.D.)

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN, I.G.

Col. T. Q. Donaldson, I.G., from Governors Island, N.Y., to Washington for duty with I.G. (Sept. 25, War D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. H. G. SHARPE, Q.M.G.

Major J. S. Fair, Q.M.C., to Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.; Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.; Camp Taylor, Louisville,

Ky., and Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, in connection with the establishment of auxiliary remount depots at those camps, and upon the completion of the duty enjoined will return to his proper station. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Capt. P. D. Bunker, Q.M.C., to New Orleans, La., and assume charge of office of Q.M.C. in that city and also of all construction work at Jackson Barracks and Fort St. Philip, La., relieving Major J. Stafford, retired, who will proceed to his home. (Sept. 22, War D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. W. C. GORGAS, S.G.

Lieut. Col. R. B. Grubbs, M.C., to duty at Walter Reed Hospital, D.C.; Lieut. Col. N. Gopen, M.C., to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Par. 55, S.O. 199, Aug. 27, 1917, War D., is amended so as to assign Major T. D. Woodson, M.C., to permanent duty in office of Surgeon General. (Sept. 22, War D.)

DENTAL CORPS.

Capt. J. R. Bernheim, D.C., to duty at Washington. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. M. Newton, D.C., to 29th Division for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

SANITARY CORPS.

First Lieut. G. O. Ferguson, Jr., San. Corps, to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

First Lieut. C. H. Chilson, S.C., to Mineola, Long Island, N.Y., for duty. (Sept. 25, War D.)

AVIATION SECTION.

Lieutenant colonels of Av. Sec., S.C., to duty as follows: M. C. Bristol to Washington, D.C.; L. C. Brown and G. Van S. Quackenbush to aviation station, San Antonio, Texas; V. LaS. Rockwell to Mineola, N.Y.; W. N. Bomford to aviation station, Fairfield, Ohio; J. E. Fecht to Belleville, Ill.; F. M. Jones to Rantoul, Ill., aviation station; H. W. Gregg to aviation station, Mount Clemens, Mich. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.C., to duty as follows: Major R. B. Lincoln to Fairfield, Ohio; Major V. N. Whitely to aviation station, San Diego, Cal.; Major C. Hartwell to Aviation School, San Diego, Cal.; Major A. W. Robins to Belleville, Ill.; 1st Lieut. E. R. Theiss to Mineola, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. H. P. Schively to San Antonio, Texas. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Captains of Av. Sec., S.C., to San Antonio for duty: J. M. White, V. L. Burge, C. H. Maranville, D. J. Neumuller, H. V. Hand, E. K. Jones, L. B. Chambers and R. McCoy. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.C., to duty as follows: Lieut. Col. I. F. Fravel and Majors H. B. Claggett and J. H. Rudolph by first available transportation to United States; Lieutenant Colonel Fravel to Fort Omaha, Neb., Army Balloon School, and Majors Claggett and Rudolph to San Antonio, Texas. Major E. E. McCammon to Middletown, Pa.; Major F. T. Dickman to aviation station, Richmond, Va.; Major H. A. Dargatzis to Fort Sill, Okla., School for Aerial Observers. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Col. W. D. Chitty, Av. Sec., S.C., to aviation station, San Antonio, Texas, for duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Majors of Av. Sec., S.C., to San Antonio, Texas, for duty: J. J. Mudgett, D. H. Crissy, B. F. Castle, C. H. White, B. K. Yount, F. M. Andrews, L. H. Drennan, A. E. Wilbourn and R. C. Kirtland. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Officers assigned to temporary duty with Av. Sec., S.C., School of Aerial Observation, Fort Sill: 1st Lieut. A. R. Hanlett, A. F. Herold, P. A. Henderson, L. C. Hammond, H. T. Douglass and S. S. Barrows, Inf. R.C.; 1st Lieut. J. H. Gray, F.A.R.C., and W. E. Heft, N.A.; 2d Lieut. H. N. Wolff and L. A. Gunderson, Inf. R.C. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.C., to Washington for temporary duty in office of C.S.O.: Majors E. Z. Steever, 3d, H. T. Bull, G. B. Hunter, G. E. Nelson, W. L. Moore, Jr., G. R. Robertson, F. L. Van Horn, W. F. Pearson, D. M. Cheston, H. H. McGee, G. R. Harrison, T. H. Catron, A. L. Sneed. (Sept. 25, War D.)

The personnel of the U.S. Army Aviation School, Kelly Field, South San Antonio, is changed as follows: Major S. W. Cook, S.C., school commandant; Capt. J. E. Russell, S.C., commanding 24th Squadron; Capt. W. P. Jernigan, S.C., commanding 25th Squadron; Capt. H. V. S. Burwell, S.C., commanding 49th Squadron; Capt. P. Frissell, S.C., commanding 50th Squadron; Capt. R. S. Scott, S.R.C., commanding 112th Supply Squadron; 1st Lieut. E. W. Hagnell, S.R.C., Engineer officer in charge of shops; 23d, 24th, 49th, 50th, 110th Repair and 112th Supply Squadrons, and such additional officers and organizations as may be assigned to the school by department orders. (Sept. 3, S.D.)

The 113th Aero Squadron, S.C., Kelly Field, Texas, to Harrisburg, Pa., duty at Signal Corps General Supply Depot. (Sept. 10, S.D.)

The 48th, 51st, 52d, 53d, 54th, 55th, 56th and 57th Aero Squadrons, S.C., Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas, will proceed to Aviation Camp, Mineola, L.I. (Sept. 13, S.D.)

CAVALRY.

Officers, now at Fort Bliss, to Fort Yellowstone, Wyo., for duty with the 1st Squadron, 7th Cav., at that place: 1st Lieut. D. S. Wood, 7th Cav.; 2d Lieut. J. G. Boykin, R. O. Wright and J. D. D. Marcellus, Cav. R.C. (Sept. 22, War D.)

7TH CAVALRY.

The leave granted 1st Lieut. D. O. Miller, 7th Cav., is extended two months. (Sept. 8, S.D.)

8TH CAVALRY.

Par. 14, S.O. 216, Sept. 17, 1917, War D., relating to Capt. W. F. H. Godson, 8th Cav., is revoked. (Sept. 22, War D.)

14TH CAVALRY.

First Sergt. J. Gallagher, Troop I, 14th Cav., is placed upon retired list at Fort McIntosh, Texas, and will repair to his home. (Sept. 24, War D.)

16TH CAVALRY.

First Lieut. L. B. Meacham, 16th Cav., to Camp Sevier, S.C., duty as aid to Brig. Gen. W. S. Scott, N.A. (Sept. 22, War D.)

21ST CAVALRY.

So much of Par. 16, S.O. 207, Sept. 6, 1917, War D., as relates to Capt. H. A. Flint, 21st Cav., is revoked. (Sept. 24, War D.)

25TH CAVALRY.

Capt. H. Kobbe, 25th Cav., upon completion of course of instruction at School of Fire, Fort Sill, Okla., to join. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Capt. C. M. Haverkamp, 25th Cav., to Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., as aid on the staff of Major Gen. C. G. Treat, Nat. Army. (Sept. 24, War D.)

CAVALRY, UNASSIGNED.

Capt. R. S. B. Hartz, Cav., is assigned to 20th Cavalry and will join. (Sept. 25, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

12TH FIELD ARTILLERY.

Second Lieut. R. B. Hood, 12th Field Art., will join regiment at Fort Myer, Va. (Sept. 22, War D.)

13TH FIELD ARTILLERY.

Capt. P. Deshon, 13th Field Art., from treatment at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, to Fort McDowell, Cal., for such duty as he is able to perform. (Sept. 24, War D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. E. M. WEAVER, C.C.A.

Capt. F. Babcock, C.A.C., to Fort Monroe, Va., training camp as instructor. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Mess Sergt. F. G. Ledou, C.A.C., 4th Co., Fort McKinley, Me., is placed upon the retired list at that post and will repair to his home. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Band Leader G. E. Stevenson, 10th band, C.A.C., is placed

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upon retired list at Fort Warren, Mass., and will repair to his home. (Sept. 24, War D.)

INFANTRY.

19TH INFANTRY.

The following officers, now at Fort Sam Houston, having been assigned and attached to organizations of 19th Infantry, will proceed to Fort Sill for duty with their respective organizations: To Company E: Capt. W. A. Reed, 19th Inf.; 2d Lieut. G. V. Pope, C. D. Collins, S. St. P. Meek and S. A. McHie, Inf., O.R.C. To Company H: Second Lieut. W. B. Cook, 19th Inf.; A. Erlenborn and E. C. Mills, Inf., O.R.C. (Sept. 10, S.D.)

32D INFANTRY.

The organizations of the 32d Infantry now on duty at Pearl Harbor, Fort Armstrong, Salt Lake Crater and Kahuku, Oahu, H.T., will be relieved by the 25th Infantry on Sept. 15, 1917, as indicated below, and will return to their proper stations: Two companies 25th Infantry to Pearl Harbor; two companies 25th Infantry to Fort Armstrong; one-half company 25th Infantry to Salt Lake Crater; one-half company 25th Infantry to Kahuku. (Sept. 11, H.D.)

45TH INFANTRY.

The 2d Battalion, 45th U.S. Inf., is relieved from Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., to Fort Sheridan, Ill., for station. (Sept. 12, C.D.)

53D INFANTRY.

First Lieut. H. S. Youngs from assignment to 53d Inf. and is attached to 16th Inf. (Sept. 24, War D.)

INFANTRY, UNASSIGNED.

Col. Leon S. Roudiez, Inf., from further duty in S.E.D. and assigned to 47th Inf. and will join. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Capt. W. S. Sinclair, Inf., to Fort Worth, Texas, for duty. (Sept. 5, S.D.)

Tem. 2d Lieut. C. S. Benche, Inf., unassigned, is assigned to 22d Inf. (Sept. 24, War D.)

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

First Lieut. M. C. Gustin, P.S., retired, to Wichita, Kas., for recruiting duty, relieving Major E. A. Birmeyer, Cav., who is assigned to 11th Cav. and will join at Fort Oglethorpe. (Sept. 21, War D.)

RETIRED OFFICERS.

Major G. W. Martin, retired, is detailed as professor at the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark. (Sept. 22, War D.)

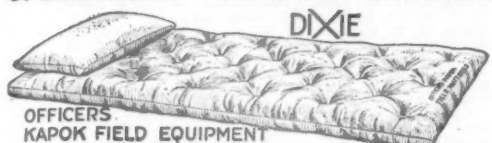
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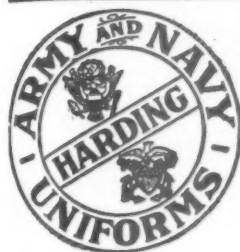
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Capt. J. C. Minus, retired, will report to commanding gen-
eral, S.D., for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)
Capt. W. B. Elliott, retired, to Letterman General Hospital,
Presidio of San Francisco, for treatment. (Sept. 15, West-
ern D.)

Major R. E. Steedman, retired, is detailed as professor at
Williams College, Williamstown, Mass. (Sept. 24, War D.)
Par. 91, S.O. 208, Sept. 7, 1917, War D., relating to Capt.
Guy E. Carleton, retired, is revoked. (Sept. 24, War D.)

TRANSFERS.

The transfer of the following officers is announced: First
Lieut. C. S. Lawrence from Infantry to Cavalry arm, with
rank from June 14, 1917; he is assigned to 11th Infantry.
First Lieut. W. E. Kepner from Cavalry to Infantry arm, with
rank from June 14, 1917; he is assigned to 4th Infantry.
First Lieutenants Lawrence and Kepner will join the orga-
nizations to which they are assigned. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The following transfers are ordered: First Lieut. D. W.
Farron from Infantry arm to Cavalry arm, Sept. 18, 1917, with
rank from June 16, 1917, and 1st Lieut. G. D. Coleman from
Cavalry arm to Infantry arm, Sept. 18, 1917, with rank from
June 16, 1917. Lieutenant Farron is assigned to 25th Cavalry
and Lieutenant Coleman to 24th Infantry. Each officer
will join regiment.

ASSIGNMENTS TO REGIMENTS.

Following are relieved from further duty on recruiting ser-
vice and are assigned to training battalion, 16th Infantry,
N.Y., and will join: Capt. R. D. Carter, 28th Inf., and W. F.
Harrell, 1st, D.O.L. (Sept. 24, War D.)
The appointment of T. C. Garner, of Texas, as a provisional
second lieutenant of Infantry, with rank from Sept. 24, 1917,
is announced. He is assigned to 63d Infantry, Fort Leaven-
worth. (Sept. 24, War D.)

PROMOTIONS.

So much of Par. 135, S.O. 198, War D., Aug. 25, 1917, as
announces the promotion of J. W. Bulger from second lieuten-
ant, Infantry, to first lieutenant and assigning him to 24th
Infantry is amended so as to assign him to 47th Infantry.
(Sept. 24, War D.)

NATIONAL GUARD.

Col. C. B. Blethem, C.A.C., Washington N.G., will report to
C.O., North Pacific Coast Artillery District, for temporary
duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

The following officers of state Q.M.C. in Federal service and
on duty as constructing and camp Q.M. within the Southern
Department will report to the division commanders indicated
for duty on divisional staff as A.Q.M.: Capt. B. C. Moore to
31st Division; Major M. Hansen and Capt. O. H. Tower to
32d Division; Major A. D. Falconer to 34th Division; Major
J. C. Springstead and Capt. J. E. Thompson to 35th Division;
Major G. R. Logan to 36th Division; Capt. R. G. Vaughn to
36th Division; Major M. L. Stern to 40th Division. (Sept.
7, S.D.)

Second Lieuts. J. Rack and R. E. Earnest, Q.M.C., N.G., to
26th Division for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)
Chaplain F. C. Thomson, recently appointed, with rank from
Aug. 5, 1917, to 1st Field Artillery, N.G. (Cal.), and will
join. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. F. B. Tidwell, Field Art. N.G. (Ga.), is at-
tached to Av. Sec., S.C., and to Fort Sill for duty. (Sept. 22,
War D.)

First Lieut. W. E. McIlvaine, M.C., N.G. (N.J.), to 29th
Division for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. C. F. Linn, Med. Dept., Pennsylvania N.G., will
proceed to Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., and report in person

to commanding general, 28th Division, for assignment to duty.
(Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. H. J. Hartley, 3d Inf., N.G. (N.Y.), to Wash-
ington and report to C. of O. for duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

The President hereby drafts into the military service of the
United States, on the dates set, the following members of the
National Guard: Lieut. Col. W. H. Steers, New York M.C.,
Sept. 12, 1917; he will report to 38d Division, Camp Logan,
Houston, Texas, for duty as director of ambulance companies,
38d Division. First Lieut. W. N. Pierce, Maine Dental Corps,
Sept. 12, 1917; he will report to 26th Division for duty.
Major B. A. French, Wyo. Q.M.C., Sept. 10, 1917; he will
report to 41st Division for duty. First Lieut. F. E. Snook,
Idaho Dental Corps, Sept. 13, 1917; he will report to 41st
Division for duty with 2d Idaho Infantry. Major H. A.
Newell, North Carolina M.C., Sept. 13, 1917; he will report in
person to 30th Division, Camp Sevier, Greenville, S.C., for
duty. Major C. A. Stevens, Mass. A.G.D., Sept. 14, 1917; he
will report to 26th Division for duty. First Lieut. B. N.
Harris, Ark. Dental Corps, Sept. 13, 1917; he will report to
39th Division, Camp Beauregard, La., for duty. Major J.
Thompson, La. A.G.D., Sept. 12, 1917; he will report to 39th
Division, Camp Beauregard, La., for duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)
Major W. H. Blanchard, M.C., N.G., to Westfield, Mass.,
104th Inf., for duty. (Sept. 29, 26th Div.)
Major J. S. Hart, M.C., N.G., to duty with Depot Brigade,
Westfield, Mass. (Sept. 29, 26th Div.)

TRANSFERS, NATIONAL GUARD.

Officers are transferred from their present organizations to
the organizations indicated for duty: Lieut. Col. E. R. Gray
from 104th Inf. to 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.; Major A. Beckman
from 104th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.; Major H. B. Camp-
bell from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.; Major T. K. F.
Stillwell from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.; Capt. D. I.
Gould from 103d Inf. to 1st New Hamp. Inf., N.G.; Capt. W.
H. Murray from 103d Inf. to 1st New Hamp. Inf., N.G.; Capt.
W. C. Ellis from 1st New Hamp. Inf., N.G., to 103d Inf.; Capt.
S. H. Edes from 1st New Hamp. Inf., N.G., to 103d Inf.;
Capt. J. L. Loomis from 104th Inf. to 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.;
Capt. H. H. Anderson from 104th Inf. to 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.;
Capt. H. N. Kelley from 104th Inf. to 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.;
Capt. J. D. Hardy from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.;
Capt. J. H. McDade from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.;
Capt. C. E. Staten from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf.;
1st Lieut. J. C. Leggat from 6th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th
Inf.; 1st Lieut. J. Hannigan from 8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to
104th Inf. (Sept. 13, 26th Div.)

Officers are transferred from their present organizations to
the organizations indicated for duty: From the 104th Infan-
try—Capt. F. H. Luke to 8th Mass. Inf.; Capt. A. F. Clogher to
8th Mass. Inf. To the 104th Infantry—Capt. John E. Parker
from 8th Mass. Inf.; Capt. T. A. Ireland from 6th Mass. Inf.
(Sept. 24, 26th Div.)

Officers transferred from their present organizations to the
organizations indicated for duty: Capt. F. J. Connelly, 6th
Mass. N.G., to 103d Inf.; Chaplain (Capt.) J. E. Cochrane,
103d Inf., to 1st Vt. Inf., N.G.; Chaplain (1st Lieut.) D. L.
Moody, 1st Vt. Inf., N.G., to 103d Inf.; 1st Lieut. F. H.
Rogers, 6th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 101st Ammunition Train; 1st
Lieut. C. R. Bailey, 103d Inf., to 1st New Hamp. Inf., N.G.;
2d Lieut. J. J. Donovan, 101st Supply Train, to 8th Mass.
Inf., N.G.; 2d Lieut. W. J. Henderson, 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.,
to 101st Supply Train. (Sept. 29, 26th Inf.)

The following are transferred from present organizations to
organizations indicated for duty: First Lieut. M. F. Master,
104th Inf., to 8th Mass. Inf., N.G.; 1st Lieut. W. W. Austen,
8th Mass. Inf., N.G., to 104th Inf. (Sept. 25, 26th Div.)
First Lieut. W. T. Gilbert, 101st Ammunition Train, 26th
Division, Westfield, Mass., is transferred to C.A.C., Maine
N.G., and to duty at Fort Williams, Me. (Sept. 20, N.E.D.)
First Lieut. C. J. Cannon, 101st Inf., N.G., is transferred to
51st Depot Brigade (5th Regt., Mass. Inf., N.G.) and to
Fort Andrews, Mass., for treatment. (Sept. 29, 26th Div.)

NATIONAL ARMY.

QUARTERMASTERS.

Second Lieutenants of Q.M.C., N.A., to duty as follows:
J. B. McLaughlin, Jr., to Camp Upton, Yaphank, N.Y.; W. T.
Kilborn, Jr., to Ayer, Mass., Camp Devens; H. G. Shockley to
Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., in command of Motor
Truck Co. No. 51. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieutenants, Q.M.C., N.A., to Washington for duty with
the mechanical shop unit: C. W. Boccock, Jr., J. A. Hiller, R.
W. Knoefel and A. Krueger. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Second Lieut. L. O. Miller, Q.M.C., N.A., to Philadelphia
for duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Second Lieut. D. D. Hoag, Q.M.C., N.A., from present duties
to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty in command of Motor
Truck Co. No. 1. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Second Lieut. F. H. Donovan, Q.M.C., N.A., to duty at
Washington. (Sept. 24, War D.)

SANITARY CORPS.

Officers of San. Corps, N.A., to duty as follows: Capt. L. C.
Doyle to Washington; 1st Lieut. R. R. Long to Washington
for instructions; 1st Lieut. J. Huff to Camp Beauregard, La.;
1st Lieut. F. W. Lennox to Washington; 1st Lieut. E. McN.
McKee to Washington; 1st Lieut. L. C. Whitton, Jr., to Wash-
ington, Army Medical School. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. P. Popenoe, San. Corps, N.A., will report in
person at earliest practicable date to Surgeon General of Army
for instructions. (Sept. 24, War D.)

First Lieut. H. Bahnsen, San. Corps, N.A., to New York,
N.Y., medical supply depot, Pier 45, North River, for duty.
(Sept. 24, War D.)

First Lieut. J. E. Barney, San. Corps, N.A., to New York,
N.Y., medical supply depot, Pier 45, North River, for duty.
(Sept. 24, War D.)

ORDNANCE.

Officers, O.D., N.A., from present duties to duty at Wash-
ington: First Lieuts. G. H. Simon, H. A. Martin, N. S. Booth,
J. H. Swan, E. E. Ransom, R. C. Barton and L. B. Iglamer.
(Sept. 21, War D.)

Officers, O.D., N.A., to Washington for duty: Capt. P. M.
Giesy, C. B. Shreve, F. B. Fleming and E. J. Early; 1st
Lieuts. W. W. Picklesley, R. W. Thomas, G. L. Tower, H. S.
Eroe, H. K. Cummings, A. W. Quinn and E. Bordinot. (Sept.
22, War D.)

CAVALRY.

The acceptance by Capt. O. C. Whitaker, Cav., N.A., of his
commission as captain in Cavalry, N.A., operates automatically
to vacate his commission as major in C.O.R.C. from Aug. 15,
1917. (Sept. 22, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

So much of Par. 56, S.O. 203, Aug. 31, 1917, War D., as
assigns Lieut. Col. H. H. Sheen, Field Art. N.A., to 8th
Division, is amended so as to assign Lieutenant Colonel Sheen
to 39th Division as Q.M. (Sept. 21, War D.)

Second Lieut. J. C. Snyder, Field Art., N.A., to Fort Riley,
Kas., for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The acceptance by 2d Lieut. R. C. Drum-Hunt, Field Art.,
N.A., of his commission as second lieutenant of Field Art.,
N.A., operates automatically to vacate his commission as first
lieutenant in Field Art. O.R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept.
22, War D.)

Col. R. E. Abernethy, Field Art., N.A., to Camp Travis, Fort
Sam Houston, Texas, 90th Division, for duty with a heavy
artillery regiment. (Sept. 24, War D.)

INFANTRY.

Officers of Inf., N.A., to duty as follows: Lieut. Col. J. S.
Young to Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., 84th Division; Major
E. Addie to Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., 38th Division,
as assistant chief of staff; Capt. H. C. Billings to Fort Ogle-
thorpe. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The acceptance by 2d Lieut. W. Krestowack, Inf., N.A., of
his commission as second lieutenant of Inf., N.A., operates
automatically to vacate his commission as captain in I.O.R.C.
from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Major B. Rittenhouse, 340th Inf., N.A., to Walter Reed
General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment. (Sept.
24, War D.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

Following officers of N.A. from Fort Benjamin Harrison,
Ind., to join division of N.A. to which assigned: Lieut. Col.

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A. C. Read and L. R. Gignilliat, Inf.; Majors R. R. Groves,
F. R. Montgomery, H. C. Bays and W. R. Kennedy, Inf.; E.
Rossow, Cav.; R. J. Foster, L. J. Campbell, C. C. Campbell,
L. R. Naftziger, P. Comstock, B. J. Starks and P. F. Stutzman,
Inf.; R. P. Gerlon, Cav.; H. E. McVoy and C. B. Sayre, Field
Art. (Sept. 22, War D.)

RESERVE CORPS ORDERS.

JUDGE ADVOCATES.

Major R. S. Conkling, J.A.R.C., to Washington to J.A.G. for
duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

QUARTERMASTERS.

Captains of Q.M.R.C. to duty as follows: G. B. McGary to
Washington, D.C., with mechanical shop unit; E. F. Greene to
Detroit, Mich., Base Hospital No. 17 (Harper Hospital); H. L.
Bell to Waco, Texas, in charge of auxiliary remount depot at
Camp MacArthur; T. W. Long to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., as
commanding officer, Bakery Co. No. 49, and by wire to C.G.,
Northeastern Dept.; D. K. Mitchell to Washington, D.C.; J.
L. McGree to Fort Sam Houston, Texas; S. Haider to Belle-
ville, Ill. (Sept. 22, War D.)
Capt. N. W. Jernan, Q.M.R.C., to Fort Sam Houston, Texas,
for duty. (Sept. 7, S.D.)

Bakery Co. No. 30, Capt. H. C. Noack, Q.M.R.C., command-
ing, Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to Governors
Island, N.Y., for duty. (Sept. 13, S.D.)
Motor Truck Co. No. 32, Capt. J. N. Douglas, Q.M.R.C., to
Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 90th Div., for duty.
(Sept. 11, S.D.)

Capt. H. L. Jackson, Q.M.R.C., to El Paso, Texas, and Capt.
H. R. Lauder milk, Q.M.R.C., to Jeffersonville, Ind., for duty.
(Sept. 24, War D.)

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Majors of M.R.C. to duty as follows: D. DeV. Roberts to
Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, as chief of the medical
service; A. Pond, now on leave of absence in the Philip-
pine Islands, to C.G., Philippine Dept.; W. T. Davis, now
in the office of the attending surgeon, to act as consultant on
the medical and surgical staffs of the Walter Reed General
Hospital, D.C.; L. V. Briggs, now on duty as contract surgeon
at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., to duty as major, M.R.C., that
place, from Sept. 11, 1917; T. M. Foley to Camp Meade, An-
napolis, Md.; M. G. Seelig to Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas,
in charge of the division of brain surgery, section of surgery
of the head. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Captains of M.R.C. to duty as follows: F. C. Simon to St.
Louis, Mo.; M. J. Stoddard to Springfield Arsenal, Mass.; E.
M. Baehr to Des Moines, Iowa, 88th Div., N.G., Camp Dodge,
for purpose of examining troops; J. D. Hess to Jefferson Bar-
racks, Mo.; J. J. Kyle to Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash.,
as chief of ophthalmic division; P. H. Moore to Camp Dix,
Wrightstown, N.J., as chief of ophthalmic division; E. F.
Krug to Garden City, N.Y., 42d Div., N.G., Camp Mills, in the
ophthalmic division, section of surgery of the head; F. C. Todd
to Des Moines, Iowa, as chief of the ophthalmic division; F.
E. Ashcroft to Boston, Mass., 26th Div., as instructor in gas

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defense: F. J. Peirce from duty at Mineola, N.Y., to Hoboken, N.J. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as indicated: First Lieuts. E. S. Geist to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., and J. P. Lord to Fort Riley, Kas. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major C. D. Napier, Camp Dix, N.J.; Capt. C. W. Hoyt, Camp Sherman, Ohio; Capt. F. B. Van Wart, Camp Mills, N.Y.; 1st Lieut. J. H. Vetter, Camp Sherman, Ala.; 1st Lieut. E. T. Wentworth, Camp Pike, Ark. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First lieutenants of M.R.C. to duty as follows: T. E. McConnell to Charlotte, N.C.; Camp Greene, in connection with the division of oto-laryngology, section of surgery of the head; B. F. Buzby and L. W. Frank to Philadelphia, Pa., Neurological School, University of Pennsylvania, for four weeks' intensive training in brain surgery, and upon the completion of this duty will return to their proper stations; S. V. West to American Lake, Wash., Camp Lewis; E. M. Wells to Rockford, Ill., 86th Div., N.G.; Camp Grant; O. Like to Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill.; V. B. Seidler to New York, N.Y., Army General Hospital No. 1, Gun Hill road and Bainbridge avenue; C. E. G. Shannon to Camp Sevier, S.C.; H. M. Pearce to Chillicothe, Ohio, 83d Div., N.G.; Camp Sherman; T. McS. Barrett to Little Rock, Ark., 87th Div.; E. L. Ward to Camp Cody, Deming, N.M.; F. E. Keene to Washington, D.C.; A. Gibson to Fort Rosecrans, Cal.; O. M. Randall to Detroit, Mich.; W. H. Roberts to Los Angeles, Cal.; I. E. Brenner to Indianapolis, Ind., Indiana Signal Battalion; B. T. Robinson to Hattiesburg, Miss., Camp Shelby; L. T. Hall to Louisville, Ky., 84th Div., Camp Taylor, with Ambulance Co. No. 35; S. S. Burns to physical examining unit, Aviation Section, Signal Officers' Reserve Corps, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Garrenton to Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C.; W. G. Doran to Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.; J. G. Coleman to Newport News, Va., S.C. Av. School; L. D. Prince to Camp Kearny, Cal.; H. W. Davis to Syracuse, N.Y.; A. J. Black to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., 80th Div., with 317th Inf., N.A.; S. Morse to Columbia Barracks, Columbus, Ohio; B. A. Moore to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S.C.; W. M. Bane to Camp Doniphan, Okla., as instructor in gas defense; P. J. Connor to Canal Zone, Panama Canal Dept.; M. Karasak to Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Texas; C. M. Fitzpatrick to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, Central Dept.; W. A. Rush to Fort McPherson, Ga., Southeastern Dept.; H. H. Parsons to Camp Grant, Ill.; J. L. White to Camp Logan, Houston, Texas; J. D. McKinnon to Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky., with Red Cross Ambulance Co. No. 42; R. A. Voisinet to Anniston, Ala., Camp McClellan, for orthopedic service. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First lieutenants of M.R.C. to duty at Little Rock, Ark., with Ambulance Co. No. 44: S. L. Cox and D. C. Munford. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. H. S. Babecek, M.R.C., to Camp Mills, Garden City, Long Island, N.Y., 42d Div., for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First lieutenants of M.R.C. to duty at Mineola, N.Y.: T. E. Blackburn, S. R. Boykin and C. C. Hardison. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty at camps specified as chiefs of medical service: Major J. C. Greenway, Camp Bowie, Texas; Capt. J. N. Hall, Camp Logan, Texas; Capt. R. Weil, Camp Wheeler, Ga. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Following officers of M.R.C. to active duty and will proceed to Camp Upton, Yaphank, Long Island, N.Y., and report in person to commanding general thereof and to commanding officer of base hospital, that place, for duty: Capt. J. A. Barnes, 1st Lieut. W. L. Clark and Capt. O. F. Kinloch. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty at places mentioned: Capt. J. P. Beeson to Fort Sill, Okla.; 1st Lieut. G. D. Marshall to Camp Taylor, Ky.; 1st Lieut. H. P. Mauck to Camp Wadsworth, S.C.; 1st Lieut. R. G. Packard to Camp Custer, Mich.; 1st Lieut. W. H. Robinson to Camp Hancock, Ga. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty at camps of the National Guard mentioned: Major W. F. Verdi, Camp Upton, N.Y.; Capt. H. C. Naffziger, Camp Sevier, S.C.; W. E. Person, Camp Wadsworth, S.C.; J. E. Pirrung, Camp Grant, Ill.; 1st Lieut. F. Hagler, Camp Hancock, Ga.; T. R. Knowles, Camp Logan, Texas; S. B. Landis, Camp Gordon, Ga.; G. C. Pemberthy, Camp Dodge, Iowa; P. Wegforth, Camp Meade, Md. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty in provisional base hospital: Capt. E. W. Ford and J. W. Hargis; 1st Lieuts. J. F. Abel, O. L. Callahan, J. T. Jeter, B. R. LeRoy and J. D. Lyle. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., for duty with the 1st Regiment of Engrs., Pa. N.G.; Capt. E. I. Vaughn and 1st Lieut. J. T. Murphy. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to camps of National Guard mentioned about Oct. 1, 1917, for duty: Major A. Weeks, Camp Lewis,

Wash.; Capt. W. C. Heisey, Camp Beauregard, La.; 1st Lieut. W. R. Johnson, Camp Sheridan, Ala.; Capt. W. E. Leighton, Camp Bowie, Texas. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to duty as follows: Major J. W. Sherwood, San Antonio, Texas, to Av. Sec., S.C., of Army, Washington; Major F. L. Parker to Fort Oglethorpe; Major E. G. Brackett to Atlantic City, N.J., attending a conference on the question of reconstruction of hospitals; Capt. E. D. Fenner to Alexandria, La., 39th Div., N.G., Camp Beauregard; Capt. F. M. Chisolm to Camp Meade, Md., in connection with the division of oto-laryngology, section of surgery of the head; Capt. G. F. Wilson to Portland, Ore.; Capt. C. G. Eicher to Camp Kelly, San Antonio, Texas; Capt. C. Lull, jr., to Atlanta, Ga., 82d Div., Camp Gordon, as tuberculosis specialist. (Sept. 24, War D.)

First lieutenants of M.R.C. to duty as follows: G. W. Gardner to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S.C.; P. Z. Browne to Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C.; S. Sargentich to Washington for temporary duty; W. W. Gill to Richmond, Va.; A. W. Burke to Hattiesburg, Miss., Camp Shelby; E. S. King to Annapolis Junction, Md., 79th Div., N.G., Camp Meade; J. R. Haigler report in person Oct. 15, Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.; L. H. McAllister, M.R.C., from duty at Hoboken, N.J., to Fort Slocum, N.Y., to accompany troops to Southern Dept. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md., 79th Div., for duty with 23d Engineers: Capt. W. T. Browne and T. F. Goulding and 1st Lieut. William B. Aten. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Capt. H. H. Frothingham, M.R.C., to duty at Fort Des Moines, Iowa, as chief of the medical service. (Sept. 25, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. from duty at San Antonio to duty with Av. Sec., S.C., U.S.A., Camp Kelly, Texas: Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.—First Lieuts. H. E. Crow, J. H. Howe, D. Kauffman, C. S. Long, G. S. McClellan and A. B. Martin. Medical officers' training camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—Capt. E. D. Sinks; 1st Lieuts. H. S. Edmunds, E. H. Kelly, G. J. Korbey, E. C. Lyon, F. F. Marshall and W. C. Reid. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. C. N. B. Camac, M.R.C., to Fort McPherson, Ga., for duty as chief of the medical service. (Sept. 25, War D.)

First Lieut. C. L. Cope, D.R.C., to duty at Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. (Sept. 22, War D.)

DENTAL OFFICERS.

Officers of V.R.C. to duty at Kansas City, Mo.: Second Lieuts. S. B. Viers, T. I. Miller, O. C. Alexander and J. Nichols. (Sept. 21, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to duty at camps specified: Thirty-sixth Division, Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Texas—M. L. Claffin, E. P. Erfurth, M. A. Hallett, S. G. Kielmeier, C. M. Laverne, J. D. Lee, M. L. Nelson, J. A. Reenie, A. F. Schreier, L. R. Smith and J. A. Weigen. Forty-first Division, Camp Greene, Charlotte, N.C.—S. C. Aymond, F. F. McNeely, J. I. Handley and J. L. Wright. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of V.R.C. to duty at camps specified: Seventy-sixth Division, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.—Second Lieuts. F. M. Austin, F. DeM. Bertram and I. H. Kaufman. Eighty-first Division, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C.—Second Lieuts. E. S. Garr, H. H. Howe, H. Lebeson, J. J. Shuff, R. R. Springer, H. J. Weaver and G. J. Webb. Eighty-second Division, Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.—Second Lieuts. G. W. Hunter, E. King, P. C. Kueher, H. K. McIntosh, G. B. Maris, W. A. Martin, E. D. Modlin and J. A. Schwartz. Eighty-third Division, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio—Second Lieuts. P. C. Beckner, P. T. Carpenter, G. H. Conn, W. L. Crist, M. P. Fuller, N. C. Elbersen, E. W. Finley, L. M. Friedline and R. J. Hoch. Eighty-fourth Division, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.—Second Lieuts. R. W. Applegate, E. M. Fitzgerald, E. D. Martin, C. S. Williams, G. S. Place and F. E. Worth. Eighty-ninth Division, Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kas.—Second Lieuts. C. W. Likely, G. G. Miller, G. W. Miller, J. G. C. Nash, R. H. Schreengost, G. Shultz and S. B. Watson. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to duty at camps indicated: Twenty-seventh Division, Camp Wadsworth, S.C.—W. E. Spierling, W. F. Dixon, C. A. Forbes, S. P. Kendall, H. L. Kilhoffer and C. Lunneen. Twenty-eighth Division, Camp Hancock, Ga.—J. E. Morris, S. R. Poulter and W. F. Nolechek. Twenty-ninth Division, Camp McClellan, Ala.—D. J. Meador, C. L. Nelson, C. Parrish, M. Hanson, C. G. Crumacker and J. T. Connelly. Thirtieth Division, Camp Sevier, S.C.—J. C. Johnson, O. O. Wallace, O. S. Pruner, L. P. Johnson and R. C. Gilmore. Thirty-first Division, Camp Wheeler, Ga.—D. L. Procter, L. E. Marbury, R. C. Riegel, R. S. Montgomery, H. L.

Measmore, C. H. McFall and N. W. Rabin. Thirty-second Division, Camp MacArthur, Texas—M. L. Cline, O. H. Dixon, jr., E. L. Eggleston and C. A. Hanson. Seventy-eighth Division, Camp Dix, N.J.—G. R. H. Kauffman. Seventy-ninth Division, Camp Meade, Md.—D. J. Holton, C. W. Greenlee, P. J. McCarthy, E. J. Williams, E. D. Schrock and R. H. Schneider. Eighty-fifth Division, Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.—M. Blue, J. H. Harding, F. W. Hanson, C. B. Shore, H. J. Gohde, A. K. Carr and E. O. Ericson. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Second Lieut. L. C. Philpus, V.R.C., to Annapolis Junction, Md., Camp Meade, for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Second lieutenants of V.R.C. to duty at Boston, Mass., 26th Div.: J. L. Sanders, G. C. Kirchner, A. H. Simpson, H. O. Weliepp, H. B. Ballou and W. B. Bateman. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Second Lieut. C. W. Dunn, V.R.C., to Kansas City, Mo., Scarrett Arcade, for duty. (Sept. 24, War D.)

ENGINEER OFFICERS.

Officers of E.O.R.C. to duty, Vancouver Barracks, Wash., to arrive Oct. 1, students: Capt. J. A. Beemer, C. Bresler, J. E. Burkett, J. B. Carlock, E. H. Danenhowe, A. W. Geiger, W. J. Gough, J. McMillan, O. R. Olberg, B. Smith, S. Samanski, W. B. Tucker, G. W. Tuttle, E. Valjean, N. Warr, W. H. Wheeler, L. W. Wickes; 1st Lieuts. C. E. Black, N. J. Bowen, W. H. Callinan, E. G. Davis, J. C. Feely, jr., L. Gluck, W. G. Hammond, W. L. Hoffeditz, C. F. Johnson, J. H. Montigel, D. W. Page, C. H. Palmer, jr., J. T. Ramsdall, jr., W. E. Schorr, D. D. Smith, E. W. Smith, F. W. Smith, W. H. Spear, K. Q. Volk, C. A. Wagner; 2d Lieuts. E. Bandini, C. Creighton, W. D. Ellis, S. A. Evans, E. F. Frost, W. B. Gracie, T. Breslin, J. R. Hayes, J. B. Hodges, C. H. Kallander, P. L. Menou, A. S. Monroe, G. W. Null, E. J. Riordan, R. M. Steed, A. J. Stern, H. C. Wallace, E. G. Waters, H. S. Watson. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of E.R.C. to the places specified below for duty: Capt. C. A. Heine to Camp Logan, Texas; Capt. A. L. Enger to Camp Cody, N.M.; 1st Lieut. W. Willis to Camp MacArthur, Texas; 2d Lieut. R. F. Dean to Camp Doniphan, Okla.; 2d Lieut. C. F. Toklas to Camp Bowie, Texas. (Sept. 13, S.D.)

First Lieut. M. M. Warren, E.R.C., assigned to 101st Engineers, Boston, for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of E.R.C. assigned to 35th Engineers, Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., for duty: Capt. W. R. Pearson, H. P. Wilson, 1st Lieuts. P. E. Carter, A. F. Ainlie, K. J. Zinck, M. V. Holmes, W. S. Mussenden, R. E. Trippie, E. H. Meyer; 2d Lieuts. R. G. Stafford, W. Ford, jr. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Officers of E.R.O. to duty as follows: Major J. H. Jennings to Charleston, S.C.; Capt. C. Lowenheimer to Army Service Schools; E. B. Butchers to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieuts. C. T. Hyass assigned to 28d Engineers, Camp Meade, Md.; W. W. Cordingley and 2d Lieut. W. F. Flynn to general engineer depot, Washington; 1st Lieut. C. H. Sutherland assigned to 8th Engineer Train; 2d Lieut. G. H. Stem attached to 312th Engineers, Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark. (Sept. 24, War D.)

ORDNANCE OFFICERS.

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Major G. Cadwalader to Watertown Arsenal, Mass.; Capt. G. Nichols, jr., to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieuts. P. S. Charles and W. L. Snyder to C. of O.; W. H. Taft, 2d, to Watervliet Arsenal, N.Y.; J. Rick, jr., to C. of O.; C. H. M. Roberts to Springfield Armory, Mass. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of O.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. H. C. Martin to Battle Creek, Mich., Camp Custer, as camp ordnance officer; L. H. Hodges to Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; E. J. Sullivan to Washington, D.C.; E. F. Long will report in person to C. of O.; E. T. Foley to Watertown Arsenal, Mass.; 1st Lieuts. W. L. Libby to Washington, D.C.; C. of O.; B. S. Lawyer to Fort Hancock, N.J.; B. D. Thomas to Alhambra Building, N.Y.; A. P. Paine and C. H. Dickson, jr., to Fort Hancock, N.J.; R. S. Bowen and J. O. Schwarz to Watervliet Arsenal, N.Y. (Sept. 24, War D.)

SIGNAL OFFICERS.

Officers of S.R.C. assigned to duty as indicated: Major E. E. Kelly and Lieuts. S. H. Miller, S. H. Brown and C. E. Cronkite to Presidio of Monterey, Cal.; 1st Lieuts. M. Coyle and Van E. Roddey to Panama Canal Department; 1st Lieut. B. Smith to Leon Springs, Texas, Camp Samuel F. B. Morse; 1st Lieuts. P. S. Miller, W. R. Lanford, F. Shaw, F. B. Saunders and J. H. Edwards to Little Silver, N.J.; 1st Lieut. Alfred Vail; 1st Lieuts. R. H. Ojers, D. M. Sparks, R. O'Neill and L. E. O. Hoss to Fort Leavenworth, Signal Corps training camp. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First Lieut. M. F. Jones, S.R.C., is assigned to active duty and will report in person to commanding, Army Service School, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., for assignment to duty with 8th Field Battalion, Signal Corps. (Sept. 22, War D.)

AVIATION OFFICERS.

Officers of Av. Sec., S.C., to duty as follows: Major E. V. Summer, jr., to Richmond, Va.; Majors F. J. Ostermann, H. M. Hickam and F. K. Ross to Mineola, N.Y.; Capt. H. R. Eyerich to Signal Corps av. construction camp, Morrison, Va.; M. H. Grant to C.G.O., Eastern Dept., Governors Island, N.Y. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec. to duty Mineola, N.Y.: 1st Lieuts. R. M. Chambers, H. G. Armstrong, C. N. Deatherage, jr., G. F. Fisher. (Sept. 22, War D.)

First lieutenants of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: R. B. McPherson to Berkeley, Cal., School of Military Aeronautics, University of California; F. O'D. Hunter and P. N. Hollowell to Foreign Detachment No. 3, Mineola, N.Y.; C. G. Spencer to Av. Sec., Ballou School, Fort Omaha, N.Y.; H. H. P. Jacob to Toronto, Canada, Detachment Av. Sec., S.G.; W. J. Jacob will report to C.S.O. of Army; J. P. Hermes to Champaign, Ill.; L. Goulay to Signal Corps general supply depot, Mineola, L.I., N.Y.; H. A. Grant to Camp Kelly, South San Antonio, and to Dallas, Texas, not later than Nov. 1. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers, Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty, Mineola, N.Y.: 1st Lieuts. J. C. Cone, P. N. Montague, J. Wentworth, W. H. Stovall. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Capt. T. S. Baldwin to Akron, Ohio; H. S. Bacon to Washington, D.C.; 1st Lieuts. P. A. Beaton to Fort Omaha, Nebr., Ballou School; W. F. Kaynor to Columbus, Ohio, School of Military Aeronautics, Ohio State University; W. H. Warren to Washington, D.C.; T. F. Ward to Signal Corps Av. School, San Diego, Cal.; F. Bahel to Middletown, Pa., 113th Aero Squadron. (Sept. 24, War D.)

First Lieut. I. B. Brady, Capt. W. Stokes, 1st Lieuts. R. W. Smith and C. C. Younggreen. (Sept. 24, War D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY OFFICERS.

Capt. E. M. Cox, F.A.R.C., to Camp Lewis, American Lake, Wash., for duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

Officers of Av. Sec., S.R.C., to duty as follows: Capt. X. Johnson, F.A.R.C., of his commission as second lieutenant in F.A.R.C. operates automatically to vacate his commission as first lieutenant, F.A.R.C., from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 24, War D.)

COAST ARTILLERY OFFICERS.

The leave granted 1st Lieut. H. P. Richmond, C.A.R.C., is extended one month. (Sept. 22, War D.)

INFANTRY OFFICERS.

Col. C. U. Gantenhein, Inf. R.C., from duty to home, and from further active duty. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The acceptance by 2d Lieut. John H. Ruman, Inf. R.C., of his commission as second lieutenant in the Infantry R.C. operates automatically to vacate his commission as first lieutenant in Inf. R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The acceptance by the following officers of the O.R.C. of commissions as second lieutenants of Infantry, N.A., operates automatically to vacate their commissions in the O.R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917: Capt. Joseph P. Gregory and 1st Lieut. H. L. Demarest, Inf. (Sept. 22, War D.)

The acceptance by the officers, the following transfers are ordered: Capt. Albert Birmele, Inf. R.C., from 1st Infantry to the 32d Infantry, Schofield Bks., H.T.; Capt. Bishop K. Shackelford, Inf. R.C., from 32d Infantry to 1st Infantry, Schofield Bks., H.T. (Sept. 7, H.D.)

The acceptance by 2d Lieut. B. D. Holt, Inf. R.C., of his commission as second lieutenant in Inf. R.C. operates automatically to vacate his commission as captain in Inf. R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917. (Sept. 24, War D.)

Second Lieut. T. A. Fedley, jr., Inf. R.C., to Fort Davis, Alaska, for duty, relieving Capt. H. P. Perrine, jr., Inf., as A.Q.M. (Sept. 24, War D.)

The acceptance by the following officers of the O.R.C. of commissions as second lieutenants, Q.M.C., N.A., operates automatically to vacate their commissions in O.R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917: Capt. J. H. Hopkins, Inf.; 1st Lieuts. F. L. Good-

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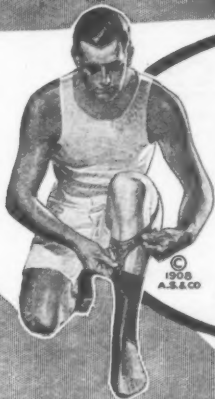
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win, Inf.; R. O. Fowler, Inf.; J. D. Lourim, Cav. (Sept. 22, War D.)
The acceptance of the following officers of O.R.C. of commissions as second lieutenants in I.R.C. operates automatically to vacate their other commissions in O.R.C. from Aug. 15, 1917: Capt. R. W. Miggins, H. L. Leupp, G. F. H. Delamer, A. Meyer and J. G. Kreutz; 1st Lieut. W. B. Hilton, O. C. Brown, J. Cudahy, E. A. Carter, E. E. Morgan, A. Moses, H. W. Childs, F. M. Phelps, R. B. Harris, R. E. Clausen, G. A. Myers, C. H. Andrus, A. R. Wheeler, J. A. Quinby, G. V. W. Wood, M. F. Brockway, R. M. Alton, G. N. Browning, W. LeB. Jenney, A. D. McCleverty, R. H. Chamberlain, Jr., E. P. Marsh, F. E. Granger, M. V. Spicer, M. C. Bruce, R. G. Wagenet, C. J. Bonner, J. West, L. M. Crawford, F. B. DeLano, A. E. Hamilton, B. Herriek and R. B. Tripp, all Infantry. (Sept. 22, War D.)

ARMY AND NAVY UNION.

At the eighteenth national encampment of the Army and Navy Union and their Ladies' Auxiliary held last week at Baltimore, Md., the national officers elected were as follows:

National Advisory Board—Past National Commander George Russell Downs, chairman, Erie, Pa.; J. Edwin Browne, Brooklyn, N.Y.; H. Oden Lake, Washington, D.C.; Enos F. Hann, Atlantic City, N.J.

National Corps Officers—National commander, Robert Dudley Carter, chief of police, Baltimore, Md.; senior vice national commander, Frederick E. Haskins, Brooklyn, N.Y.; junior vice national commander, Elsworth Jeffrey, Cleveland, Ohio; adjutant general, Wilbur S. Langdale, Washington, D.C.; quartermaster general, Alonzo S. Van Pelt, Rahway, N.J.; paymaster general, Richard C. Shepherd, New York, N.Y.; judge advocate general, Andrew Olsson, Brooklyn, N.Y.; inspector general, Henry W. Lee, Germantown, Pa.; surgeon general, Dr. Joseph E. Hendrickson; Phoebe, Va.; national historian, Frank C. Longstreet, Washington, D.C.; national patriotic instructor, Edward V.

Murtaugh, Brooklyn, N.Y.; national council of administration, William T. Conray, Washington, D.C.; John J. Cosgrove, Boston, Mass.; Enos F. Hann, Atlantic City, N.J.; William A. Mohr, Pittsburgh, Pa.

National Corps Officers Ladies' Auxiliary—Lady national commander, Mrs. Mary E. Demarzo, Washington, D.C.; lady vice national commander, Mrs. Eva Lawler, Philadelphia, Pa.; lady deputy national commander, Mrs. Elizabeth Towne, New York city; lady adjutant general, Mrs. Estelle B. Jordan, Washington, D.C.; lady quartermaster general, Mrs. Mamie Banks, Washington, D.C.; lady paymaster general, Mrs. Effie Hilbert, Trenton, N.J.; senior lady national inspector, Mrs. Cora G. Downs, Erie, Pa.; junior lady national inspector, Mrs. Mary Valentine, Washington, D.C.

Future national encampments of the Army and Navy Union will be held annually in September instead of bi-annually. Erie, Cleveland or Cincinnati are being favorably considered, the place to be decided on six months in advance of the encampment by the national council of administration. All drafted men in the National Army and volunteers in the state National Guard are now eligible to join the Army and Navy Union, and Past National Commander George R. Downs, Erie, Pa., and Past Adjutant General Edward P. Dunlap, Philadelphia, Pa., were elected chairman and secretary, respectively, of a national booster club of the Army and Navy Union, at a banquet given the new national officers at the Hotel Lexington by National Commander Robert D. Carter, to start organizing this new class of soldiers and sailors into the Army and Navy Union, which is the only patriotic semi-military veteran organization they are eligible to join now in existence.

SPUN YARN.

It was at one of the new National Army cantonments. A new recruit passed a second lieutenant, but failed to salute. The second lieutenant wheeled and said:

"You, there, halt! Don't you know enough to salute an officer?"

The rookie gazed at him dumbly at a loss for a satisfactory explanation.

"Now, you stand there and salute me fifty times," ordered the lieutenant.

The rookie obeyed. A major, coming up, stopped to watch the performance to its completion. At its end, he said:

"What's this?"

The lieutenant explained.

"Don't you know that an officer must return the salute of a private?" inquired the major. "Return the fifty."

The second lieutenant did.—*Journal American Medical Association.*

It was necessary for one man to stand up and draw the enemy's fire. A soldier volunteered and fortunately not one of the bullets struck him. When the charge was over, the captain said to the brave fellow, "Where did you get the wonderful nerve to stand out there and make yourself a target for the bullets of the enemy?"

The other smiled.

"For five years," he answered, "I was a guide in the Maine woods."—*Boston Transcript.*

The Disappointed One—The officer comes up an' says, "Which one of you boys would like to have a night out of the trenches?" I steps forward; an' 'e says; smilin', "Well done, my boy, you will complete the wiring-party to-night."—*Sketch.*

Suggestion to Medical Reserve Officers: "Make it an invariable rule to call promptly upon new arrivals in the post, and also return promptly all calls made upon you."—*Bulletin V.—Army Service Schools.*

OFFICIAL TEXT BOOKS FOR MILITARY INSTRUCTION

No one can serve as military officer of the United States unless he has a thorough knowledge of the text books named below, study of which is prescribed by the General Orders of the War Department. The editions published by the Army and Navy Journal can be depended upon as accurately following the official text. Changes are constant and these we are enabled to keep track of through our relations to the War Department.

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